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# Life Cycle Analysis of a Residential Home in Michigan

**University of Michigan** 

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# LIFE CYCLE ANALYSIS OF A RESIDENTIAL HOME IN MICHIGAN

By:

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A project submitted in partial fulfillment of requirements for the degree of Master of Science of Natural Resources

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#### Abstract

A 2,450 ft<sup>2</sup> residential home (referred to as SH or Standard Home) built in Ann Arbor, Michigan was analyzed to determine total life cycle energy consumption of materials fabrication, construction, use and demolition over a 50 year period. Life cycle global warming potential (GWP) and life cycle cost were also determined. The home was then modeled to reduce life cycle energy consumption by employing various energy efficiency strategies and substitution of selected materials having lower embodied energy (referred to as EEH or Energy Efficient Home). The total life cycle energy was found to be 15,455 GJ for SH (equivalent to 2,525 barrels of crude oil<sup>1</sup>) of which 14,482 GJ (93.7%) occurred during the use phase (space and water heating, lighting, plug loads and embodied energy of maintenance and improvement materials). The life cycle energy of EEH was reduced to only 5,653 GJ (equivalent to 927 barrels of crude oil) of which 4,714 GJ (83.4%) occurred during the use phase. The purchase price of SH was \$US 240,000 (actual market value) and determined to be \$22,801 more for EEH. Four energy price escalation scenarios were run to determine un-discounted life cycle cost using falling, constant, and rising future energy costs. Accordingly, the undiscounted life cycle cost of SH varied between \$791,500 and \$875,900 and between \$796,300 and \$824,100 for EEH. Using a 4% discount rate, the present value cost varied between \$423,500 and \$454,300 for SH and \$433,100 and \$443,200 for EEH. Life cycle GWP for SH was determined to be 1,013 metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent (91.9% during the use phase) and 374 metric tons for EEH (78.6% during the use phase). EEH use of energy efficiency strategies and materials with lower embodied energy reduced preuse phase energy by 37 GJ (3.9%) while use-phase energy was reduced by 9,768 GJ (67.4%). Total life cycle energy was reduced by a factor of 2.73, and life cycle GWP decreased by a factor of 2.71.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

As concern over the environmental impacts of residential house construction grows, many researchers are beginning to use life cycle assessment as a means to quantify natural resources consumption, and emissions of global greenhouse gases. Historically, focus has been on understanding energy use during the operational period of the home (use phase). With this approach, an important factor has been neglected; the embodied energy of construction materials. To understand overall environmental impacts of the building, all life cycle stages should be inventoried (material production, manufacturing, use, retirement). Assessing the environmental impact of a complex system, such as a house, requires an understanding of the environmental impacts of all of its parts. As the production sequence is followed upstream, the tributaries of material and energy input require exponential effort to quantify. The procedures used in this study are standard life cycle assessment methods<sup>2</sup>.

The object of study was a 2,450 ft<sup>2</sup> home (referred to throughout this report as the Standard Home, SH) built in Ann Arbor, Michigan. A two car garage and a full unfinished basement are included in the study and add an additional 2,100 ft<sup>2</sup> of space to the above number. The home was selected because it is close to the average size of new homes built in the US<sup>3</sup> and uses standard construction materials and techniques. Using developer-supplied blue prints, the mass of all building materials was determined. Local and regional suppliers contributed substantially to this effort. Many home components and construction materials (e.g., carpet, fuse-boxes, refrigerators, paint) consist of multiple materials. The percentage of different materials in each multi-material product was established. This inventory was then divided into eight home systems: walls, roof/ceilings, floors, doors/windows, foundation, appliances/electrical, sanitary/HVAC, and cabinets.

The study was focused only on life cycle primary energy and global warming potential. Other environmental burdens (e.g., resource consumption, air/water pollution, solid waste), and health related issues (e.g., off-gassing materials, use of carcinogenic substances) were not inventoried. Published data from several research groups<sup>4,5,6,7</sup> that have determined the environmental burdens for the production of selected materials were used. Combining this information with the mass of the various materials, the primary energy and global warming potential of SH was determined.

The life cycle of SH consist of three distinct phases; pre-use, use and end-of-life. The pre-use phase consists of the manufacturing and transportation of all building materials used, and the construction of the house. The use phase encompasses all activities related to the use of the home over an assumed life of 50 years. These activities include all energy consumed within the home, including heating, cooling, lighting and use of appliances. The use phase also consists of the energy to manufacture all materials required to maintain the physical building and for home improvement projects. The end-of-life phase inventories the eventual demolishing of the home, and includes the actual dismantling of it, and transportation of waste to recycling operations or landfills. The recycling, incineration, or other end-of-life management processes have not been included in this study.

To determine use-phase energy and global warming potential, annual energy consumption was determined. Energy- $10^8$ , an energy-use modeling software package for small buildings

and residential homes was used to determine SH energy consumption, using energy related parameters (e.g., building envelope heat conductivity, electricity consumption of appliances, ventilation requirements), as well as average temperature, wind speed and humidity data for Detroit, MI. The annual home energy consumption, based on these calculations, was multiplied by 50 (years) to provide one part of the life cycle use-phase energy. To determine the home maintenance and improvement component in terms of use-phase energy, a schedule of activities was generated, listing which activities will take place, at what future time, and the mass of all materials required. This information was converted into primary energy and global warming potential in the same fashion as original construction materials.

The primary life cycle energy consumption for SH was 15,455 GJ. This is the energy equivalent of burning 2,525 barrels of crude oil9. Of this, 6.1% (942 GJ) was consumed in the pre-use phase, 93.7% (14,482 GJ) in the use phase, and 0.2% (31 GJ) in the end-of-life phase. With respect to the 14,482 GJ consumed during the use phase, 96% (13,877 GJ) was heating and electrical energy consumption and 4% (604 GJ) was the embodied energy of maintenance and improvement materials. The total life cycle amount of global warming gases, after conversion into an equivalent amount of  $CO_2$ , was 1,013 metric tons. This provides an approximate measure of the overall environmental impacts of the home studied.

How can these impacts be reduced? Clearly, focus should be on the use-phase because its impact on the environment overshadows the other phases. To examine the effect of design changes made to reduce these impacts, a second home was modeled. Referred throughout the report as the Energy Efficient Home (EEH), this home mirrors the original in size and layout. All functions provided by SH are provided by EEH. In addition to reducing use-phase impacts, EEH served to test which materials reduce pre-use phase impacts. Strategies that lowered impacts in both phases were adopted as design parameters for EEH.

Based on Energy-10 simulations, and use of the energy and global warming potential databases, EEH evolved into a much more energy efficient structure. The defining feature of EEH is its 12" thick, R-35 walls. The walls are constructed from double 2x4 studs, with a 3.5" spacing between the inner wall and outer wall studs. The wall cavity is filled with cellulose insulation. Because cellulose requires much less energy to manufacture than the fiberglass insulation in SH, the overall wall structure consumed less pre-use phase energy. At the same time the thermal resistance of the wall increased by a factor of three. Combined with a doubling of the insulative value in the ceiling, the EEH thermal envelope was greatly improved. Air infiltration was also greatly reduced. The effective leakage area (ELA) of SH was determined by blower-door test to be 153 in<sup>2</sup>. For the EEH, 20 in<sup>2</sup> was deemed to be achievable.

Energy efficient appliances where used in EEH. Based on a review of products available on the market, energy efficient appliances reduced annual electricity consumption by approx. 40%. Energy efficient appliances included the refrigerator, clothes washer and dishwasher. The kitchen range and clothes dryer were selected to operate on natural gas vs. electricity in the SH. Furnace efficiency was increased from 80% to 95%. The peak heating load was reduced from 95,300 to 28,200 Btu/h. A/C efficiency was increased from a SEER (seasonal

energy efficiency ratio) value of 10 to 13. The peak cooling load was reduced from 36,600 to 28,160 Btu/h. Compact florescent lights were used throughout EEH.

These improvements in energy efficiency were not obtained without cost. The market value of SH was \$240,000. A base price was determined by subtracting the land price and dividing out the developer's profit. SH materials to be replaced were quantified and priced, and subsequently subtracted from the base price of SH. EEH replacements materials were similarly quantified, priced and added. Finally, the Developer's profit was added back, as was the land price. The EEH home purchase cost was \$22,801 more than SH.

Life cycle costs were then calculated for both homes. The life cycle cost was determined by adding mortgage payments (based on a 30 year mortgage at 7% annual interest), natural gas and electricity costs (based on utility rates of \$0.462/therm and \$0.08/kWh respectively) and the cost of home maintenance and improvements (based on material and labor costs that were escalated at 3%/year). Finally, four future energy price escalation scenarios were run to determine sensitivity to changing energy prices. The scenarios included falling, constant, and rising energy rates as well as energy rates presently used in Germany. Un-discounted life cycle costs for SH varied from \$791,500 to \$875,500. SH mortgage payments made up between 62-69% of the life cycle cost, with energy comprising between 8-17%. Home maintenance and improvements make up the remainder. Un-discounted life cycle costs for EEH varied from \$796,300 to \$824,100. EEH mortgage payments made up between 73-75% of the life cycle cost with energy making up between 3-6%.

Using a discount rate of 4%, each future annual total cost (mortgage, energy, maintenance) was converted into a present value cost. The summation of all years gives the discounted present value cost of the home. This serves as a useful economic tool in evaluating the two home alternatives. The discounted present value cost varied between \$423,500 and \$454,300 for SH and \$433,100 and \$443,200 for EEH. From an investment standpoint, setting aside future uncertainties, both homes are approximately of equal value.

Given that life cycle energy use and global warming potential can be reduced by a factor of nearly three without compromising the home as a financial investment, it is natural to ponder why it is not happening on the home market. Several possibilities are:

- The home buying market does not consider reduction of environmental burdens as a significant element in evaluating home selection.
- Many home buyers, who on an average, move about every eight years, do not believe the added cost of energy efficiency will be appraised in future transactions. They may be skeptical that reduced energy costs will compensate for higher financing costs.
- There are no "green" regulatory or market incentives to motivate property developers.
- There is an insufficient volume of low energy homes being built to force the home design and construction industries into developing lower cost, higher efficiency homes. If there was a sufficiently high volume, the market might quickly focus on the life cycle energy savings of EEH- type residences.

# **<u>1.0</u>** INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Overview

Annually, 24 % percent of the natural gas, and 35% of the electricity in the US, is consumed by the residential housing sector<sup>10,11</sup>. As a result, 1.3 million metric tons of green-house gases are emitted annually. This is equal to 31% of the green-house gases emitted from electricity and natural gas consumption by all sectors in the US.

The above figures represent energy consumption and emissions data for residential utility services. Of these, natural gas and grid electricity combine for over 90% of all energy used for space and water heating, lighting, ventilation and appliances in 1990. Coal, fuel oil, wood, and liquefied propane gas account for the remainder. In 1994,  $CO_2$  emissions associated with the residential housing sector contributed approximately 19% of total  $CO_2$  emissions released by all US sectors combined<sup>12</sup>.

What is conventionally not considered in determining residential energy consumption is the energy required to make building materials and home appliances. This is the energy required to extract the raw materials (mining, oil extraction, timber cutting), refine those resources (smelting, refining, cutting), and manufacture ready-to-use construction materials. This last item, for example includes extrusion, molding, punching and assembly of metal, plastic, and other material into usable shapes, as well as combining different materials into composite forms such as windows, doors, pre-assembled panels, floor coverings, electrical and plumbing fixtures, and the many appliances found in modern homes.

Life cycle analysis (LCA) quantifies the environmental impacts caused by the energy and material flows in all stages of a product's life cycle. Some of the impact categories widely used to compare product systems are global warming potential (GWP), ozone depletion, nutrification, acidification, and ground-level ozone creation potential. In LCA research, the product system being investigated is structured into several stages<sup>13</sup>. Conventionally, these are 1) raw material acquisition, 2) parts fabrication, assembly, and construction, 3) use, and 4) retirement (or end-of-life). Life cycle assessment is commonly referred to as a cradle-tocradle analysis because it looks at all inputs and outflows in a product system over its entire life history. In a full LCA, all inputs (material, energy, water) and outflows (air and water emissions and solid wastes) are accounted for. In this project, only primary energy and the global warming potential (GWP) will be evaluated. Primary energy is the energy that is embodied in resources as they exist in nature: the chemical energy embodied in fossil fuels or biomass, the potential energy of a water reservoir, the electromagnetic energy of solar radiation, and the energy released in nuclear reactions. For the most part, primary energy is not used directly but is first converted and transformed into electricity and fuels such as gasoline, jet fuel, heating oil, or charcoal. This statement applies to raw material extraction, transportation, manufacturing and home energy consumption as well.

While quantification of resource consumption, water emissions and solid waste resulting from material manufacturing and product use are important, the project scope focused on primary energy and GWP, which are two important indicators of the overall environmental impact of home construction and use. Using a similar approach, life cycle costing is used to determine all costs in monetary terms associated with a product. The life cycle costs in this study are all costs borne by the owner. These include all finance costs associated with:

- buying the house, covering the cost of all materials and all labor
- land purchase
- provision of natural gas and electricity
- home repair and improvements

Understanding energy consumption, GWP, and cost from a life cycle perspective is essential if a systematic and comprehensive reduction of environmental impacts is desired. All three are linked. Changes to the energy intensity of building products will change the GWP. Reductions in home energy consumption will reduce utility costs and GWP. Use of building materials with lower embodied energy may or may not affect use phase energy. Accordingly, an inventory of the product's life cycle, identifying mass and energy flows, helps in understanding the complexity of the various interactions.

# **1.2 Purpose of Study**

The goal for undertaking the project was to determine the relationship between material production/construction (pre-use) phase energy, and use phase energy, as energy efficiency strategies are applied to various home systems. It is commonly believed that to achieve higher energy efficiency, more materials are needed in the initial construction. Thicker walls are needed obtain lower thermal conductance properties (i.e., higher R values). More windows of higher quality optimize solar heat gain. Additional internal thermal mass is required to allow for temporary storage of the increased solar heat for release at night. While these energy efficient strategies lower the building's heating fuel requirements, it is not entirely intuitive whether they actually lower total life cycle energy consumption. For example, is the additional energy required to manufacture the glass for more windows recovered with lowered heating requirements?

Other research questions to be addressed in this study include:

- What is the relationship between material fabrication/construction energy, and use phase energy in a "standard" residential home?
- How does total life cycle energy, cost and GWP of a "standard" residential home vary with changes to various home systems (walls, roof, floor, appliances, etc.)?
- Which home system improvements provide the greatest reductions in life cycle energy and GWP?
- How do varying projections of future energy costs affect the life cycle costs of a home?
- How do home maintenance and improvement projects impact the life cycle energy, cost and GWP of such a building?
- Do the results from this study correlate with other studies performed in this area?

## 1.3 Similar Studies

- Mali, N., "Embodied Energy-Just What is it and Why do We Care", Environmental Building News Volume 2 Number 3, pp. 8-9. Cites work performed by Professor Ray Cole of the University of British Columbia's School of Architecture who performed an LCA of conventional and energy efficient versions of a 3,750 ft<sup>2</sup> ranch house.
- Pierquet, P., Bowyer, J., Huelman, P., "Thermal Performance and Embodied Energy of Cold Climate Wall Systems", Forest Products Journal, Vol. 48, No. 6 pp. 53-60. Review of 12 different wall systems comparing the embodied energy of the wall materials and the energy savings (compared to a base case 2x4 wall) over time.
- Willars, P., Wånggren, B., "kv. Apoteket. Detaljanalys av yttre miljöpåverkan orsakad av byggmaterialsens innehåll och resursförbrukningen i byggprocessen", Skanska Bygg AB Division Boståder Stockholm. Life cycle analysis of a 50 unit apartment building in Sweden with a total of 4,030 m<sup>2</sup> of usable floor area.
- Cole, R., Kernan, P., "Life-Cycle Energy Use in Office Buildings:" Building and Environment, Vol. 31, No. 4, pp. 307-317. Review of life cycle energy of a 50,000 ft<sup>2</sup> three-story generic office building for alternative wood, steel and concrete structural systems.

# 2.0 METHODS

#### 2.1 Overview

#### 2.1.1 Selection of Standard Home (SH)



It was decided to select a home that had been built in the Ann Arbor, Michigan area. This allowed for detailed measurement of the building and examination of area-specific construction methods. After meeting with several local developers who provided blue prints of various home models, the Princeton home (see Figures 2-1 and 2-4) designed and built by the Guenther Building Co., was selected. Throughout this report it is referred to as the Standard Home (SH).

FIGURE 2-1 The Princeton Home, South Elevation

## 2.1.2 Definition of the Energy Efficient Home (EEH)

This report analyzes the life cycle energy consumption, GWP, and cost of the SH. To understand how the environmental impacts of SH could be reduced, it was redesigned to become a fundamentally more energy efficient home, based on the floor plan of SH. Throughout this report it is referred to as the Energy Efficient Home (EEH). The design changes were reviewed by two architects<sup>14</sup> to ensure technical feasibility.

#### 2.1.3 Functional Units

To provide a base line for objective comparison between SH and EEH, both homes had to be similar. The means for ensuring equivalency between two systems is the definition of functional units that each home must meet. If each home meets certain underlying requirements, or provides the same services in terms of quality and quantity, then they are functionally equivalent.

The functional units adopted and held constant for the SH/EEH comparison were:

- Internal/usable floor area: 2,450 ft<sup>2</sup> (see Figures 2-2 and 2-3 for 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> floor plans respectively). The thicker EEH walls increased the outside diameter of the building. All EEH and SH internal dimensions are the same.
- Internal useable building volume: 26,960 ft<sup>3</sup>
- Occupancy: 4 people
- Life span of home: 50 years
- Architectural style (see Figures 2-1 and 2-2)

- Basement and garage area: 1,675 ft<sup>2</sup> and 484 ft<sup>2</sup> respectively
- Thermal comfort comparable in both homes: heating set-point: 70°F, set-back: 65°F; cooling set point: 75°F, set-up: 79°F; heating and cooling set-back/set-up set for between 11 p.m. and 7 a.m.
- Indoor air quality comparable in both homes (i.e., humidity, air pollution)
- Domestic services supplied by common appliances and entertainment products including refrigerator/freezer, range, range hood, microwave, toaster, dishwasher, sump pump, cloths washer, cloths dryer, computer, TV, radio, and heated aquarium. The SH has an electric garbage disposal replaced in EEH with a composting box
- Municipal supply of potable water
- In-home generation of hot water with a natural gas boiler
- In-home heat generation with natural gas furnace; cooling with central air-conditioning unit
- Grid-supplied 110 volt electricity
- Daylighting comparable in both homes
- Internal and external lighting intensity comparable (as provided by installed lamps)

Areas where functional equivalency may not hold true include:

- Increased comfort in EEH resulting from fewer drafts and less radiative heat losses
- Personal aesthetic preferences related to wall thickness (EEH walls are 12" thick)

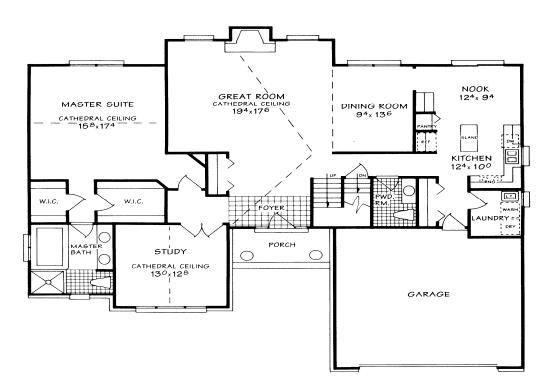


FIGURE 2-2 The Princeton Home, Floor Plan, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor

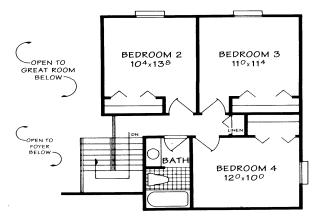


FIGURE 2-3 The Princeton Home, Floor Plan, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor

The design of EEH, while maintaining functional equivalency to SH, did hamper optimization of passive solar heating and cooling strategies. Such strategies include integration of south-facing windows with natural house ventilation<sup>15,16</sup>, design of solar induced air flow through the building, clerestories for increased daylighting, and use of additional thermal storage to balance diurnal temperature swings<sup>17</sup>. Nevertheless, SH architectural style and shape were retained in order to stay within perceived market preferences.

#### 2.1.4 Guidelines on EEH Design

SH life-cycle energy and GWP results were used as guidelines in reducing the overall energy consumption of EEH. The majority of SH primary energy consumption and GWP is generated during the use-phase of the house (i.e., heating, cooling, electricity consumption for appliances). Effort was therefore focused on measures that would reduce the use phase energy consumption (e.g., lowering the thermal conductance properties of the building envelope, reducing energy consumption of appliances, etc.). In addition, building materials were selected that would reduce the embodied or "pre-use phase" energy by either choosing materials with lower embodied energy, or materials that had a significantly lower rate of replacement.

#### 2.2 Description of Princeton Standard Home (SH)

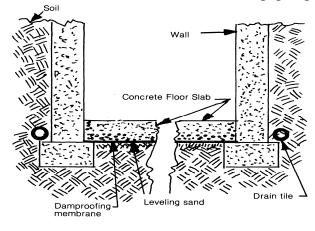


# FIGURE 2-4 The Princeton Home, North Elevation

The Princeton SH is a two-story home with 2,450 ft<sup>2</sup> of livable space and an internal volume of 26,960 ft<sup>3</sup>. This is close to the national average of 2,120 ft<sup>2</sup> for new homes built in the U.S.<sup>18</sup>. It has an unfinished basement and a two car

garage. The first floor has a living room with a vaulted cathedral ceiling, an attached dining room, and a master bedroom with an attached bathroom (shower/bathtub, toilet, two sinks, and two large closets). There is also a kitchen, a laundry room, and a lavatory (sink/toilet). The second floor is comprised of three smaller bedrooms and a bathroom (shower/bathtub/sink/toilet).

The floor area of the unfinished basement is 1,675 ft<sup>2</sup> which contains the furnace, the water heater, the main fuse-box, and a sump pump. Figure 2-5 provides a cross section of the



basement foundation. It has plain concrete walls, a concrete floor and no ceiling drywall. The garage is not insulated. The basement and garage construction materials are included in the SH-materials inventory. It was assumed that the owner would fit out the basement within the first year after purchase, adding drywall to the foundation walls and ceiling, and vinyl tile to the floor. Because this activity takes place soon after construction, the primary energy and GWP were included in the pre-use phase inventories.

FIGURE 2-5 The Basement and Foundation of the SH<sup>19</sup>

The SH has a 2x4 wall construction with 3.5" fiberglass insulation, and 8" of sprayed fiberglass insulation in the ceiling (see Figure 2-6). The house is wired to meet electrical code, and provides the typical amounts of light-switches and outlets. Non-insulated hot and cold water copper piping run throughout the house. The living room has a natural gas fireplace. The kitchen has a sink, electric garbage disposal, stove and stove hood, dishwasher, refrigerator/freezer, and several cabinets. The laundry room features only a plastic sink. Other major energy consuming appliances included in the study, and which must be purchased by the home buyer include a clothes washing machine and a clothes dryer. Except for kitchen and bathroom cabinets, no furniture was included in the study.

The first floor is fully carpeted, except for vinyl tile in the bathrooms, kitchen and garage entrance/hallway, and ceramic tiles in the foyer. The second floor is also fully carpeted with the exception of vinyl tile in the bathroom. Incandescent lighting is used in all rooms except for the closets.

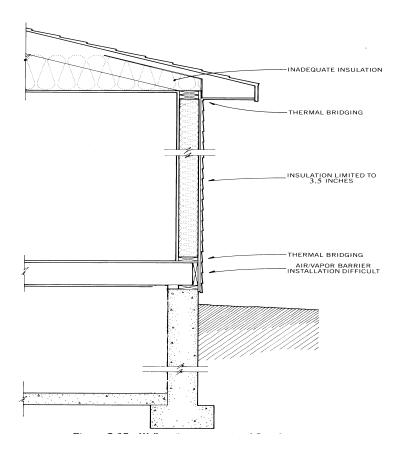


FIGURE 2-6 SH 2x4 Wall Design<sup>20</sup>

The home was divided into several systems to allow for easier tracking of materials, energy, green-house gases, and cost. System interaction could then be observed when EEH design changes were made. Table 2-1 below summarizes the eight home systems.

System	Description of System	
Walls (interior and exterior)	Building structure consisting of lumber construction, fasteners and braces, insulation, drywall, exterior sheathing and siding, brick facing, vapor barriers, trim, adhesives and paint.	
Floors	Floor joist lumber, deck lumber, carpet, ceramic and vinyl tiles, mortar, fasteners, and adhesives.	
Roof/ceiling	Wood trusses, fasteners, insulation, roof deck lumber, roof weathering materials, soffit and facia materials, gutters and down-spouts.	
Foundation/basement	Gravel substrate, concrete foundation slab and walls, drainage system	
Doors/windows	Wood hollow core doors, main entry (insulated) door, garage door. All casement and double hung windows including glazing and frames. Patio sliding door considered to be a window.	
Appliances/electrical	Furnace, air conditioning unit, water heater, range, range hood, refrigerator/freezer, clothes washing machine, clothes dryer, fireplace, electric garbage disposal, dehumidifier, dishwasher, sump pump, copper wire cabling, switches, plug outlets, lamp fixtures, bulbs, and circuit breakers.	
Sanitary/piping	Bath tubs, jet pump (for master bath), sinks, pedestals, faucets, toilets and accessories, bathroom tiles. Hot and cold water piping, natural gas piping and PVC drainage and vent piping. Air ducts, registers, grills, air intakes, and exhaust flues.	
Cabinets	Kitchen and bathroom cabinets and countertops	

TABLE 2-1Description of Systems

# 2.3 System Boundaries of Life Cycle Analysis

## 2.3.1 Processes Included

Primary energy consumption and GWP gas emissions were accounted for in the following processes:

- a) raw material extraction, and production of engineered materials (e.g., steel plates, wood studs, copper slabs)
- b) manufacturing of building components (e.g., windows, siding, carpet), and appliances
- c) transportation of materials from raw material extraction to part fabrication, and from there to the construction site
- d) construction of the home at the building site, including site earthwork
- e) energy consumed during the use-phase of the home (utility-provided energy)
- f) embodied energy of maintenance and improvement materials (as in a, b, and c)
- g) demolition of the home after its useful life
- h) transportation of demolished materials to recycling centers or landfills (except the concrete foundation and basement floor, which was assumed to remain in the ground)

In order to adequately account for the additional energy and material requirements caused by manufacturing and construction losses, efficiency factors for these two life cycle steps were employed. For the manufacturing of building products and appliances, a 95% efficiency factor (by mass) was assumed for all materials, except for secondary aluminum (88%)<sup>21</sup>, ceramic tiles (98%)<sup>22</sup>, mortar for ceramic tiles (88%)<sup>23</sup>, and vinyl (99.6%)<sup>24</sup>. This 95% efficiency factor reflects waste generated during the various manufacturing processes, such as steel stamping, plastics molding, machining of metal parts, or gypsum board manufacturing.

An additional 5% was used to account for construction losses, which are losses of materials on site due to cutting and fitting (i.e., roof underlayment, copper wire, concrete). For the following house components, the on-site losses were included in total building quantities; the exact percentage of the losses however, could not be identified:

- SH framing lumber and OSB
- drywall
- SH and EEH roof truss lumber

All efficiencies during the material production phase are accounted for in the data sets used for this life cycle step (i.e., raw material production before parts manufacturing).

#### 2.3.2 Processes and Factors Not Included

In an effort to focus on those architectural systems that directly influence energy use and GWP of a residential home, some components that are part of a home and some external factors were not addressed. The following is a list of those issues not included in this study:

- <u>site location</u> as it pertains to impacts on local ecosystems, personal transportation issues, and urban planning issues (including roads and sewer infrastructure)
- energy and material issues related to the <u>house surrounding</u> (e.g., drive-way concrete, landscaping, irrigation)
- <u>furniture</u> (except kitchen and bathroom cabinets), curtains
- <u>utility hook-ups</u> including water and gas mains and electrical power hookups (e.g. excavation, pipes, wiring, and meters)
- <u>TV/phone/data connections</u> (including excavation, internal and external cabling, security and fire warning systems)
- <u>behavioral patterns</u> of habitants including food consumption, clothing, furniture, entertainment equipment, pet supplies, cleaning materials, or other items not requiring energy for operation
- <u>potentials of renewable energy use</u> (on-site electricity generation with photovoltaics and wind turbines or, solar hot water)
- <u>indoor air quality issues</u> (off-gassing from paints and flooring, and cleaning materials)
- <u>energy consumption</u> related to treating/supplying water and waste treatment
- <u>energy consumption</u> related to pick-up and disposal of municipal solid waste
- <u>other environmental impacts</u> occurring in all life-cycle phases, including non-globalwarming related air emissions (point source and non-point source), water consumption

and water effluents, solid waste generation, and overall resource depletion from material and energy production use

- <u>methods and equipment</u> used in the construction and demolition process
- <u>embodied energy of the industrial facilities</u> producing raw materials and fabricated products
- <u>house shape</u> as it influences the surface/volume ratio
- <u>environmental and social issues</u> related to the origin of construction materials (effects on local economy and resource use)
- <u>future technological break-throughs</u> that significantly reduce the energy consumption and cost of home appliances

It is important to note that, because wood is a renewable resource, its feedstock energy (combustion fuel energy) was not accounted for according to EPA LCI guidelines<sup>25</sup>. However, for materials made from non-renewable resources (e.g., plastics), feedstock energy has been included in the energy inventory.

The environmental burdens associated with the ultimate treatment of the demolished building materials, such as landfilling, recycling, and reuse were not evaluated. Attempting to determine the nature and efficiency of the recycling industry in 50 years would be conjectural. Moreover, attempting to determine which industrial products might be recovered and recycled at that time was deemed beyond the scope of this study. Such information, if available, would have allowed for assignment of material production burden credits to EEH, based on lowered future material production energy requirements.

# 2.4 Life Cycle Materials Data Base

Energy and GWP data sets were supplied by the DEAM<sup>™</sup> software database<sup>26</sup>, which has information for a wide range of materials. DEAM<sup>™</sup> data sets were available for 94.5 % of the materials in the building, by mass. Data sets (accounting for 5.2 % of the building mass) were taken from a study published by the Western Wood Products Association<sup>27</sup>. AIA's Environmental Resource Guide<sup>28</sup> and the Swiss publication Ökoinventare für Verpackungen<sup>29</sup> provided the remaining data sets (accounting for 0.3 % of the building mass). For the majority of materials, complete material production and manufacturing data sets could be located, with gaps only occurring in the manufacturing process of some materials. However, complete data were available for the primary energy consumption of the building's materials, which includes raw material extraction and manufacturing of prefabricated materials, (e.g., cold-rolled steel). Data sets were available (approximately 90% of the building by mass) for manufactured components and assembled items (e.g., windows, roof shingles). This does not introduce significant error since component fabrication burdens are generally far lower than material production burdens. A typical example is the production of high-density-polyethylene (HDPE) pipes. While it takes about 78.5 MJ (fuel and feedstock) to produce HDPE polymer, only 9 MJ are estimated to be required for the manufacturing of the pipe $^{30}$ .

GWP data sets from this report are a composite measure of many different gases that have varying levels of global warming potential. It is standard convention to convert non- $CO_2$  gases into equivalent  $CO_2$ . Many gases have a much higher global warming potential, pound for pound, than  $CO_2$ . Table 2-2 below provides global warming potentials for different gases used in this study, and by many practitioners in the Life-Cycle-Assessment community worldwide.

Global Warming Gas	GWP Factor CO2 = 1	Global Warming Gas	GWP Factor CO2 = 1
Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ):	1	CFC 12 (CF <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> ):	7,100
Methane (CH <sub>4</sub> ):	56	CFC 13 (CF <sub>3</sub> Cl):	11,000
Nitrous Oxide (N <sub>2</sub> O):	280	CFC 14 (CF <sub>4</sub> ):	3,500
Halon 1301 (CF <sub>3</sub> Br):	5,600	CFC 114 (C <sub>2</sub> F <sub>4</sub> Cl):	6,100
CFC 11 ( CFCl <sub>3</sub> ):	4,500	HCFC 22 (CHF <sub>2</sub> Cl):	4,200

 TABLE 2-2
 Global Warming Potentials (20 year time horizon)<sup>31</sup>

Table 2-3 provides energy consumption/GPW data for all major materials used in this study. Primary energy includes both resource extraction/processing energy and component fabrication energy except where marked (data not available). The major processes associated with component manufacturing are given for those materials where that have manufacturing primary energy data.

TABLE 2-3	Primary Energy and Global Warming Potential of Materials
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Material	Fabrication Process	Primary Energy (MJ/kg) (Material Production and Fabrication)	GWP kg CO <sub>2</sub> equiv./kg
acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS)	***	112.2	3.5
aluminum, primary	***	207.8	10.0
argon	***	7.0	0.5
asphalt	***	51.0	0.4
asphalt shingle	shingle mnfg	14.6	0.3
brass	***	99.9	+
cellulose	shredding, treating	3.2	0.2
ceramic **	mixing, firing	20.5	1.4
concrete	mixing	1.6	0.2
copper	extrusion	48.7	6.1
facing brick	firing	4.5	0.3
felt underlayment #15	general mfg	41.2	0.4
fiber glass	extrusion	24.5	1.5
glass	forming	18.4	1.3
gravel	crushing	0.9	0.1
gypsum	***	3.8	+
HCFC 22	***	33.7	1.3
high density polyethylene (HDPE)	extrusion	87.5	3.0
latex **	***	70.8	0.8
mineral spirits	***	5.5	0.4
mortar	mixing	1.9	0.1
oriented-strand board	***	3.2	0.7
polyamide resin (PA)	***	137.6	4.5
paper	***	16.2	1.2
particleboard	***	3.9	0.2

polyethylene (PE)	extrusion	87.1	3.0
plastic-wood composite *	shredding, molding	5.1	0.2
plywood	cutting, pressing	8.3	0.1
formaldehyde resin	***	72.1	1.3

 TABLE 2-3
 Primary Energy and Global Warming Potential of Materials (Con't)

Material	Fabrication Process	Primary Energy (MJ/kg) (Material Production and Fabrication)	GWP kg CO2 equiv./kg
polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA)	***	207.3	14.7
polyisocyanurate	***	70.6	+
polypropylene (PP)	***	83.8	2.6
polystyrene (PS)	***	100.3	2.1
polyvinyl chloride (PVC)	***	77.4	2.9
rubber ++	***	150.4	3.0
styrene butadiene rubber (SBR) ++	***	70.8	0.8
silver	***	128.2	+
stainless steel	***	16.3	1.2
steel cold rolled	***	28.8	2.1
steel	extruding, galvanizing	37.3	3.2
vinyl	extrusion	11.8	0.5
water-based paint	***	77.6	+
wood	milling	5.8	0.8

\* according to manufacturer<sup>32</sup> 50% post-industrial vinyl, 50% recycled post-industrial wood

\*\* For materials where specific primary energy and GWP data were not available, similar materials with complete data sets were substituted (for ceramic sinks "ceramic tile" data were used, and for latex in carpet and paint, "SBR" was used)

\*\*\* fabrication primary energy not included

+ data not available

++ Other contradictory values for SBR and rubber were found: Rubber 67.7 MJ/kg<sup>33</sup>, SBR 145.1 MJ/kg<sup>34</sup>

Several building materials were composites. Carpet, for example, was assumed to be 58% nylon (PA6), 10% Polypropylene (secondary backing) and 32% Latex (binder)<sup>35</sup>.

#### 2.5 Home Maintenance and Improvements

To determine the contributions of maintenance and home improvements on life cycle energy consumption, a schedule of activities was created. It determines the interval of those maintenance activities that are needed to keep the home in good repair (e.g., repair of broken windows, or changing of light bulbs), as well as those of major home improvements (e.g., replacement of siding, carpet, roofing). Materials needed for these activities were quantified, and their life cycle energy and GWP added to the total. Table 2-4 provides an overview of home maintenance and improvement assumptions, based on a home life of 50 years. Data on the replacement rate of many items could not be found, and replacement frequencies were therefore estimated. Other sources are shown.

Activity	Years occurring after	Source
(based on home life of 50 years)	Construction	
Inside walls and door repair	25	Estimation
1st & 2nd floor internal re-painting	10, 20, 30, 40	Estimation
Exterior re-painting	10, 20, 30, 40	Estimation
PVC siding	25	Astro Building Prod. <sup>36</sup>
New roofing (asphalt shingles) for SH	20, 40	DEAM Data Base <sup>37</sup>
New refrigerator	15, 30, 45	Estimation
New garbage disposal	15, 30, 45	Estimation
New sump pump	15, 30, 45	Estimation
New water heater	15, 30, 45	Estimation
New range	15, 30, 45	Estimation
New range hood	25	Estimation
New A/C central unit	20, 40	Estimation
New dishwasher	20, 40	Estimation
New cloths washer	15, 30, 45	Estimation
New cloths dryer	15, 30, 45	Estimation
Kitchen and bathroom cabinet replacement	25	Estimation
Changing of all incandescent light bulbs for SH	every 3 years	*Calculation
Changing of all compact florescent light bulbs for EEH	every 5 years	*Calculation
Replacement of all vinyl floor tiles in house	20, 40	Estimation
Replacement carpet	every 8 years	Interface Inc. <sup>38</sup>
Replacement of all windows (includes breakage)	25	Estimation

TABLE 2-4Maintenance and Home Improvement Schedule for SH and EEH

\* calculated using bulb life and annual hours of light usage

## 2.6 Life-Cycle Inventory of SH

#### 2.6.1 Construction Phase

Material quantities for SH were determined by taking blue-print dimensions and performing field cross-checks. The Princeton home studied was a finished model home, with a similar unit under construction adjacent to it. By using these two sites, it was possible to verify all dimensions. Mass was determined by using material density data. When published data were unavailable, field weighing established material densities. Local vendors, subcontractors and product representatives were of great assistance in providing information (e.g., product dimensions, weights, material compositions).

Because many appliance manufacturers do not provide the weight of their products, appliance mass was determined by contacting local distributors and inquiring for shipping weight. Appliance material composition was checked against material composition data taken from a life cycle inventory study of a kitchen range<sup>39</sup>. Percentages of various materials (e.g., steel, aluminum, glass, plastic) in that study were used in estimating the percentage of materials in other appliances.

The database used to inventory material production and component manufacturing energy and GWP, accounted only for transportation to the manufacturer. Modes of transportation, and the distance from part/component manufacturer to the construction site had to be determined. Table 2-5 shows transportation data summarizing information provided by local suppliers. Due to the nature of the lumber data sets employed in this study,<sup>40</sup> it was not possible to separate wood transportation energy from total energy. However, the figures do reflect the "average transportation distance and mode"<sup>41</sup> for wood from western states to all other states.

Material	Distance from	Mode of Transportation	
	Source	_	
Concrete	50 miles (80 km)	100% truck	
Gravel	30 miles (48 km)	100 % truck	
All Other	400 miles (640 km)	50 % truck, 50 % rail	
Disposal of Demolished Materials	100 miles (160 km)	100% truck	

 TABLE 2-5
 Transportation Distance and Mode Data

#### 2.6.2 Use Phase

Building energy consumption can be determined by taking measurements of the actual fuel and electricity consumed over an extended period, or by modeling simulations. Use of modeling software was selected for several reasons:

- 1) The project time limitations did not allow for actual site measurement. A full year of measurements would be needed. A survey of randomly selected Princeton home owners was taken, however (see Section 2.6.7).
- 2) Employing simulation software eliminates distortions from seasonal variations, calibration errors of heating/cooling control equipment, irregular occupant behavior, and abnormal weather conditions.
- 3) Modeling of SH with software made design of EEH easier. Parameters where established by running numerous scenarios to determine the energy consumption of various building envelope configurations.

#### 2.6.3 Modeling of SH

The Energy-10 software was used to model use-phase energy consumption. This software was developed in partnership by the Passive Solar Industries Council, the National Renewable Energy Laboratory, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, and the Berkeley Solar Group, and distributed by the Passive Solar Industries Council<sup>42</sup>.

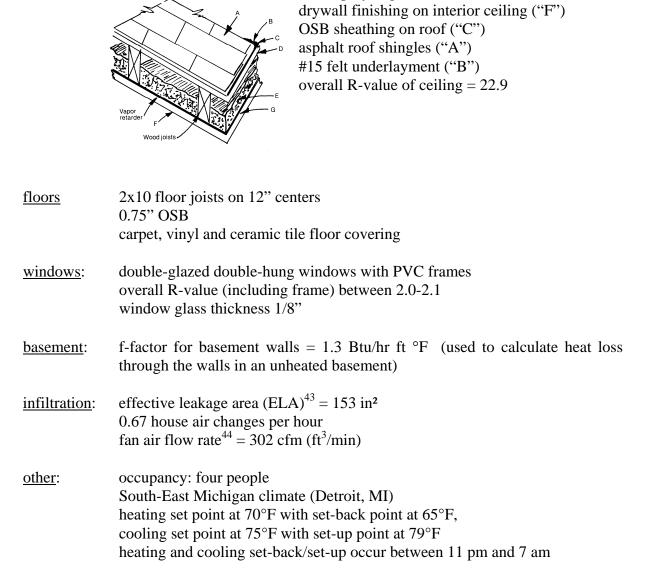
Actual SH building characteristics modeled in Energy-10 were:

walls:2x4 wood frame construction, 16" on center3.5" of rolled bat glass wool insulation0.5" drywall finishing on interior walls (0.75" for garage)0.5" Orient strand board (OSB) and polyisocyanurate sheathing

PVC exterior siding overall R-value of polyisocyanurate wall section = 14.9 (hr ft<sup>2</sup> °F/Btu) overall R-value of OSB wall section = 12.2

prefabricated 2x4 wood trusses

8" of sprayed glass wool insulation ("E")



#### 2.6.4 SH Heating/Cooling Energy Use

roof/ceiling:

Both heating and cooling energy were determined with Energy-10 for SH as well as for EEH. The program calculates the heat required to maintain the internal building temperature based on the following factors:

- averaged conductivity of the thermal envelope. R-values of the walls, ceiling, floor, foundation and windows are combined using the respective areas of each;
- outside temperature and wind speeds based on average Detroit weather data;

- internal temperature which includes setting the thermostat up or down depending on season and time of day;
- ventilation from outside air infiltration through gaps in the building envelope (ELA) and forced-air ventilation systems (ACH);
- internal heating from other sources (see Section 2.6.5);
- efficiency of the furnace and A/C systems, which take into account air duct placement and leakage, as well as fan efficiencies;
- solar heat gains through windows, which factors in glazing area and orientation to the sun, optical properties of the glazing, and shading effects from awnings .

## 2.6.5 Internal Heat Gains

Internal heat gains from lights, electrical appliances, hot water and occupants were determined separately and imported into Energy-10. These additional internal heat gains lower the natural gas heating requirement (but increase summer cooling energy requirements). Calculating internal heat gain was done in two steps:

- 1) Peak internal heat gains were calculated in W/ft<sup>2</sup> (as required by Energy-10). The peak load occurs when a specific source (e.g., stove or hot water heater) is operating at its highest "level" of performance, thus emitting the largest amount of waste heat.
- 2) The magnitude of internal heat radiating from different sources varies according to the time of day. Energy-10 timetables were used that allocate internal heat released into the building thermal envelope as a fraction of peak load. Lower daytime and continuous weekend occupancy was assumed.

Peak internal loads were determined by calculating the radiative energy from the total number of heat emitters at the time of maximum use. This was usually between 7-11 PM. This corresponds with maximum family usage of lights, electrical appliances, hot water, and with the maximum number of occupants in the building. These combined heat sources help heat the building. Consumption data for hot water usage, typical home electrical appliances and plug loads were based on "Household Energy Consumption and Expenditures 1993"<sup>45</sup>. The heat gain value used for occupants was 100 W/person<sup>46</sup>.

# 2.6.6 SH Electrical Energy Use

Electrical energy consumption was determined independently from Energy-10. A list of appliances used in the building was determined, which consisted of standard household appliances and entertainment equipment. Appendix D-1 provides a list of those appliances modeled, and their annual energy use. Actual SH appliance manufacturers and model numbers were recorded. Those manufacturers were contacted and average annual energy use when model types were not known<sup>47</sup>.

## 2.6.7 Survey of SH Heating Energy Consumption

To check Energy-10 generated results, seven survey forms were mailed to Princeton home owners in the subdivision studied. A sample of the survey form is given in Appendix A-1. Only one household responded to the survey. Visits to those homes not returning the survey were then conducted. It was revealed that most were renters, or had not lived in the home for more than one year. An Energy-10 calculation was performed and the results normalized for actual heating-degree days (HHD) in 1997-98<sup>48</sup>. Table 2-6 compares the Energy-10 calculation to the single survey result.

Source	Annual Natural Gas Costs		
Survey #1	\$667.40	(HDD Normalized)	
Energy-10	\$637.00	(Actual)	

 TABLE 2-6
 Summary of Princeton Energy Use Survey

The Energy-10 result was only 4.8% lower that the field survey result. The variation could be due to one or several of the following reasons:

- The average number of occupants in the Princeton homes surveyed is not 4
- Actual electrical usage was different because of varying numbers of appliances and use patterns
- Thermostat set-ups and set-backs varied

# 2.7 Life Cycle Inventory of EEH

EEH was modeled for greater energy efficiency to determine by what degree environmental impacts could be reduced, and at what incremental cost. It was also modeled to have the same floor plan and internal dimensions as the SH. The guiding principle in the design of EEH was to minimize life cycle energy. As reported in Section 3.2, 93.7% of SH life cycle energy consumption occurs in the use-phase. Thus, EEH design changes focused on minimizing use phase energy. Measures to reduce the material fabrication/construction (pre-use phase) energy by choosing materials with lower embodied energy were also taken.

Reductions in heating and cooling loads also allow for downsizing of furnace and A/C equipment which reduce overall cost. This is a secondary, but nevertheless significant benefit of a higher performance thermal envelope.

## 2.7.1 EEH Construction Phase

SH effective leakage area (ELA) was measured to be 153 square inches<sup>49</sup> (see Section 3.5.2). EEH was estimated to be 20 square inches<sup>50</sup>. This is based on thorough use of caulking, and the effects of sprayed-in cellulose insulation.

Building materials with lower embodied energy or higher durability were identified to replace SH materials with high embodied energy or with high replacement frequencies. In

terms of embodied energy over the life cycle of the home, the major targets for reduction were polyamid (PA), concrete, asphalt shingles, steel, and polyvinylchloride (PVC). GWP reductions concentrated on concrete and steel because they make up a significantly high percentage of the building's mass.

Attention was given to those materials which effect both, use-phase and the embodied energy. Substitution of glass fiber heat insulation with cellulose insulation (made from 100% recycled newspaper<sup>51</sup>) is an example of this dual approach. Cellulose insulation has 87% less embodied energy per kg installed than fiberglass insulation. In addition, the R-value of sprayed-in cellulose insulation is 10% higher than that of fiber glass insulation. The life cycle inventory data sets used reflect both, the change in insulation mass, and embodied energy per kg. Based on the application technique, cellulose insulation also creates a tighter air infiltration barrier by filling in more voids in the wall cavity.

Careful consideration was given to wall design. Pierquet, et al.<sup>52</sup> evaluates the embodied energy of 12 different wall systems and compares them to annual energy savings based on varying R-values. Pierquet, et al. used a standard 2x4 stud wall with fiberglass insulation as the base case, and compared it with wall sections made of strawbale, structural insulated panels (SIPs), I-beam studs, 2x6 studs, autoclaved cellular concrete, and varying combinations of 2x4 construction and rigid foam insulation. Walls with very high R-values included the strawbale and double 2x4 walls. The strawbale wall had the lowest embodied energy. When the fiberglass insulation in the double 2x4 wall was replaced with cellulose, its embodied energy dropped to be almost equal with that of the strawbale wall.

Strawbale walls are not commonly used in northern climates. Special efforts must be made to protect the straw from moisture, and were therefore not considered. SIPs are relatively easy to build with and form a tight air seal. There is considerable embodied energy in the extruded polystyrene (EPS) foam insulation however. For this reason, SIPs were not considered. The double 2x4 wall with cellulose insulation was selected based on embodied energy and R-value criteria.

The concrete basement walls, having a high embodied energy due to their mass, were replaced with wood walls having a lower embodied energy. The wood walls also have a higher R-value. A bare 10" thick concrete basement wall has an R-value of 12 when the thermal insulating effects of the earth are included. A 2x8 wood frame wall (with CCA-treated studs and plywood to resist decay), insulated with cellulose, has an R-value of 39. There is also a net reduction of overall embodied energy of 2.5%. Wood basements are built in Michigan, and at least one local architect<sup>53</sup> uses them. One company in Detroit<sup>54</sup> specializes in wood basements, and has built them for many years.

It must be noted that the chromated copper arsenate (CCA) used to treat the wood is toxic. Manufacturing, use, and disposal of this product may generate serious environmental problems. Alternatives to CCA have showed only moderate success<sup>55</sup>. Another alternative to both cast-in-place concrete, and pre-treated wood foundation walls are pre-cast foundation blocks. These blocks may have lower life cycle energy characteristics. This study did not pursue this alternative.

Except for color (affecting solar absorptivity and reflectivity), roof cover materials have little or no effect on the heat gain or loss through the building envelope because the roof is uninsulated and the attic space is ventilated. However, the asphalt shingles used on SH, have a very high embedded energy per unit of mass. The BEES<sup>56</sup> database indicated that after 20 years, a second layer of asphalt shingles are placed on top of the original layer. At year 40, both shingle layers and the original felt underlayement are removed, and a new layer of shingles and felt underlayment applied. This makes the roof a very energy intensive part of the house. As an alternative, a product consisting of 50% post-industrial vinyl and 50% recycled post-industrial wood<sup>57</sup> was selected. It is similar in appearance to wood shingles. The manufacturer gives a 50 year warranty. This approach reduced the life cycle embodied energy of the roofing materials by 98 %. Another alternative with potentially lower embodied energy are sheet metal based roofing materials. This study did not examine the cost or life cycle energy of this building material.

Steel is a major component of SH GWP. The majority of the steel in the home is found in the duct system, appliances and assorted fasteners. No suitable alternatives to these steel products were identified.

Electrical appliances are complex systems containing many components and materials. A developing body of work in the Life Cycle Design community is dedicated to reducing the life cycle environmental impacts of such products. Because the pre-use phase energy of appliances contribute only a small fraction to the overall environmental burdens of the home, this study did not pursue strategies to reduce them. Determination of the material composition of EEH appliances used the same approach taken in Section 2.6.1 for SH appliances. Appliance mass was determined by requesting shipping weight information from local distributors and product manufacturers. Appliance material composition was checked against material composition data taken from a life cycle inventory study of a kitchen range<sup>58</sup>. Percentages of various materials (e.g., steel, aluminum, glass, plastic) in that study were used in estimating the percentage of materials in other appliances.

The effort to select appliances with lower life cycle energy consumption focused on the use phase. Appliances were selected that conserve electricity by being more efficient. The range and the clothes dryer were switched to run on natural gas because of the overall higher primary energy utilization of natural gas over electricity. About 30% of the power generated by burning fossil fuel in power plants actually reaches the home. This is because of accumulated energy conversion losses of fuel to heat, electrical generation and transmission.

#### 2.7.2 Use Phase

To reduce energy consumption, efforts concentrated on reducing building envelope heat loss, increasing solar heat gain, reducing summer overheating, and employing higher efficiency heating/cooling equipment and appliances. Tables 2-7 through 2-21 list the various design scenarios considered, and detail the advantages and reductions in embodied energy, and state whether they were employed or not.

WAI	LLS - INSULATION	
Strategy:	substitute fiberglass insulation with cellulose, and increase	
	thickness by creating a double 2x4 wall (See sketch of	
	Saskatchewan wall section Figure 2-7)	
Advantage:	improve thermal performance of envelope, reduce embodied	
	energy of insulation per kg, increase recycled content	
SH materials deleted:	fiberglass bat insulation	
SH Mass, wood/fiber glass (50 yr.):	12,297 kg	
SH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	78,027 MJ	
EEH materials added:	additional wood studs, cellulose insulation	
EEH Mass, wood/cellulose (50 yr.):	18,807 kg	
EEH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	108,577 MJ	
Increase of Embodied Energy (50 yr.)	39%	
Comments:	<b>EMPLOYED</b> A major cause for use-phase energy	
	consumption reductions	

 TABLE 2-7
 Energy Efficient Strategy Walls/Insulation

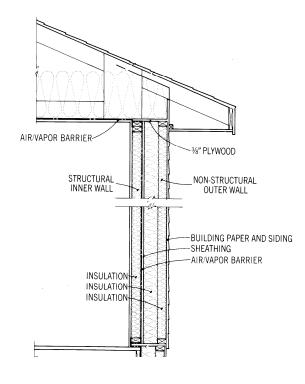
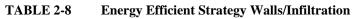


FIGURE 2-7 EEH Saskatchewan Wall System<sup>59</sup>

WALLS - INFILTRATION			
Strategy:	reduce infiltration from average of 0.67 ACH, to 0.35 <sup>60</sup> with		
	caulking, sprayed-in cellulose, (see Figure 2-8)		
Advantage:	reduce use-phase energy consumption		
SH materials deleted:	n/a		
SH Mass (kg for 50 yr.):	n/a		
SH Embodied energy (MJ)	n/a		
EEH materials added:	negligible (caulking)		
EEH Mass (kg for 50 yr.):	negligible		
EEH Embodied energy (MJ)	negligible		
Reduction of Embodied Energy (MJ)	n/a		
Comments:	EMPLOYED		



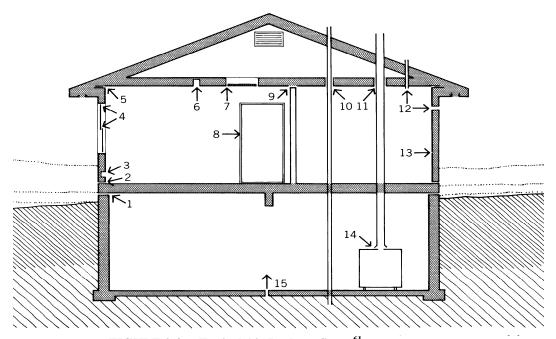


FIGURE 2-8 Typical Air Leakage Spots<sup>61</sup>

Legend: 1-joints between joists and foundation	2-join
3-electrical boxes	4-join
5-joints between wall and ceiling	6-ceil
7-joints at attic hatch	8-crac
9-joints at interior partitions	10-plı
11-chimney penetration of ceiling	12-ba
13-air/vapor barrier tears	14-ch
15-floor drain	

2-joints between sill and floor 4-joints at windows 5-ceiling light fixtures 8-cracks at doors 10-plumbing-stack penetration of ceiling 12-bathroom and kitchen ventilation fans 14-chimney draft air leaks

WALLS - SHEATHING		
Strategy:	replace polyisocyanurate with oriented strand board (OSB)	
Advantage:	reductions in life cycle energy, increased use of renewable resources, additional structural strength	
SH materials deleted:	polyisocyanurate, steel wind bracers	
SH Mass OSB, polyisocyanurate, steel wind bracers (50 yr.):	1,660 kg	
SH Embodied energy (50 years)	10,430 MJ	
EEH materials added:	OSB	
EEH Mass OSB (50 yr.):	2,536 kg	
EEH Embodied energy (50 years)	8,622 MJ	
Reduction of Embodied Energy (50	17%	
years)		
Comments:	EMPLOYED	

 TABLE 2-9
 Energy Efficient Strategy Walls/Sheathing

 TABLE 2-10
 Energy Efficient Strategy Walls/Exterior Siding

WALL - EXTERIOR SIDING			
Strategy:	substitute PVC siding with wood		
Advantage:	reduces embodied energy over the life cycle of the house		
SH materials deleted:	PVC siding panels (77.4 MJ/kg for PVC)		
SH Mass (kg for 50 yr.):	1,098 kg		
SH Embodied energy (MJ)	93,210 MJ		
EEH materials added:	wood siding board (6 MJ/kg), water-based paint (77.6 MJ/kg)		
EEH Mass (kg for 50 yr.):	1,041 kg (including paint)		
EEH Embodied energy (MJ)	28,120 MJ (including repainting every 5 years)		
Reduction of Embodied Energy (MJ)	65,090 MJ		
Comments:	<b>NOT EMPLOYED</b> because of higher maintenance		
	requirements, and low amount of wood suitable for recycling		

<b>TABLE 2-11</b>	Energy	<b>Efficient Strategy</b>	<b>Roof/Insulation</b>
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RC	OOF INSULATION		
Strategy:	substitute fiberglass insulation with cellulose, and increase		
	thickness (attic), modify roof truss to accommodate for		
	additional ceiling insulation (see Figure 2-9)		
Advantage:	SH ceiling is R-23, EEH ceiling is R-49. Cellulose has better		
	air infiltration properties and lower EE.		
SH materials deleted:	blown-in fiberglass		
SH Mass (50 yr.):	476 kg		
SH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	11,735 MJ		
EEH materials added:	blown-in cellulose		
EEH Mass (50 yr.):	1,506 kg		
EEH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	5,599 MJ		
Reduction of Embodied Energy (50 yr.):	52%		
Comments:	EMPLOYED (although there may be added construction		
	difficulties)		

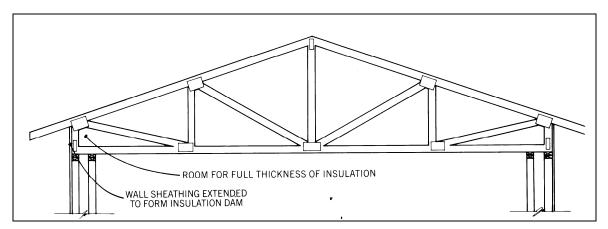


FIGURE 2-9 Raised Roof (to accommodate sufficient ceiling insulation)<sup>from 62</sup>

ROOF - SHINGLES		
Strategy:	substitute asphalt shingle roofing with recycled plastic/wood fiber shingles <sup>63</sup>	
	plastic/wood fiber shingles <sup>63</sup>	
Advantage:	lower embodied energy	
SH materials deleted:	asphalt shingles and No. 15 Felt underlayment	
SH Mass (50 yr., 2 replacements):	8,862 kg	
SH Embodied energy (50 yr. 2 replacement):	142,587 MJ	
EEH materials added:	recycled-plastic/ wood composite shingles	
EEH Mass (50 yr., no replacement):	441 kg	
EEH Embodied energy (50 yr., no	3,023 MJ	
replacement):		
Reduction of Embodied Energy (50 yr.):	98%	
Comments:	EMPLOYED	

<b>TABLE 2-12</b>	Energy	Efficient	Strategy	<b>Roof/Shingles</b>
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<b>TABLE 2-13</b>	Energy Efficient Strategy Basement/Walls
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BASEMENT - WALLS	
Strategy:	replace 10" concrete foundation wall with 2x8 wood frame
	wall with cellulose insulation
Advantage:	increases thermal insulation and reduces embodied energy
SH materials deleted:	10" concrete basement walls, drywall inside
SH Mass concrete foundation wall/floor	172,060 kg
slab, damp proofing (50 yr.):	
SH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	285,641 MJ
EEH materials added:	2x8 wood studs (12" on center), 8" thick sprayed-in cellulose,
	plywood, PE foil, and drainage gravel outside, drywall inside
EEH Mass wood structure, cellulose,	190,075 kg
drainage gravel, concrete footing/floor	
slab (50 yr.):	
EEH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	276,001 MJ
Reduction of Embodied Energy (50 yr.):	3.4%
Comments:	EMPLOYED

BASEMENT - INSULATION		
Strategy:	insulate foundation	
Advantage:	Reduces heat losses through basement walls	
SH materials deleted:	10" concrete basement walls	
SH Mass concrete foundation wall/floor	172,060 kg	
slab, damp proofing (50 yr.):		
SH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	285,641 MJ	
EEH materials added:	Foam board insulation	
EEH Mass (50 yr.):	not calculated	
EEH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	not calculated	
Reduction of Embodied Energy (50 yr.):	not calculated	
Comments:	NOT EMPLOYED (Wood basement used)	

 TABLE 2-14
 Energy Efficient Strategy Basement/Insulation

<b>TABLE 2-15</b>	Energy Efficient Strategy Floors/Tiling & Thermal Mass
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FLOORS - TILING & THERMAL MASS		
Strategy:	install tile floors and specify limited use of throw-down rugs	
Advantage:	create thermal storage mass, reduce embodied energy	
	consumption of carpet	
SH materials deleted:	2x10 floor with carpet	
SH Mass carpet first floor (50 yr.):	3,284 kg	
SH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	403,972 MJ	
EEH materials added:	2x12 rafters, 12" on center, OSB, 3" concrete, 0.75" tiles, (carpet	
	only in bedroom and closet/closet hallway)	
EEH Mass concrete/tiles/mortar (50 yr.):	27,445 kg	
EEH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	134,736 MJ	
Reduction of Embodied Energy (50 yr.):	67%	
Comments:	<b>NOT EMPLOYED</b> heating energy actually increased with the above arrangement at an additional cost for concrete/tile floor of about \$19,000. Only when insulation was put underneath the concrete, did the heating energy decrease to the value of a $2x10$ floor with fiberglass insulation.	

<b>TABLE 2-16</b>	Energy Efficient Strategy Floors/Alternate Covering Material
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FLOORS - ALTERNATE COVERING MATERIAL		
Strategy:	replace carpet with material with lower embodied energy	
Advantage:	lower embodied energy	
SH materials deleted:	carpet	
SH Mass carpet entire home (50 yr.):	n/a	
SH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	n/a	
EEH materials added:	e.g., cork	
EEH Mass (50 yr.):	n/a	
EEH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	not available	
Reduction of Embodied Energy (50 yr.):	n/a	
Comments:	<b>NOT EMPLOYED</b> best alternative appeared to be cork, but was considered to be too expensive (although provides large savings in embodied energy). Initial installation cost were approximately 2.5 times higher than carpet, although life cycle cost was 10% lower, due to a lower replacement rate and less maintenance.	

WINDOWS - GLAZING AREA		
Strategy:	Increase window area from 337 ft <sup>2</sup> (using double lowE/argon	
	in EEH) to 490 ft <sup>2</sup> (double lowE/argon in EEH)	
Advantage:	Increases solar gain while reducing heating (and possibly	
	cooling loads)	
EEH original Mass (50 yr.):	923 kg (from glazing area of 337 ft2)	
EEH original Embodied energy (50 yr.):	36,603 MJ	
EEH materials added:	LowE glass, argon, (additional 153 ft2)	
EEH new Mass (50 yr.):	1,342 kg	
EEH new Embodied energy (50 yr.):	23,559 MJ	
Increase of Embodied Energy (50 yr.):	7,356 MJ	
Comments:	LOW-E COATING EMPLOYED,	
	INCREASED GLAZING AREA NOT EMPLOYED	
	Additional glazing area is not effective because of increased	
	annual primary energy consumption. See section 3.5.1 for	
	additional explanation.	

 TABLE 2-17
 Energy Efficient Strategy Windows/Glazing Area

 TABLE 2-18
 Energy Efficient Strategy Appliances

	APPLIANCES
Strategy:	Where feasible, replace appliances using electricity with appliances that use natural gas. Install highest-efficiency appliances everywhere else
Advantage:	Using natural gas reduces primary energy consumption by a factor of about 3, Higher efficiency appliances lower use phase energy
SH Appliances:	Refrigerator, Garbage Disposal, Water Heater, Range, A/C Central Unit, Dishwasher, Clothes Washer and Dryer, and Furnace
Appliances not used in EEH anymore:	Garbage Disposal (composting or vermiculture assumed)
Appliances in EEH with increased efficiency:	Refrigerator, Furnace, Water Heater, Range, A/C Central Unit, Dishwasher, Clothes Washer and Dryer
Reduction of Embodied Energy (50 yr.):	no change assumed
Reduction of Use-Phase Energy	40%
Comments:	EMPLOYED

TABLE 2-19	Energy	Efficient	Strategy	Lighting
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LIGHTING		
Strategy:	Replace all incandescent bulbs with florescent bulbs.	
Advantage:	Reduces use phase energy	
SH materials deleted:	All incandescent bulbs	
EEH materials added:	Compact and tube florescent bulbs	
Reduction of Use-Phase Energy (50 yr.):	686 kWh/year reduction (73% reduction)	
Comments:	EMPLOYED	

BUILDING-INTEGRATED SHADING		
Strategy:	Provide for optimum overhang on all windows (see Figure 2-	
	10), based on Ann Arbor's latitude	
Advantage:	Allows full winter sun access but cuts out significant amounts	
	of summer sun, reducing summer heat gain	
SH materials deleted:	None	
SH Mass (50 yr.):	None	
SH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	None	
EEH materials added:	roof truss lumber, OSB roof sheathing, shingles	
add'l EEH Mass OSB, 2x4 lumber,	260 kg	
plastic/roof roof shingles (50 yr.):		
EEH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	17,872 MJ	
Increase of Embodied Energy (50 yr.):	17,872 MJ	
Comments:	EMPLOYED	

 TABLE 2-20
 Energy Efficient Strategy Building-Integrated Shading

 TABLE 2-21
 Energy Efficient Strategy Hot Water Heat Exchanger

HOT WATER HEAT EXCHANGER			
Strategy:	Recover waste heat from disposed-of hot water, utilizing a		
	heat transfer coil that passes collected waste hot water around		
	the hot water intake supply line.		
Advantage:	Reduces the natural gas consumption for water heating by		
	40% (preheating water to the hot water heater)		
SH materials deleted:	None		
SH Mass (50 yr.):	None		
SH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	None		
EEH materials added:	copper tubing, solder		
EEH Mass (50 yr)	not calculated		
EEH Embodied energy (50 yr.):	not calculated		
Increase of Embodied Energy (50 yr.):	not calculated		
Comments:	EMPLOYED reduces annual consumption of natural		
gas by 211 kg/yr.			

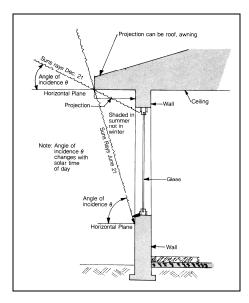


FIGURE 2-10 Optimum Window Overhang Design<sup>64</sup>

Solar orientation was also considered. The Princeton (SH) was built with the greatest amount of windows facing north (see Figures 2-1 and 2-4). In an Energy-10 simulation, the SH with true orientation was compared with an SH rotated 180°. Rotating the building reduced annual energy heating by 8/10 of a percent. Because this incremental increase in solar gain was obtained at no additional material cost, the EEH was modeled with a 180° rotation.

#### 2.7.3 EEH Electrical Energy Use

EEH electrical energy consumption was determined in an identical fashion to SH. Appendix D-1 provides a list of those appliances modeled and their annual energy use.

#### 2.8 Life Cycle Cost Analysis

The life cycle cost of SH was determined by adding the accumulated home finance payments (down and mortgage payments), annual utility payments, and scheduled maintenance and improvement costs. These represent all costs borne by the homeowner excluding items outside the study scope (e.g., furniture, landscaping, home insurance, property taxes).

The mortgage down-payment was assumed to be 15% of the home purchase value. Monthly mortgage payments were determined using an annual interest rate of 7% over a mortgage period of 30 years, payable at the first of the month. No refinancing was assumed, and these costs did not vary over the 30 year period.

The cost of EEH was calculated by:

- 1. determining the constructed cost of SH by dividing out the developers profit first, assumed to be  $20\%^{65}$ , and then subtracting the cost of the property, \$55,000<sup>66</sup>. This gives the construction value of SH,
- 2. determining appropriate material and labor unit rates and contractor overheads for Michigan<sup>67</sup>; adjusting cost data (if more that one year old) using a 3% annual escalation rate,
- 3. defining which SH systems were to be replaced by more energy efficient systems, determining material quantities and installed cost; subtracting this cost from the construction value of SH in step 1,
- 4. defining new EEH systems and determining material quantities and installed costs; adding this cost to the result of step 3,
- 5. adding back property cost, and then the developer's profit used in step 1.

EEH annual mortgage costs were then determined using the same finance assumptions for SH.

Yearly home maintenance and improvement costs for both SH and EEH were based on the replacement timetable given in Table 2-4. Material quantities were determined for each task, and future labor and material unit rates calculated using a 3% annual escalation factor.

Year-one annual energy costs for SH were determined by first calculating annual natural gas usage (from energy-10 modeling) and electricity usage based on annual consumption data for home appliances (refer to Appendix D), and then multiplying by Ann Arbor utility rates of \$0.462/therm and \$0.08/kWh (residential rates<sup>68</sup>). Year one annual energy costs for EEH were determined by using the same approach except that energy consumption data for electrical appliances was selected from a list of most energy efficient equipment on the market<sup>69</sup>.

Annual utility rates vary over time depending on numerous economic and political factors and have traditionally defied prediction. The task of estimating future natural gas and grid electric unit rates for the next 50 years was therefore not attempted. Instead, four energy rate scenarios were used to determine sensitivity of changing rates over time. The scenarios are summarized in Table 2-22 below:

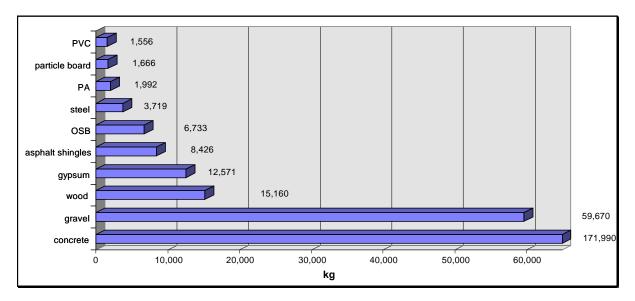
Scenario	Description of Scenario	Source
1	Natural gas rates remain constant for 50 years Electricity rates remain constant for 50 years	Base Case
2	Natural gas rates decline 1.1 %/yr. from 1998 up to 2010, rises 0.03% /yr. up to 2020. Does not change from 2021 to 2048	EIA DOE <sup>70</sup>
	Electricity rates decline 1 %/yr. From 1998 up to 2010, declines an additional 0.58%/yr. until 2020. Does not change from 2021 to 2048	
	Natural gas rates escalate 4.2 %/yr. from 1998 until 2010. This gives an increase of 63% at year 2010. Annual escalation between 2011 and 2048 assumed to be 1%.	Wefa Inc. <sup>71</sup>
	Electricity rates escalate 4.2 %/yr. from 1998 until 2010 This gives an increase of 63% at year 2010. Annual escalation between 2011 and 2048 assumed to be 1%.	
4	Natural gas costs \$0.721/therm in 1998 and increase annually 1% until 2048.	German <sup>72</sup>
	Electricity costs \$0.127 \$/kWh in 1998 and increase annually 1% until 2048.	

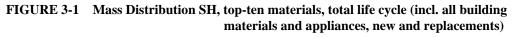
 TABLE 2-22
 Utility Rate Escalation Scenarios

## 3.0 RESULTS

#### 3.1 Life Cycle Mass

The total life cycle mass of all construction and maintenance/improvement materials of SH, consumed during its assumed 50-year life-time, was determined to be 305.9 metric tons. Figure 3-1 shows the 10 SH materials with the largest life cycle mass contributions (the materials shown represent 89.4% of SH mass over 50 years).





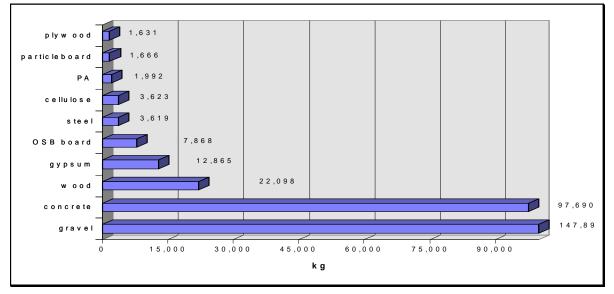
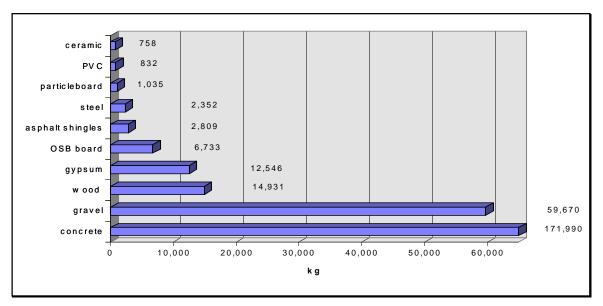


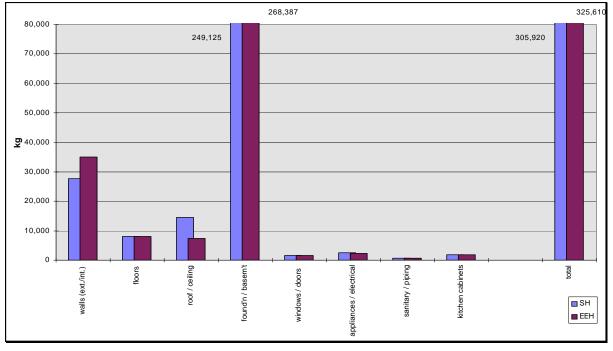
FIGURE 3-2 Mass Distribution EEH, top-ten materials, total life cycle (incl. all building materials and appliances, new and replacements)

The total life cycle mass of all construction and maintenance/improvement materials of EEH, consumed during its assumed 50-year life-time, was determined to be 325.6 metric tons..

Figure 3-2 shows the 10 EEH materials with the largest life cycle mass contributions (the materials shown represent 92.4% of EEH mass over 50 years). EEH is more massive because the additional weight of gravel and lumber exceed the weight of deleted concrete. Figure 3-3 shows the weight of the top-10 materials for SH that are used in the initial construction of the home. The total weight of SH after construction is 277.4 metric tons, while the weight of all maintenance and improvement materials in SH is 28.3 metric tons.







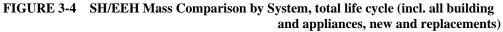


Figure 3-4 shows the SH and EEH life cycle materials by home system as defined in 2.6. Figures 3-5 and 3-6 provide a percentage breakdown of all materials in both SH and EEH.

Four basic material types were identified: minerals (e.g., gravel, gypsum, limestone), metals, petroleum based (e.g., plastics, solvents), and timber. Minerals include all materials extracted from the earth that are used without excessive processing including gravel, gypsum and concrete. Petrochemicals include all plastics, solvents and adhesives.

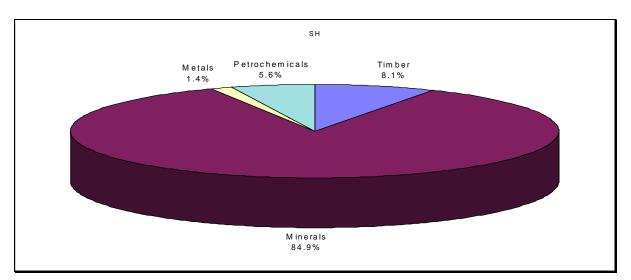


FIGURE 3-5 SH Mass Breakdown by Material Groups, total life cycle (incl. all building materials and appliances, new and replacements)

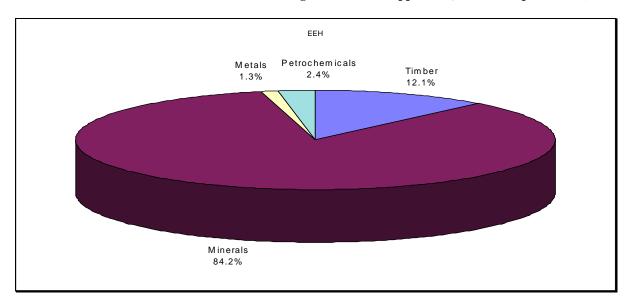


FIGURE 3-6 EEH Mass Breakdown by Material Groups, total life cycle (incl. all building materials and appliances)

#### 3.2 Life Cycle Energy Consumption

The total life cycle energy consumption of SH is 15,455 GJ (equal to 2,525 barrels of crude oil). This takes into account the embodied energy of all construction and maintenance/improvement materials, all use phase energy, as well as demolition and transportation energy. SH raw material extraction/production and construction (pre-use phase) energy is 942 GJ or 6.1% of total life cycle energy use, while its use phase energy is 14,482 GJ (93.7%), and its end-of-life phase energy amounts to 31 MJ (0.2%).

The total life cycle energy of EEH in contrast is 5,653 GJ (equal to 927 barrels of oil). Raw material extraction/production and construction (pre-use) phase energy is 905 GJ (16.0%), use phase energy is 4,714 GJ (83.4%) and end-of-life phase energy is 34 GJ (0.6%). EEH life cycle energy consumption is 9,802 GJ less than the SH, which is a reduction of 63% (or 1,598 barrels of oil). Figure 3-7 graphically illustrates the percentage of pre-use, use, and end-of-life phase energy in both SH and EEH.

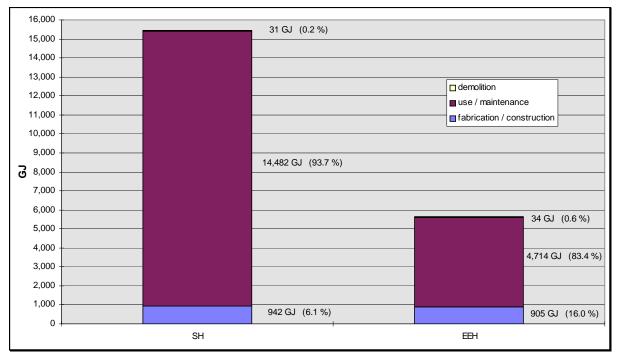


FIGURE 3-7 SH and EEH Primary Energy, total life cycle (incl. all building materials, appliances, and utility energy consumption)

SH energy consumption due to heating, cooling, and electricity consumption contributed 95.8% (13,877 GJ) to the use-phase number. The remaining 4.2% (605 GJ) came from replacement and home improvement materials. The same break-down for EEH on the other hand shows that 89% (4,195 GJ) of the use-phase primary energy is also consumed as natural gas and electricity, while 11% (519 GJ) went into replacement and home improvement materials.

Figures 3-8 and 3-9 show the total life cycle primary energy of the 15 most energy intensive materials in SH and EEH, respectively. In both houses, PA (polyamid) as a main constituent

of carpet, consumes the most energy. This is a result of the high embodied energy of PA, the large amount of carpet used, and the fact that the carpet has a high replacement rate (every eight years). Alternative flooring materials with lower embodied energy were explored.

Cork tiling and parquet wood flooring do have lower embodied energy, and also have other aesthetic properties. The higher cost of these alternatives led to their being disqualified however. The initial installation cost of a cork floor covering, replacing all carpet and tiles on the first and second floors would be 2.4 higher than that for carpet. However, over the full life cycle of the house, cork would be approximately 10% less expensive, using established cost estimation data<sup>73</sup>. This is because with proper care (sanding and application of two layers of lacquer every 10 years), it does not need to be replaced over the 50 year life of the home<sup>74</sup>. Another alternative to carpet is tongue-and-groove wood flooring. This option was not investigated.

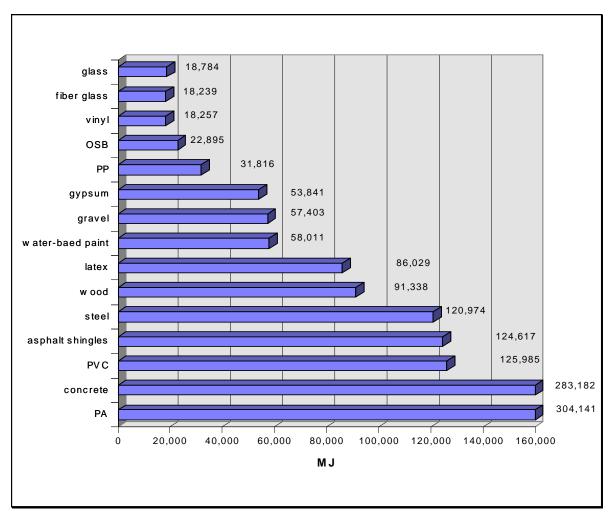


FIGURE 3-8 SH Primary Energy Consumption of top 15 materials, total life cycle (incl. all building materials and appliances)

Redesign of the EEH foundation has reduced concrete life cycle energy consumption by nearly half, and has more than doubled gravel life cycle energy. As a result of the EEH roof redesign, asphalt has been eliminated altogether, and its replacement (plastic/wood composite) is not even in the list of the 15 most energy intensive materials.

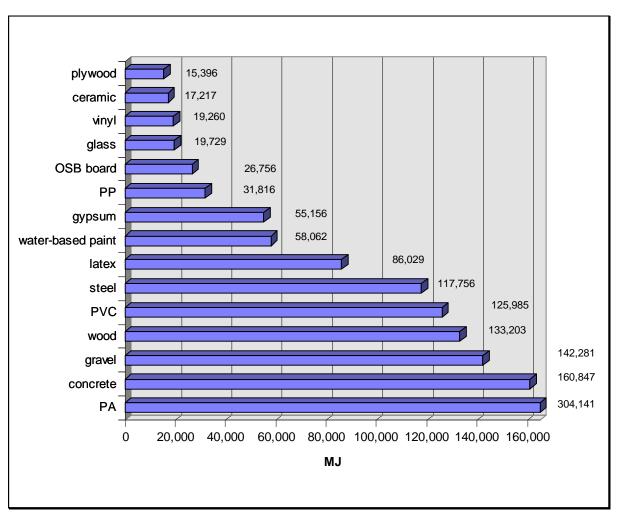


FIGURE 3-9 EEH Primary Energy Consumption of top 15 materials, total life cycle (incl. all building materials, and appliances)

Figure 3-10 shows annual natural gas use for both SH and EEH. The dramatic decrease in natural gas consumption is due to the greatly improved thermal envelope, a much more efficient HVAC system, causing a decrease in heating natural gas consumption of 91.8%, and a hot water heat recovery unit (providing a decrease of 40%). While EEH uses natural gas for the stove and dryer (which is not the case for SH), EEH total annual natural gas use is only 21% that of SH.

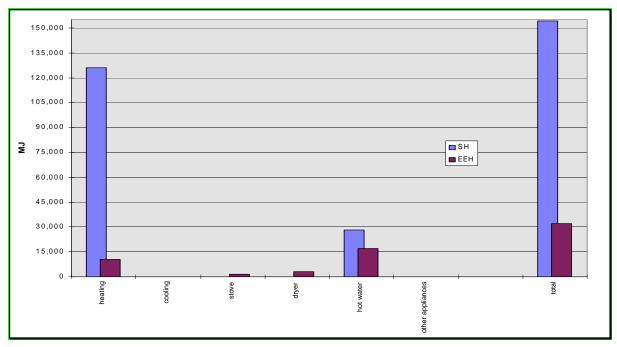


FIGURE 3-10 SH/EEH Annual Natural Gas Energy Use

Annual electricity use for both, SH and EEH is shown in Figure 3-11. EEH electricity use for cooling is approximately half of that for SH, again due to an improved thermal envelope, and a much more efficient HVAC system. SH uses electricity for the stove and dryer. EEH electricity use for other appliances is also almost half due to more efficient lights and appliances. EEH annual electricity use is reduced to only 58% that of SH.

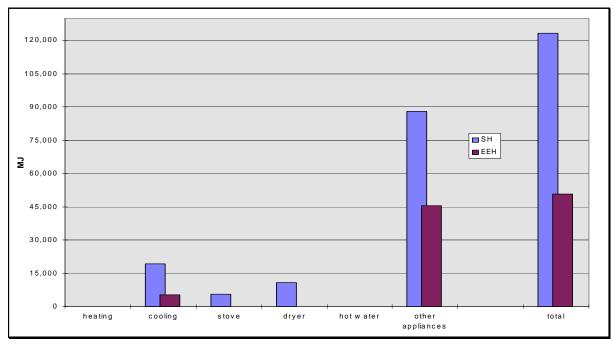


FIGURE 3-11 SH/EEH Annual Electrical Energy Use

Energy-10 determined that the annual heating energy requirement of SH was 120 MJ based on a value of 46.4 kBtu/ft2. This value was compared to the average 1993 heating energy for Midwest homes (average size 1,880ft<sup>2</sup>) of 97 MJ<sup>75</sup>. Normalized for SH floor area, this is equal to 127 MJ which is within 6% of the calculated SH annual heating energy.

Figure 3-12 provides life cycle energy of all systems (including embodied energy of construction and maintenance/improvement materials) for both SH and EEH. For both houses, floors and foundation/basement are the two highest energy consumers with walls being the third highest. The SH roof is the fourth largest energy user.

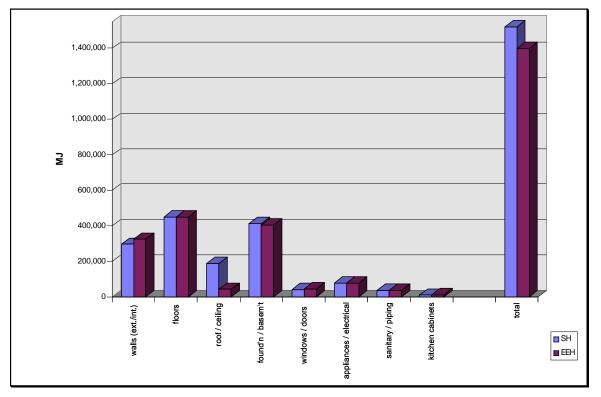


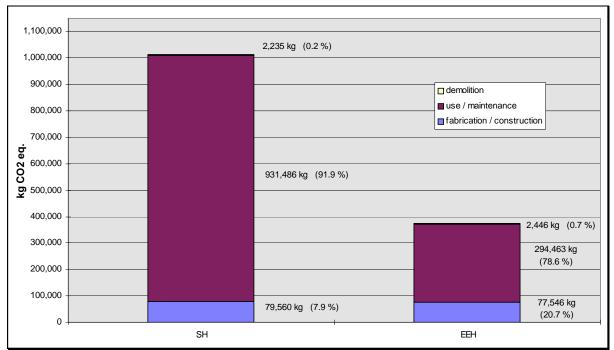
FIGURE 3-12 SH/EEH Life Cycle Energy Comparison by System (incl. only building consumption)

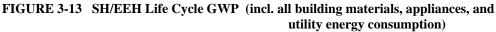
#### 3.3 Life Cycle Global Warming Potential

The total global warming potential for SH (see Figure 3-13) was determined to be 1,013 metric tons of  $CO_2$  equivalent. This includes all GWP gases emitted to the atmosphere during:

- extraction and processing of raw materials
- manufacturing and assembly of construction components and finished goods
- transportation of all materials in the pre-use phase (rail and truck),
- construction of the home
- use phase (home heating and power plant emissions generating electricity for the home)
- end-of-life demolition
- disposal transportation to landfill/recycling centers

The total global warming potential for EEH on the other hand was determined to be only 374 metric tons of  $CO_2$  equivalent. The design changes therefore brought about a reduction of 639 metric tons of GWP gases over the 50 years period. This is a 63% reduction.





Figures 3-14 and 3-15 show life cycle GWP emissions of the fifteen materials contributing the largest quantities of GWP gases in SH and EEH.

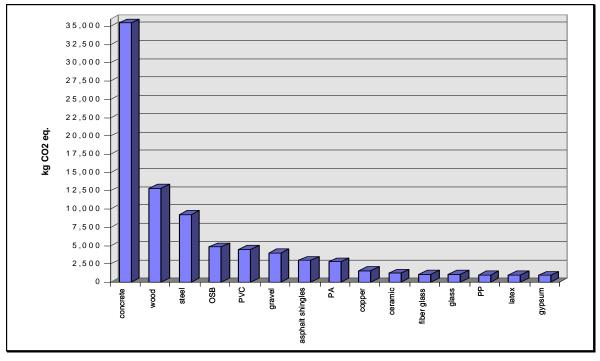


FIGURE 3-14 SH Global Warming Potential of the top-15 materials, Total Life Cycle (incl. all building materials, and appliances)

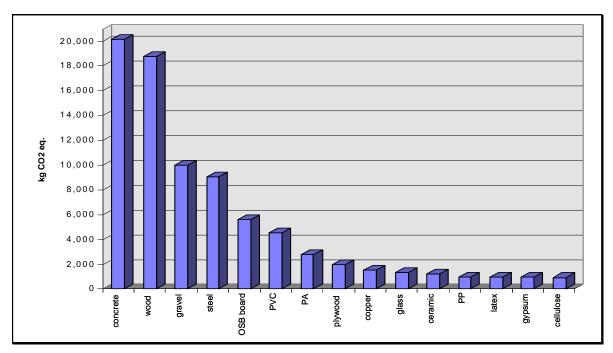


FIGURE 3-15 EEH Global Warming Potential of the top-15 materials, Total Life Cycle (incl. all building materials, and appliances)

Figure 3-16 compares life cycle GWP for construction and maintenance/improvement materials for the eight systems in SH and EEH (use-phase-utility related GWP not included). EEH walls produce more life-cycle GWP because of the additional wood in the thicker wall. Pre-use phase GWP for EEH is 2,014 kg less than SH.

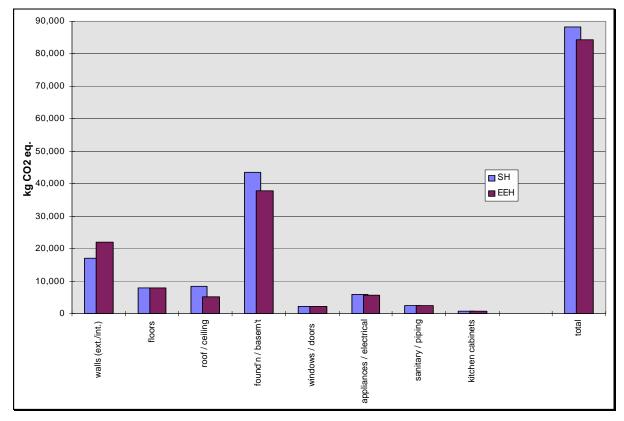


FIGURE 3-16 SH/EEH Life Cycle GWP by System (only for construction/maintenance materials, and appliances; no utilities)

#### 3.4 Life Cycle Cost Analysis

#### 3.4.1 Description of Scenarios

As explained in Section 2.8, four energy cost escalation scenarios were established to determine how both, discounted present value cost and un-discounted cumulative life cycle cost vary with changes in future energy prices. Following are more complete descriptions of the various scenarios:

Scenario 1 Constant Energy Costs

To provide a baseline for the other energy cost comparisons, scenario 1 was run with rates for the natural gas, and grid-supplied electricity remaining at 1998 levels for 50 years.

#### Scenario 2 <u>DOE Projection<sup>76</sup> (falling energy costs)</u>

The DOE projection foresees falling energy costs of utility-supplied natural gas and electricity due to the increased efficiency of new power plants built to replace aging lower efficiency power plants, and due to utility deregulation. Natural gas prices fall 1.1% annually between 1998 and 2010, and thereafter rise 0.03% annually between 2010 and 2020. It was assumed that prices stabilize between 2021 and 2048. Electricity prices fall 1% annually between 1998 and 2010, and thereafter decline only 0.48% annually between 2011 and 2020. It was assumed that prices stabilize between 2021 and 2048.

Scenario 3 <u>Wefa Projections for Global Warming<sup>77</sup> (Rising Energy Costs)</u> Wefa Inc. a Panesulvenia based consulting firm, performed a study

Wefa Inc., a Pennsylvania-based consulting firm, performed a study to determine the impact of global warming legislation on US utility rates. The study assumes rapidly escalating energy prices as a result of US energy policies to meet the CO<sub>2</sub> reduction targets outlined in the Kyoto Agreement. The projection assumes both natural gas and electricity costs rise 4.2% annually between 1998 and 2010. It is assumed that energy costs escalate 1% annually thereafter until 2048.

Scenario 4 Current German Energy Costs

To provide a broader perspective on the impact of higher utility costs, a fourth scenario was run using 1998 energy rates in Germany. Utility-supplied energy in the City of Dresden costs 0.127/kWh and 0.721/therm for electricity and natural gas respectively<sup>78</sup>. Both of these values are approximately 59% higher than US energy prices. The scenario assumes energy prices rise 1% annually between 1998 and 2048.

3.4.2 Summary of Present Cost Analysis

The time value of money makes investments made in the future worth less today at a given discount rate. The additional cost of EEH was determined to be \$22,801 (see appendix E page 153, for a complete breakdown of differential costs between EEH and SH). To determine if this additional \$22,801 spent on EEH energy efficient enhancements would be

economically justifiable, the present value of both SH and EEH was calculated for comparison. Using a discount rate of 4%, the present value of each future annual total cost was determined. This determines an amount, that if set aside in 1998, at 4% compounded interest, would be sufficient to meet all future costs. This provides a means of comparing the two options as if they were investments. Table 3-1a below summarizes the present value of SH and EEH for the four utility escalation scenarios. For comparison, the same calculation was performed using a 10% discount rate (see Table 3-1b).

Scenario	SH present value	EEH present value	Present Value Difference between SH and EEH
1	\$426,697	\$434,122	(\$7,425)
2	\$423,544	\$433,063	(\$9,519)
3	\$445,842	\$440,408	\$5,434
4	\$454,343	\$443,200	\$11,143

 TABLE 3-1a
 Present Value LC Cost for Various Utility Escalation Scenarios (4% discount rate)

 TABLE 3-1b
 Present Value LC Cost for Various Utility Escalation Scenarios (10% discount rate)

Scenario	SH present value	EEH present value	Present Value Difference between SH and EEH
1	\$231,561	\$237,458	(\$5,898)
2	\$230,506	\$237,114	(\$6,608)
3	\$237,272	\$239,309	(\$2,037)
4	\$242,316	\$240,943	\$1,373

Tables 3-1a and 3-1b indicate that the higher initial cost of \$22,801 for EEH energy efficient enhancements do not pay for themselves (from a present value perspective) at falling or constant energy prices during the next 50 years. At escalating energy prices (Wefa-scenario) EEH is marginally better at a 4% discount rate and, worse at 10% discount rate. If the US adopted German energy prices that continued to escalate, EEH would be a marginally better investment.

#### 3.4.3 Accumulated (un-discounted) Life Cycle Costs

Life cycle costs in this study consists of accumulated mortgage, natural gas, electricity and maintenance/improvement costs over the assumed 50 year life of the home. The accumulated, un-discounted summation of these costs are presented in Figures 3-17 through 3-20 based on the energy-price escalation scenarios. Tables 3-2 through 3-5 summarize the major components of life cycle cost for each scenario. The linear portion of each curve (year 1 through 30) indicates constant annual costs. The slope change after year 30 represents completion of mortgage payments. Abrupt slope changes throughout the curves represent home maintenance and improvement payments with large expenditures at years 25 and 40.

Scenarios 1 and 2 are relatively close, indicating that constant and falling energy rates affect life cycle cost comparisons between EEH and SH little. Scenarios 3 and 4 are also relatively similar, indicating that the Wefa energy cost projection would bring US energy costs more in line with those in Germany or Europe in general.

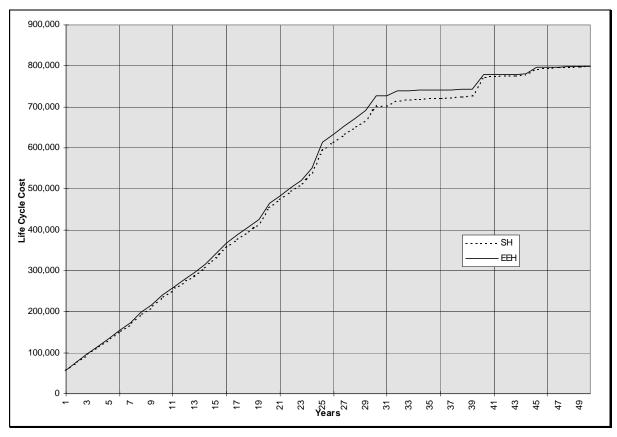


FIGURE 3-17 Life Cycle Costs Using Utility Escalation Scenario 1

The accumulated life cycle costs of scenario 1 are higher in EEH up until year 48, and are \$1,054 (or 0.1%) less at year 50.

TABLE 3-2	Life Cycle Cost Elements for Utility Escalation Scenario 1
-----------	--

LIFE CYCLE COST ELEMENT	SH		EEH	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
MORTGAGE COSTS	\$546,314	68.3%	\$598,216	74.8%
NATURAL GAS COSTS	\$32,699	4.1%	\$7,029	0.9%
ELECTRICITY COSTS	\$40,521	5.1%	\$17,014	2.1%
MAINTENANCE COSTS	\$180,828	22.6%	\$177,049	22.2%
TOTALS	\$800,361	100.0%	\$799,307	100.0%

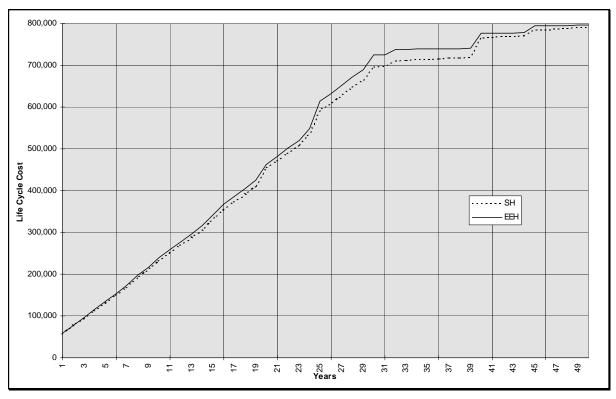


FIGURE 3-18 Life Cycle Costs Using Utility Escalation Scenario 2

The accumulated life cycle costs of scenario 2 are slightly higher in EEH throughout the assumed 50 year home life, being 4,783 higher (0.6%) than SH at year 50.

TABLE 3-3Life Cycle Cost Elements for Utility Escalation Scenario 2
---

LIFE CYCLE COST ELEMENT	SH		EEH	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
MORTGAGE COSTS	\$546,314	69.0%	\$598,216	75.1%
NATURAL GAS COSTS	\$29,208	3.7%	\$6,279	0.8%
ELECTRICITY COSTS	\$35,183	4.4%	\$14,772	1.9%
MAINTENANCE COSTS	\$180,828	22.8%	\$177,049	22.2%
TOTALS	\$791,533	100.0%	\$796,316	100.0%

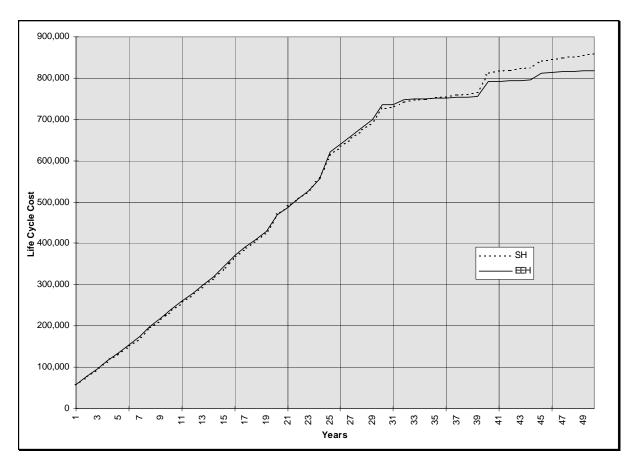


FIGURE 3-19 Life Cycle Costs Using Utility Escalation Scenario 3

The accumulated life cycle costs are slightly higher in EEH up until year 35, and are significantly lower thereafter, being \$40,874 (or 4.8%) less than SH at year 50.

 TABLE 3-4
 Life Cycle Cost Elements for Utility Escalation Scenario 3

LIFE CYCLE COST ELEMENT	SH		EEH	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
MORTGAGE COSTS	\$546,314	63.6%	\$598,216	73.1%
NATURAL GAS COSTS	\$59,177	6.9%	\$12,721	1.6%
ELECTRICITY COSTS	\$73,332	8.5%	\$30,790	3.8%
MAINTENANCE COSTS	\$180,828	21.0%	\$177,049	21.6%
TOTALS	\$859,650	100.0%	\$818,776	100.0%

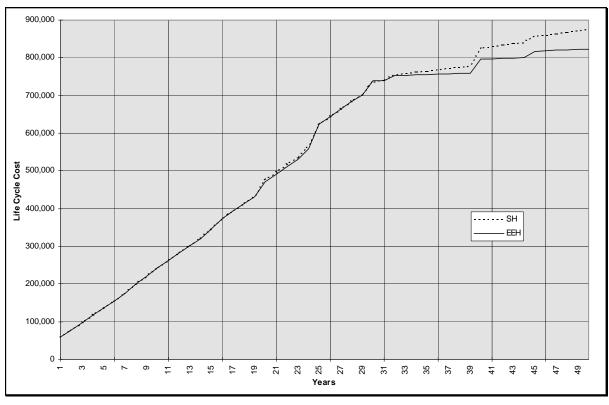


FIGURE 3-20 Life Cycle Costs Using Utility Escalation Scenario 4

The accumulated life cycle costs are almost equal between years 1 to 30, and diverge thereafter, with EEH being \$51,761 (or 5.9%) less than SH at year 50.

LIFE CYCLE COST ELEMENT	SH		ЕЕН	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
MORTGAGE COSTS	\$546,314	62.4%	\$598,216	72.6%
NATURAL GAS COSTS	\$66,416	7.6%	\$14,277	1.7%
ELECTRICITY COSTS	\$82,302	9.4%	\$34,557	4.2%
MAINTENANCE COSTS	\$180,828	20.6%	\$177,049	21.5%
TOTALS	\$875,859	100.0%	\$824,098	100.0%

 TABLE 3-5
 Life Cycle Cost Elements for Utility Escalation Scenario 4

#### 3.4.4 Energy Efficient Mortgages

Energy efficient mortgages (EEM) are financial strategies that allow home owners to increase their housing debt-to-income ratio and total debt-to-income ratio, by two percentage points. These ratios are typically 28% and 36% respectively, and can be raised to 30% and 38% for EEM's<sup>79</sup>. The logic behind this is that with energy efficient measures, the home owner's combined housing related debt consisting of principle, interest, property tax and insurance (PITI) and utility costs will be equal to or less than that for a less energy efficiency home. EEM's qualify home owner's for bigger mortgages.

Table 3-6 below calculates the annual income required to secure a mortgage for both SH and EEH. Even though the EEH purchase price is \$22,801 more than that for SH, because of lower annual utility rates and the two point mark-up on the home debt/income ratio, the annual income required to qualify for an EEH mortgage is \$1,874 less than that required for an SH mortgage.

Compenent	SH	EEH
Home Price	240,000	\$262,801
Down Payment	36,000	\$39,420
Mortgage Amount	204,000	223,381
Interest Rate (annual)	0.075	0.075
Term (Years)	30	30
Monthly Mortgage Payment	\$1,417.54	\$1,552
Monthly Taxes = $0.167\%$ of property value	\$400.80	\$438.88
Monthly Insurance = $0.017\%$ of property value	\$40.80	\$44.68
PITI (mortgage + taxes + insurance)	\$1,859.14	\$2,035.77
Monthly Energy Bills	\$122.03	\$40.07
PITI + Energy bill	\$1,981.17	\$2,075.84
Home debt/income ratio	0.28	0.3
Monthly Income Required	\$7,075.61	\$6,919.45
Annual Income Required	\$84,907.31	\$83,033.44

 TABLE 3-6
 Calculation of Required Annual Incomes using Energy Efficient Mortgages

#### 3.5 Other EEH Design Scenarios

#### 3.5.1 Glazing Area Sensitivity

Of particular interest in the design of EEH was the total glazing area. SH glazing area is 337  $ft^2$ . EEH design for glazing looked at two alternatives; a) 337  $ft^2$  lowE argon and b) 490  $ft^2$  lowE argon. The 490  $ft^2$  value was based on window-to-wall ratios recommended by Energy-10. However, Energy-10 simulations of EEH with 490  $ft^2$  lowE argon windows resulted in an increase of 352 MJ/yr (primary energy) more than the EEH with 337  $ft^2$  lowE argon windows. The increase in glazing area of 153  $ft^2$  lowered heating energy requirements by 501 MJ/yr because of increased solar gain. However, this was offset by increased heat gains requiring additional cooling energy inputs of 853 MJ.

The recommended Energy-10 glazing to floor area for optimal solar gain were:

- North Wall 4% of home floor area
- East Wall 4% of home floor area
- South Wall 12% of home floor area
- West Wall 2% of home floor area

Most likely, these recommendations are for standard 2x4 stud wall construction, and may also not be applicable for areas with low insolation (solar radiation), such as Michigan's.

Standard walls have R-values of between 12 and 14. EEH walls have an R-value of 35. Double glazed windows used in this study have an R-value of 2. This means that a window in a standard wall is a reduction in R-value of about 10 to 12. A window in the EEH wall would be a reduction in R-value of 33. Thus, the higher the insulative value of the wall, the less glazing is desired to reduce winter heat losses and summer heat gains.

Another likely explanation is the fact that South-East Michigan has insufficient insolation during a period when it would be most beneficial for passive solar heating.

#### 3.5.2 HVAC and Infiltration Sensitivity

The air changes per hour (ACH) was modified from 0.67 in SH to 0.4 in EEH. The ACH value used for the EEH Energy-10 simulation however, was set at 0.1. This value was used to reflect a four-fold decrease in ventilation heat loss, achievable with the heat recovery system which would have otherwise not been possible to model in Energy-10. Given the volume of the house (22,500 ft<sup>3</sup>), the actual air exchange rate translates into an airflow of 131 cfm. This is the value used by Energy-10 to calculate the electricity consumption of the ventilation fan.

The effective leakage area (ELA) of SH was determined by a blower-door test<sup>80</sup>. A blowerdoor test is a measure of the total air leakage area in a building. The standard procedure is to set up a variable speed fan in the doorway, close all windows, and induce a vacuum in the building. A manometer is set up to measure the pressure differential between the outside and inside of the building. The fan is calibrated so the flow rate can be determined. The air flow rate exiting the building is equal to the air flow rate entering the building through gaps, vents and various holes in the building envelope. Air flow is measured at differential pressures of 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 and 60 Pascal. Table 3-7 below provides flow rates from the Princeton-Home (SH) test.

House Pressure (Pa)	Fan Pressure (Pa)	Air Flow (cfm)	Fan Configuration
60	74	4,118	Open
50	47	3,290	Open
40	36	2,884	Open
30	27	2,501	Open
20	95	1,720	Ring A
10	39	1,107	Ring A

 TABLE 3-7
 Princeton (SH) Blower-Door Test Data

The data were extrapolated to determine the air flow into the building at a negative pressure differential of 4 Pascal, which is what Energy-10 assumes to be the ambient pressure differential in a residential home under average wind conditions. The ELA for SH was determined to be 153 in<sup>2</sup>. The estimated natural infiltration rate was determined to be 242 CFM (or 0.48 air changes per hour). EEH ELA on the other hand, was set at 20 in<sup>2</sup>. This appears to be the lowest level achievable with present construction methods<sup>81</sup>.

#### 3.5.3 Analysis of the Effectiveness of Energy Efficient Strategies

Figures 3-21 through 3-24 are Energy-10 outputs showing the relative effectiveness of various energy efficiency strategies in achieving reduced cost and energy consumption in EEH. Energy-10 starts with SH, and adopts one energy-efficient strategy, determining the energy and cost savings realized. All other strategies are then sequentially employed individually. Figure 3-21 presents the savings of each of those strategies. It must be noted that the sum of all bars in Figure 3-21 does not equal the total energy savings between SH and EEH. This is because the inclusion of one strategy in most cases decreases the effectiveness of others. Figure 3-21 shows that the most effective strategy for reducing overall annual energy costs is installation of a high efficiency HVAC system. Use of insulation was ranked second and is almost as effective in reducing annual cost.

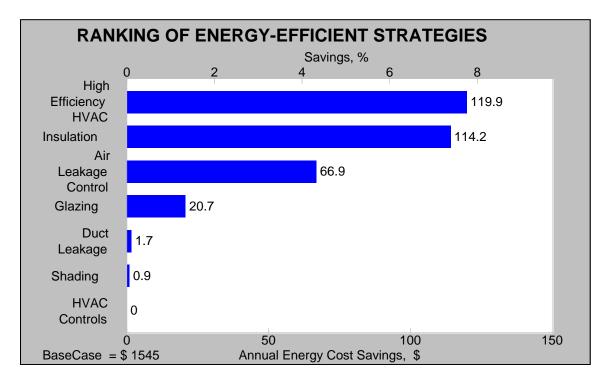


FIGURE 3-21 Annual Energy Cost Savings Ranking EEH Energy Efficient Strategies

The annual cost savings attributable to the energy efficient strategies displayed in Figure 3-21, were compared with the cost differential of installing each strategy. For example, an annual cost savings of \$119.90 results from high efficiency HVAC, which is comprised of a higher efficiency furnace and A/C unit and an air-to-air heat recovery unit.

To determine the pay-back period for each system, the differential installment cost was divided by the annual savings. Table 3-8 provides calculations for seven different (but not all) systems that lend themselves to such comparison. Walls, ceiling and foundation were lumped into one group to allow for comparison with the Energy-10 insulation-savings number.

		INSTALLATION COSTS		ANNUAL	PAY-BACK	
NO.	SYSTEM	SH	EEH	EEH-SH	SAVINGS	PERIOD/YR.
1	FOUNDATION	\$19,778	\$17,818	-\$1,960		
2	FLOOR	\$58	\$0	-\$58		
3	WALLS	\$2,976	\$13,668	\$10,692		
4	CEILING	\$7,722	\$8,741	\$1,018		
	subtotal (1-4)			\$9,692	\$114.2	84.9
5	WINDOW/DOOR	\$4,259	\$5,318	\$1,059	\$20.7	51.2
6	HVAC	\$1,800	\$7,700	\$5,900	\$119.9	49.2
7	APPLIANCES	\$2,730	\$4,830	\$2,100	\$223.4	9.4
	TOTALS	\$39,324	\$58,075	\$18,751		

 Table 3-8
 Pay-back Period for Energy Efficient Strategies

The additional cost of EEH improvement (before developer profit) is \$22,801. As can be deduced from the life cycle cost determinations in Section 3.4, the pay-back period for all EEH improvements is less than 50 years, given than EEH life cycle costs are nearly equal or less than SH life cycle costs. Thus, the greater pay-back time for insulation improvements is combined with the shorter pay-back time for appliance improvements. The air leakage pay-back period was not calculated because the differential cost of improved air leakage prevention was assumed to be absorbed in the additional cost of the wall design.

In terms of reducing annual energy consumption, insulation was the most effective strategy followed by high efficiency HVAC and air leakage control (see Figure 3-22 below).

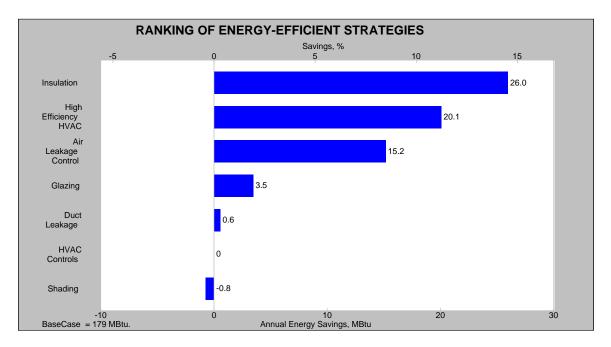


FIGURE 3-22 Annual Energy Savings Ranking EEH Energy Efficient Strategies

While insulation saves more energy, more efficient HVAC systems save more money. This is because per unit of energy delivered to the home, electricity is more expensive than natural gas. Figure 3-23 shows the effectiveness of various strategies in reducing annual heating costs. It reiterates the fact that insulation is much more effective in reducing natural gas space heating requirements. Increased glazing provides some additional savings, while the use of window shading devices (i.e., roof overhangs) actually increase heating requirements (by limiting potential fall/spring heat gains).

Figure 3-24 shows which strategies are most effective at reducing cooling loads. By far the most effective strategy is an efficient HVAC system, consisting of a higher efficiency air conditioning unit, and air-to-air heat exchanger. Window shading is the second best strategy while improved window glazing surfaces (low emissivity) are the next best. Air leakage control has a negative effect on house cooling. More infiltration actually assists in releasing unwanted internal heat gains during warmer periods of the year. Of the strategies tested, added thermal insulation was the most detrimental to home cooling. However, the overall contribution that insulation makes to home energy savings is better understood by observing the scale factors of Figures 3-22 (26 million Btu) and 3-24 (483 thousand Btu).

Figure 3-23 indicates that the most effective strategy employed in the modeling of EEH was added thermal insulation in the building envelope. Energy-10 effectively turned off all other energy efficiency strategies and compared an SH version with EEH thermal insulation with SH. The energy reduction was 26%. With the furnace efficiency increasing from 80 to 95%, it becomes the second most effective measure with about 20% heating energy reduction.

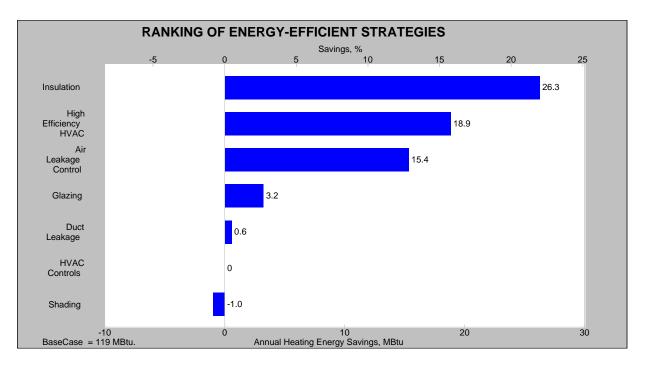
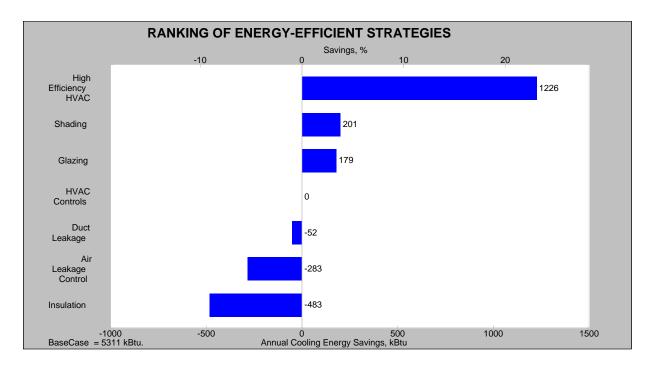
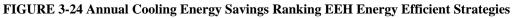


FIGURE 3-23 Annual Heating Energy Savings Ranking EEH Energy Efficient Strategies





#### 3.5.4 Comparison to Other Research

Table 1-1 below compares the results of this study (Princeton SH and EEH) with the four homes analyzed by Cole<sup>82</sup>.

 TABLE 3-9
 Other Studies Determining Percentage of Construction and Use Phase Energy

Building		Size ft2	% of Total Life Cycle Energy		
Status	Name		Pre-Use	Use	Life Cycle Period
			Phase	Phase	of Study (years)
	Princeton (SH)	2,450	6	94	50
Original	Cole (Conventional	3,750	15.8	84.2 <sup>III</sup>	50 <sup>11</sup>
	Vancouver) <sup>I</sup>				
	Cole (Conventional Toronto) <sup>1</sup>	3,750	12.2	87.8 <sup>III</sup>	50 <sup>11</sup>
	Princeton (EEH)	2,450	15	85	50
Improved	Cole (Energy Eff. Vancouver) <sup>I</sup>	3,750	26.3	73.7 <sup>III</sup>	50 <sup>11</sup>
	Cole (Energy Eff. Toronto) <sup>I</sup>	3,750	20.7	79.3 <sup>III</sup>	50 <sup>11</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Conventional homes: 2x4 stud walls with R-24 roof, energy efficient homes: 2x6 stud walls with R-42 roof, additional glazing on south elevation and added thermal mass.

Construction energy includes material manufacturing, transportation and home construction.

<sup>II</sup> Cole's study provided annual heating energy, not life cycle energy. A 50 year life cycle was therefore assumed to normalize percentage results for comparison.

<sup>III</sup> Cole did not provide electrical energy consumption. This would make use phase percentages higher.

The embodied energy in the original houses analyzed by Cole are higher than that of SH (12.2-15.8% vs. 6%). The embodied energy for Cole's energy-efficient houses are also higher than that of EEH (20.7-26.3% vs. 15%).

The reason(s) for these discrepancies are not clear. Most likely, Cole used different assumptions in calculating pre-use and use phase energy. Possible assumptions that Cole may have used include:

- exclusion of electricity consumption
- use of different life cycle inventory data sets
- possible inclusion of the embodied energy of wood
- less comprehensive material inventory
- use of different replacement frequencies, or omission of maintenance and improvement materials altogether

### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS

#### 4.1 General

The most startling result of this study is that total life cycle energy of a new residential home can be reduced by a factor of 2.8 by making incremental design changes that reduce the embodied energy, and the use-phase energy consumption of the home. This was achieved largely with an improved thermal envelope, and an improved HVAC system, and with energy efficient appliances.

While the main focus of this study was life cycle energy and GWP, which are closely linked and mostly parallel functions of each other, mortgage payments are one of the most important factors to a home buyer. The cost analyses performed in this study were based on design modifications made to lower life cycle energy. The EEH model was developed for analytic purposes and would need more engineering design, and cost analysis before it could be used in the market place. The analysis does show that despite a 9.5% increase in the purchase price of an energy efficient home, lower annual energy expenditures make the present value (discounted at 4% over 50-years) nearly equivalent to the more energy consumptive version. Additional sensitivity runs are also needed to find optimal wall thickness, glazing area, and ventilation parameters, both in terms of costs, and environmental impacts. Reductions in the amount of structural framing lumber can also be made.

The applied EEH design modifications employ practices not yet widely used in the US. References to the Saskatchewan wall system used fiber-glass, not cellulose insulation. Wood basement walls lower the embedded energy of the home unit, but most home buyers might be suspect of wood's ability to last the life of the home. Wood basements have been built in Michigan for a number of years however. There is considerable opportunity in the residential home construction industry for cost effective construction methods integrating the energy efficient strategies (refer to tables 2-7 through 2-21) discussed in the study.

Given that life cycle energy use and global warming potential can be reduced by a factor of nearly three without compromising the home as a financial investment, it is natural to ponder why it is not happening. Several possibilities are:

- The home buying market does not consider reduction of environmental burdens as a significant element in evaluating home selection.
- Given that over the life of the home reduced energy costs compensate for higher financing costs, home buyers, who on an average, move about every eight years, do not believe the added cost of energy efficiency will be appraised in future transactions.
- There are no "green" regulatory or market incentives to motivate property developers.
- There is an insufficient volume of low energy homes being built to force the home design and construction industries into developing lower cost, higher efficiency homes. If there was a sufficiently high volume, the market would quickly focus on the life cycle energy savings of EEH- type residences.

#### 4.2 Potential Follow-on Research

Several follow-on research projects, building on the work presented here, are suggested below. Each would need to investigate performance, life cycle energy and cost.

- <u>Thermal envelope</u> Optimization of high thermal resistance properties, lower cost, material intensity, ease of construction, and reduced air infiltration
- <u>Glazing</u> For a given weather region and home layout, determine the glazing area for optimal solar heat gain (winter) and shading (summer), window material embodied energy, overall installed cost and functionality.

One EEH scenario increased EEH glazing by 100% to determine natural gas heating and electrical cooling cost changes. The incremental cost of installing the windows was 7,000. The additional windows reduced heating energy due to increased solar heat gain. This was offset however by an increase in electricity for space cooling. The combination of heating and cooling costs led to an overall life cycle cost increase of \$360. The present value increase (discount-rate = 10%) of the additional windows is \$2,200. If window replacement (in 25 years) is factored in, the discounted (10%) present value increase of additional windows is \$4,600. Impacts to GWP were not calculated.

- <u>Ventilation</u> exploring the life cycle energy of more sophisticated passive solar heating and natural convection systems. What are the economic limits in Michigan for minimizing natural gas heating and ventilation fan power while maintaining adequate fresh air circulation standards?
- <u>Solar hot water heating</u> EEH reduced the natural gas space heating load by 92%. After these reductions, the largest consumer of natural gas is the water heater. What would be the life cycle impacts of solar hot water heating?
- <u>Radiant Floor Heating</u> Design a combined total floor heat radiating system in combination with an air ventilation system and compare life cycle energy with a standard central furnace heating and ventilation system.

#### 4.3 Analysis Tools

More thorough cost/benefit design iterations are needed, comparing functionality, durability, marketability, life cycle energy, and cost. This requires a greater understanding of the architectural design and construction process. The spreadsheets developed during this project combined material quantities, embodied energy data for specific materials, annual heating and electrical requirements, life cycle energy, GWP data, and cost. These were somewhat cumbersome to use, and made analysis of design changes time consuming. Needed is a software program designed to allow greater flexibility in comparing various options while keeping track of different scenarios and maintaining consistency of units.

Such an ideal product would have the following features:

- <u>Graphical Interface</u> Most homes built today are not shoe boxes and tend to have a complicated geometry. At a minimum, the program should be able to create the floor plan and deal with multi-story arrangements. Developers of Energy-10<sup>83</sup> plan to develop a basic graphical interface to supplement the present data entry format required to specify building dimensions. A more sophisticated design engine like 3D Home Architect® Deluxe<sup>84</sup> that can create floor plans, cross sections and 3D views of a building would be very useful. Integration of a full design software tool like AutoCAD®<sup>85</sup> would allow for complete design detailing.
- <u>Quantity Take-off Capability</u> The graphical interface should be capable of producing a complete material take-off of the design. Both, 3D Home Architect® Deluxe and AutoCAD® have this capability. 3D Home Architect® Deluxe is however limited to standard framing conventions and lacks the sophistication to create unique framing solutions.
- <u>Cost Estimation Capability</u> Estimating the cost of a building requires both a complete list of building materials and an up-to-date library of material and labor rates for thousands of different materials and construction techniques. National Estimator '97<sup>86</sup> is one software program that provides much of this, although the materials must be input from the user's material list. Variations in regional pricing, escalation of costs, and specific trade profit mark-ups are critical factors.
- <u>Life Cycle Energy Inventory Capability</u> A generic library consisting of the embodied energy and manufacturing energy of numerous construction materials, and other environmental impact catgories on a per mass basis is critical. Transportation energy is specific to home location, transportation mode (rail, truck or combined) and the location of the source material. Team/Deam<sup>TM</sup>, BEES<sup>87</sup> and LCad<sup>88</sup> are some of the software programs that provide both an energy data base and format to construct the various material and energy flows related to a product.

Development of a software program that meets these overarching requirements would be costly. But without it, the process of assessing design changes in terms of life cycle energy and cost, are extremely laborious and prevent many architects from doing so.

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# **APPENDIX** A

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Survey Form Residential Home LCA Flow Chart Project Flow Chart	62
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### **SURVEY FORM**

1`	) What is the temp	paratura (to the	hast of your	knowladge)	you sat your	thermostat to
1,	) what is the temp	beraiure (io ine	Desi oj your	Knowledge)	you sei your	inermosiai io.

Winter Day	°F	Winter Night	°F	Summer Day	°F	Summer Night	°F
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If you use a more complex system for adjusting your home's temperature (e.g. certain days higher/lower, automated thermostat settings), please provide a brief description below:

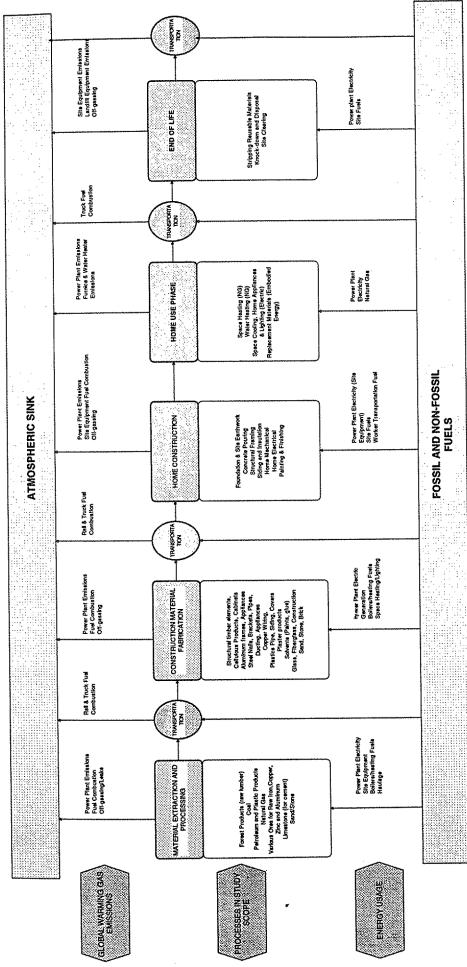
(please continue on the back)

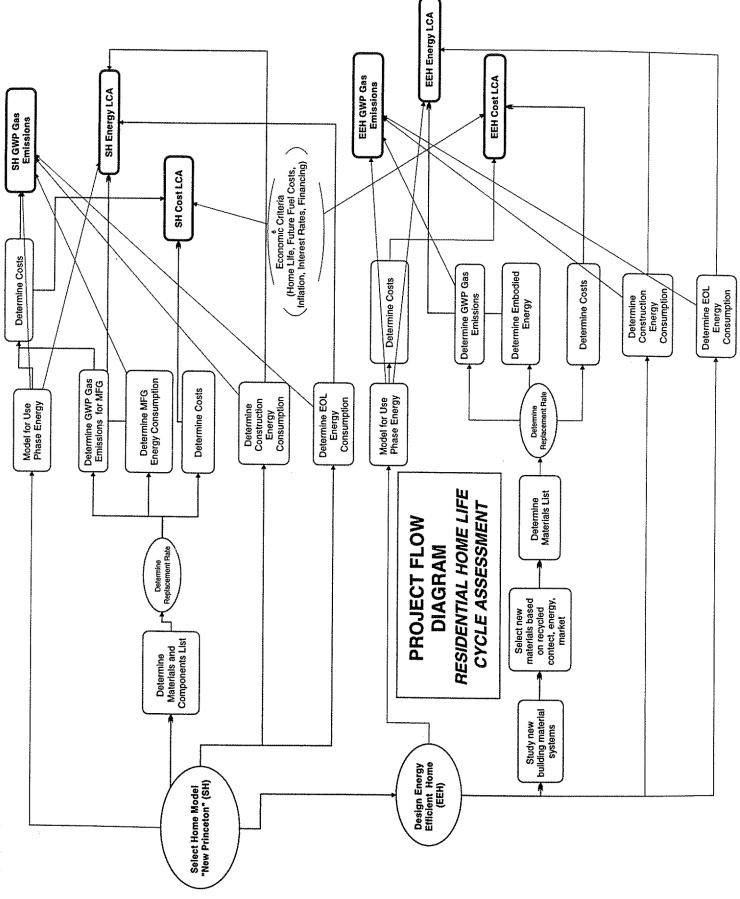
2) Please provide as much of the following information as possible:

Month	<b>Total electricity used</b> (kWh/month)	<b>Natural Gas used</b> ccf (calculated cubic feet)/month
January		
February		
March		
April		
May		
June		
July		
August		
September		
August		
October		
November		
December		

Please use the figures from the statements issued that month. There is no problem if the your statements do not begin on January as long as a complete calendar year is covered.

## LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT DIAGRAM RESIDENTAIL HOME LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT





Top Level Drawing

### **APPENDIX B**

### MASS DETERMINATION SUPPLEMENTS

SH total mass breakdown by materials	65
EEH total mass breakdown by materials	67
SH truss lumber mass inventory	70
SH walls lumber and sheathing mass inventory	71
SH cabinet mass inventory	73
SH miscellaneous materials mass inventory	75
SH pipe and duct work mass inventory	77
SH plumbing mass inventory	78
SH foundation mass inventory	79
SH flooring materials mass inventory	80
SH electrical components mass inventory	81
SH doors mass inventory	82
SH windows mass inventory	84
SH trim lumber mass inventory	86
SH appliances mass inventory	87
SH replacements parts and material mass inventory	88
EEH truss lumber mass inventory	96
EEH walls lumber and sheathing mass inventory	97
EEH cabinet mass inventory	99
EEH miscellaneous materials mass inventory	101
EEH pipe and duct work mass inventory	103
EEH plumbing mass inventory	104
EEH foundation mass inventory	105
EEH flooring materials mass inventory	106
EEH electrical components mass inventory	107
EEH doors mass inventory	108
EEH windows mass inventory	110
EEH trim lumber mass inventory	112
EEH appliances mass inventory	113
EEH replacements parts and material mass inventory	114

Cycle	
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1000	replacement (life cycle)	TOTAL LIFE CYCLE	PERCENTAGES	house) noduction (new house)	comboueut mtg (new house)	TOTAL NEW HOUSE	replacement) (replacement)	component mfg (replacement)	ТОТАL REPLACEMENTS	transportation (pre-use )	( esu-tsoq) noitstroqsnst	NOITATRO92NART JATOT	TOTAL LIFE CYCLE	data source data used as substitute	PERCENTAGES	CO2, new house, mat'l prod	002, new house, mfg	(kg) CH4, new house, mat'l prod	CH4, new house, mat'l prod
ABS				7.4	0.0	537.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	L	4.9	542.3	18.0	%0.0	14.3	0.0	0.0	
aluminum, primary			§ 0.0%	7,997.7		7,997.7	0.0		0.0	31.2		с.	8,036.7	18.0	0.5%	295.2	0.0		36.1
ım, secondary					66.8	66.8		0.0	0.0	34.5	8.6		109.9	18.0	0.0%		4.6		0.0
_				1,836.0	0.0	1,836.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.6				18.0	0.1%	9.8	0.0		2.0
It shingles	5,6′	8,42		1	38,701.1	38,701.1	•	77,402.2	77,402.2	6,811.1	1,702.8	8,513.8	124	18.0	8.2%		74	_	0.0
				717.0	0.0	717.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.8				18.0	0.0%	0.0			0.0
-						15,819.5		618.5	618.5	675.3	16		17,282.2	18.0 ceral	C -		1,070.3	_	0.0
te 181,		181	<u> </u>		_	254,995.9	0 0 1 0	0.0	0.0	28,186.2	0.0	28	283,182.0	18.0	18.6%		32,8		0.0
copper facing hrick	238./ 18.2 475.1 0.0	250.9 0 475.1	0.1%	10,72	1 766 3	11,428.7 1 766 3	810.0	0.0	8/0.4	384.1	096.0	480.1	7.955.7	18.U	0.8%	1,244.0	115.2	2.4	130.9
-	20				8 307 F	8 307 5		8 207 F	8 307 5	332.1			17 030 2	18.0	1 10%		68.0		0.0
SS					17,487.8	17,487.8		0.0	0.0	601.1	150.3		18,239.1	18.0	1.2%		996.5		26.1
-	50	-	_		8,819.7	8,819.7		8,942.3	8,942.3	818.0	50	÷.	18,784.5	σ	lass 1.2%		577.3		0.0
gravel 62,810.5					51,536.1	51,536.1		0.0	0.0	5,867.3			57,403.4	18.0	3.8%		3,453.0		0.0
gypsum 13,341.5		.0 13,367.6		40,25	0.0	40,255.4	78.5	0.0	78.5	10,80	2,701.4	13,507.2	53,841.1	18.0	3.5%	0.0			0.0
22				103.7	0.0	103.7	222.2	0.0	222.2		2.0		335.9	18.0	0.0%	3.0		_	1.0
HDPE					763.3	7,279.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	67.9			7,347.4	5.0		173.0	4		17.4
	1,00	-		7	0.0	12,114.9	72,689.3	0.0	72,689.3		5	-	86,029.1	18.0 SBR	_	126.4			0.0
al spirits				17	0.0	171.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.6			201.2	18.0	0.0%	11.5			0.8
			_	1 000 01	400.7	400.7		0.0	0.0	352.2			840.9	18.0	0.1%	00077			0.0
OSB 6,7	6,732.7 0.0	.0 6,732.7 E 2.207.0	2.2%	16,092.1	0.0	16,092.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	5,442.4	1,360.6	6,803.0	22,895.1	18.0	1.5%	4,196.3	0.0	2.4	136.2
				910.5	231.3	_	1.000,102		158.7	72.2		N	1 390 7	18.0	0.1%	699			0.0
le board 1,0	9	1,7		3,386.5	0.0	3,386.5	2,062.5	0.0	2,062.5	1,417.2	0	1,7	7,220.6	18.0	0.5%	189.7			4.0
	17.0 0.0	.0 17.0		1,322.3	154.9	1,477.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.8		13.8	1,490.9	18.0	0.1%	35.1			3.5
formaldehyde resin				184.4	0.0	184.4	126.6	0.0	126.6	3.5			315.4	18.0	0.0%	2.7			0.6
_				10,412.0	0.0	10,412.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.8			10,463.0	18.0	0.7%	704.5			33.2
Isocyanulate				4,403.0	0.0	4,403.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.10				10.0	0.2%	0.0			0.0
	54.1 324.7 24.1 37.8	./ 3/8.9 el 16.0	0.1%	2 102 E	0.0	2 102 E	20,942.7	0.0	20,942.7	306.3 20 E	/0.0	382.8	31,816.0	18.0	2.1%	8.131.8 7 7 A	0.0	0.1	3.7
-	_	1,7		66,517.1	0.0	66,517.1	57,744.2	0.0	57,744.2	1,378.6	34	1,723.3	125,984.5	18.0	8.3%	2,348.4			0.0
er					0.0	71.6	204.9	0.0	204.9	1.5			278.4	18.0	%0.0	1.2			0.2
	46.0 38.0			3,217.3	0.0	3,217.3	2,659.9	0.0	2,659.9	67.9	-		5,962.1	18.0	0.4%	33.6			0.0
ess steel	_			=	0.0	115.2	115.2	0.0	115.2	12.0			245.4	18.0	0.0%	7.5			0.9
	-			71,42	5,339.8	76,760.1	40,272.3	0.0	40,272.3	3,153.4		e	120,974.1	18.0	8.0%	5,349.5	351.7		251.7
1		-		01001	15,057.7	15,057.7	0.007.07	1,673.1	1,673.1	1,220.6		÷	18,256.6	19	1.2%		595. ĵ		0.0
water-based paint 15.323.8	30.3 564.9 23.8 0.0	.9 745.2 .0 15.323.8	2 0.2% 3 5.0%	13,849.9	0.0 75.854.2	13,849.9 75,854.2	43,408.3 0.0	0.0	43,408.3 0.0	602.4 12.387.0	150.6 3.096.8	753.0 15.483.8	58,011.2 91.338.0	1.0	3.8% 6.0%	0.0	0.0 11.799.3	0.0	0.0
tal matariala	10 01	c		3 077 000				07 156 1	01210100	0 300 10	10 505 0	90	1 501 400 0	1	1000/	16 010 1	E 7E0 A	`	010 0

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	TRAN	TRANSPORTATION	RAT	NO			F					
	N2O, transportation, pre-use (kg)	N2O, transportation, pre-use	N2O, transportation, post-use (kg)	N2O, transportation, post-use	N2O, transportation	other, transportation, pre-use	other, transportation, post-use	other, transportation	NOITATЯO92NAAT JATOT	PERCENTAGES	аяеир тотас, <sub>сћеск</sub>	PERCENTAGES
ABS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			16.9	
aluminum, primary	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.7			
aluminum, secondary	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0			
asphalt senhalt chindles	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	0.0% 8 8%	7 003 3	3.4%
brass	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5			
ceramic	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	58.6	0.9%	1,220.3	1.4%
concrete	0.0	5.2	0.0	0.0	5.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,958.1	N		4
copper	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.0	0.3%	-	1.8%
racing prick	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	4.00 a ac		9 991	0.2%
fiber alass	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	52.2		-	
glass	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	71.0			
gravel	0.1	14.4	0.0	0.7	15.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	421.6			
gypsum	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	938.3	-	938.3	
HCFC 22	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7			
HDPE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.7	_		
latex mineral enirite	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	85.1	1.3%		1.1%
mortar	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.6		62.8	
OSB	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	472.6		4,8	
PA	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	154.8			
paper	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.3			
particle board	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	123.1		4	
PE film	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0		G	0.1%
pnenoi iormaigenyge resin PMMA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.1%		
polyisocyanurate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5			
РР	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	26.6			
PS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4			
PVC	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	119.7		4,53	
rubber	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1			
SBK stainless steel	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.9	0.1%	18.1	0.0%
steel	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	273.8		9,2	-
vinyl	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	106.0		ω	
water-based paint	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	52.3			
wood	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.6	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,075.6		12,8	
subtotal materials	0.1	28.8	0.0	3.0	31.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	6,733.8	100.0%	88,353.8	100.0%

					L'RINART ENERGT CONSUMPTION								-				ACODAL WARNING FOILEN INT (NY COZ 44.), IIW IIUUA			;	Ï				2020		
	construction (first year) replacement (life cycle)			PERCENTAGES	wən) noiduction (new house)	component mfg (new house)	ESUOH WEN JATOT	məterial production (replacement)	(replacement) component mig	TOTAL REPLACEMENTS	transportation (pre-use )	transportation (post-use )		TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	TOTAL LIFE CYCLE	РЕКСЕИТАGES	CO2, new house, mat'l prod	002, new house, mig	CH4, new house, mat'l prod (kg)	CH4, new house, mat'l prod	CH4, new house, mfg (kg)	CH4, new house, mfg	(kg) NSO, new house, mat'l prod	N2O, new house, mat'l prod	N2O, new house, mfg (kg)	U2O, new house, mfg	other, new house, mat'l prod
	4.8	0.0	4.8	0.00%				4		0.0	0.0	3.9	1.0	4.9	542.3	%0.0 %	6 14.3		0.0 0.0		1 0.0			0.0 0.1		0.0	
orimary	38.6	0.0	38.6	0.01%	7,	0.0	7,	7	_	0.0	0.0	31.2	7.8	39.0	8,036.7				0 0.6		_		0.0 0	0.0 0.5			~
aluminum, secondary	17.3	23.4	40.7	0.01%	0.0	65.0	0 65.0	0.	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.9	8.2	41.2	106.2	0.0%		4.4		0.0	0.0		0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0
	7.2	0.0	7.2	0.00%	717.0	0.0	0 717.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.8	1.5	7.3	724.2	? 0.1%	0.0		0.0 0.0	0.0	0 0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
cellulose	3,934.3	0.0	3,934.3	1.21%	0:0		_	.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,180.3	795.1	3,975.4	13,200.1			581.6		~	5 0.0						0
ceramic	802.4	29.9	832.3	0.26%	3,842.9			9	0.0 58	587.6	587.6	672.8	168.2	840.9	17,217.1		6 140.8							_		_	0.0
concrete	102,831.9	0.0	102,831.9	31.58%	0:0	144	-	9	0:0	0.0	0.0	16,009.8	0.0	16,009.8	160,847.4	_		18,6				50				~	
copper	237.8	15.3	253.1	0.08%	10,679.4		-	9	87.7	45.3	733.0	204.6	51.1	255.7	12,371.6	_	6 1,239.0			10		_		_			0.0
acing brick	475.1	0.0	475.1	0.15%	0.0	1,766.3	3 1,766.3	<u></u> .	0.0	0.0	0.0	384.1	96.0	480.1	2,246.4	1 0.2%		115.2								0.7	_
000	494.9	568.0	1.062.8	0.33%	0.0			5 <del>-</del>	0.0 9.968.9	8.9	9.968.9	859.1	214.8	1.073.9	19.728.9	_		568.5	5 0.0	0.0	0.0		_	0.0 0.0	0.0		
	155,682.8	0.0	155,682.8	47.81%	0:0	12	-	6	0:0	0.0	0.0	14,542.8	0.0	14,542.8	142,280.7	1		8,558.6				-				3	
gypsum	13,668.0	26.0	13,694.0	4.21%	41,240.4	0.0	41	4	78.5	0.0	78.5	11,069.6	2,767.4	13,837.0	55,156.0												
HCFC 22	3.2	6.8	9.9	0.00%	103.7			7 2	22.2	0.0	222.2	8.0	2.0	10.0	335.9							_		_			
1	89.7	0.0	89.7	0.03%	6,958.8	œ			9.77		27.6	72.5	0.0	72.5	7,924.0			-		`			_		_		0.0
	173.2	1,039.1	1,212.3	0.37%	12,114.9		12	.9 72,68	39.3 0.0		72,689.3	980.0	245.0	1,225.0	86,029.1	_	6 126.4			0.0	0.0		_		0.0		0.0
1	435.7	0.0	435.7	0.13%	0.0	4		-	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.265	88.0	440.2	840.9	1 0.1%		.,					_	_			
DOB DOBIO	7,808.0 323.5	0.0 1.883.5	2.207.0	2.42%0.68%	18,805.b 44.256.2	0.0	0 18,805.0 0 44.256.2	.b .2 257.6!	0.0		0.0 257.656.7	6,360.1 1.784.0	444.2	2.228.2	26,755.8 304.141.2	21.8%	4,903.9 1.226.1	0.0	0 2.8	_	z 0.0 5 0.0	_	0.0 0.1	1 19.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
	65.7	23.9	89.6	0.03%	915.3	231.3			0.0 15		158.7	72.4	18.1	90.5	1,395.8	3 0.1%	67.3	9.9		0 0.0		0.6		0.0 0.0			
oarticleboard	1,089.6	663.6	1,753.2	0.54%	3,386.5			2,0	32.5	0.0	2,062.5	1,417.2	354.3	1,777.6	7,220.6	0.5%	-		0.1	1 4.0			0.0				
PE film	22.7	0.0	22.7	0.01%	1,760.4	206.2	-	5	_	0.0	155.1	18.3	0.0	18.3	2,140.0		7	·									_
ormaldenyde	2.6	1.8	4.4	0.00%	184.4	0.0		4	26.6	0.0	126.6	3.5	6.0	4.4	315.4												0.0
composite	473.8 1 RN7 1	0.0	473.8 1 R07 1	0.15%	10.814.1	2,032.0 2 755 9	0 2,032.0 a 13.570.1	- 0	0.0	0.0	0.0	383.0 1 460.8	95.8 365.2	478.8 1 826.0	2,510.8 15 396 0	3 0.2%	1 629.4	67.3 173.8	3 0.0 8 0.1	0.0 0.0	0.0 8	0.2 0.2		0.0 0.0	0.0	0.6	
PMMA	50.4	0.0	50.4	0.02%	10,412.0	0.0		0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.8	10.2	51.0	10.463.0									_	_		
	54.1	324.7	378.9	0.12%	4,490.5	0.0		.5 26,94	42.7		26,942.7	306.3	76.6	382.8	31,816.0	2.3%							_	0	-		
	17.2	27.8	45.0	0.01%	1,713.7	0.0			9.08		2,760.9	36.4	9.1	45.4	4,520.1	0.3%	34.8	0.0	0 0.0		7 0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0 0.0	0.0	0.0
	920.3	785.2	1,705.5	0.52%	66,517.1	0.0	0 66,517.1		14.2		57,744.2	1,378.6	344.7	1,723.3	125,984.5	9.0%	2,348.4						_		_		
	0.5	1.4	1.9	0.00%	71.6				04.9	0.0	204.9	1.5	0.4	1.9	278.4	0.0%	1.2	0.0	0 0.0				_				
	46.0	38.0	84.0	0.03%	3,217.3		3,2	3 2,6	6.93	0.0	2,659.9	67.9	17.0	84.9	5,962.1	0.4%	(1)				0.0				_		-
Ĩ	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.00%	0.0			0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	3 0.0%	.0								_		
stainless steel	7.4	7.4	14.8	0.00%	115.2				15.2		115.2	12.0	3.0	15.0	245.4	10.0%			0.0								0.0
	2,411.9	1,385.2	3,797.0	1.17%	69,933.5	5,200.3		.8 38,78	35.1	_	38,785.1	3,069.4	767.3	3,836.7	117,755.6		5,236.3			~		4		۳	_		0.0
1	1,442.0	151.0	1,593.0	0.49%	0.0	15,977.1			0.0 1,67		1,673.1	1,287.7	321.9	1,609.6	19,259.8			8									
Ī	6.081	204.9	9.04/	0.23%	C.008,51	0.0			0.3		43,408.3	6.200	1.061	133.0	58,052.4	_	0.0	_	_				_	_			0.0
rincoxide	22,347.4	0.1	22,347.4	0.00%	0.0 38.6	0.0	0 110,622.0	0 9	38.6	0.0	0.0 38.6	18,004.6 0.2	2.01C,4	8.080.22 0.2	133,202.8	%C'A 50.0%	0.0	G.102,11 0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ĺ		ľ						ŀ																			

		0.02%	0.46%	0.01%	0.00%	1.12%	1.30%	23.95%	1.84%	0.18%	0.02%	1.62%	11.89%	1.14%	0.02%	0.32%	1.15%	0.07%	6.70%	3.23%	0.11%	0.52%	0.08%	0.10%	2.33%	0.88%	1.16%	0.11%	5.39%	0.01%	0.08%	%.nn.n	0.02%	1 01%	0.06%	22.32%	0.00%	100%
_	PERCENTAGES	16.9	388.7	7.7	0.5	939.3	_		546.4	151.1	16.5	1,359.7	9,997.4	961.2	13.2	267.2	970.1	62.8	5,634.9	719.9	91.5	435.0	6/.9	5.0 101 4	1,961.5	742.5	975.5	96.1	534.1	5.0	67.2	0.0	0.01	861.1	52.4	18.776.2	1.1	109.6
	SRAND TOTAL, check						<b>,</b>	20,	.,			۲,	6						ů,	4					-				4				a	5		18		84,
	PERCENTAGES	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	%0.0	4.0%	0.9%	16.2%	0.3%	0.5%	%0.0	1.1%	15.2%	14.0%	%0.0	0.1%	1.2%	0.4%	8.0%	2.3%	0.1%	1.8%	%0.0 %0.0	0.0.7%	1.8%	0.1%	0.4%	0.0%	1.7%	0.0%	0.1%	%0.0	3 0%	1.6%	0.8%	22.8%	0.0%	100%
	23011130990	0.3	2.7	2.9	0.5	276.2	58.4	1,112.2	17.8	33.4	1.0	74.6	,045.0	961.2	0.7	5.0	85.1	30.6	552.3	154.8	6.3	123.1	υ.Γ Ο Ο	33.3	126.8	3.5	26.6	3.2	119.7	0.1	5.9	0.0	1.U	1118	52.4	568.7	1.0	,866.2
_	NOITATRO92NART JATOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0
_	other, transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0
-	other, transportation, post-use	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	other, transportation, pre-use	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.2	2.9	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	37.4	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	1.5	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	200	0.1	4.2	0.0	52.8
_	N2O, transportation, post-use N2O, transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5	0.0	0.8	0.0	4.2
ION	NZO, transportation, post-use (kg)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
RTAT	N2O, transportation, pre-use	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.1	2.9	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	35.7	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	1.2	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.3	0.0	48.6
<b>TRANSPORTATION</b>	N2O, transportation, pre-use (kg)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
	CH4, transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.6	12.3	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.8	11.2	10.7	0.0	0.1	0.9	0.3	6.1	1.7	0.1	1.4	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100	9.0	17.4	0.0	75.8
CO2 eq.),	CH4, transportation, post-use		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0		0.0	2.1				0.1	_				_	0.0				0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	10	3.5	0.0	10.4
(kg CC	CH4, transportation, post-use (kg)		0.0		0.0						0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		_		0.0	0.0	0.0	_	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2
	CH4, transportation, pre-use		0.0		0.0			-	0.2		0.0		-				0.8									0.0		0.0	1.1				0.0		0.50	13.9	0.0	65.3
OTEN	CH4, transportation, pre-use (kg)		7 0.0		5 0.0			9 0.2	0.0		0.0		-		7 0.0	_		~	~		_		_		_					_	0.0					10	0.0	1.1
GLOBAL WARMING POTENTIAL	CO2, transportation	0	2.7	2	0.5	272.4	57.6	1,096.9	17.	32.9	1.	73.6	996.4	948.0	0.	5.0	83.9	30.2	544.	152.7	9.9	121.4	- c	2.U 8.CS	125.1	ы.	26.2		118.1	0.	5.8		262	110.3	51.6	1.547.1	. 0	6,736.
WARN		0.1	0.5	0.6	0.1	54.5	11.5	0.0	3.5	6.6	0.2	14.7	0.0	189.6	0.1	0.0	16.8	6.0	108.9	30.4	1.2	24.3	0.0		25.0	0.7	5.2	0.6	23.6	0.0	1.2	0.0	50.6	22.4	10.3	309.4	0.0	927.3
BAL	CO2, transportation, post-use	0.3	2.1	2.3	0.4	217.9	46.1	096.9	14.0	26.3	0.8	58.9	396.4	758.4	0.5	5.0	67.1	24.1	135.8	122.2	5.0	97.1	5.L 0.C	2.0	100.1	2.8	21.0	2.5	94.5	0.1	4.7	0.0	0.0	C 88	41.3	237.7	0.0	5,809.3
GLG	CO2, transportation, pre-use	%	%	%	%			-	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	0/	~ %	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	. %		%	-		
	PERCENTAGES	%0.0		0.0%	0.0%			0.0%	1.1		0.0%	7.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%								0.0% 0.0%		0.0%	9.3%		~		0.3%		30.7	0.80		0.0%		100.0%
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.1	0.0	92.0	0.0	0.0	681.7	0.0	0.0	8.5	0.0	758.6	0.0	0.0	1,132.5	7.2	118.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	813.2	57.3	2,066.1	3.4	27.8	0.0	0.0 2 RET 1	70.07	0.0	0.0	0.0	8,745.3
	other, replacement, mat'l prod + mfg TOTAL REPLACEMENTS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	N2O, replacement, mat'l prod + mfg		0:0		0.0						0.0		0.0				0.0						0.0		0.0			0.0						0.00			0.0	20.6
nents	N2O, replacement, mat'l prod + mfg (kg)		0.0 0		0.0								0.0 0				0.0											2 0.0									0.0	7 0.4
replacements	CH4, replacement, mat'l prod + mfg	0	0.0		0.0			0.0		0.0			0.0				0.0			1,1		1			0.0				0.0		0.0		16	-		0.0		1,348.
q.), rep	CH4, replacement, mat'l prod + mfg (kg)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10	00	0.0	0.0	24.1
502 e(		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	39.8	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	652.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	68.2	7.00	0.0	0.0	768.2
GWP (kg CO2 eq.),	CO2, replacement, mfg	0.0	0.0		0.0	_	0.0	-	79.8	-		-		0.0	6.4	0.0	758.6	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	115.5	0.0	0.	0.0	0.0	790.9	56.1	066.1	3.1	27.8	0.0	C 109 C	4:100	0.0		0.0	6,607.8
GWI	CO2, replacement, mat'l prod	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	~						%	0. 7	~ ~	%				%	~	8	_	_	~ ~	~ ~	%	
	РЕКСЕИТАДЕЗ	0.0%		%0·0	0.0%								-				1 0.2%	- 1						0.0%		1.15	0.2%		1 3.4%			.0.0%						7
		16.5	386.0	4.9	0.0	663.1	3.966	19,031.7	1,436.5	117.7	15.5	603.4	8,952.4	0.0	4.0	262.1	126.4	32.5	5,082.6	1,432.6	78.0	193.9		0.0	1,834.7	738.5	135.7	35.6	2,348.4	1.4	33.6	0.0	0.0 F 010 F	660.3	0.0	17.207.5	0.0	68,498.1
$\vdash$	<b>TOTAL NEW HOUSE</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	000	00	0.0	0.0	
╞	other, new house, mfg					_		-		-		-		-		_		-		-		-		p	-		_		┥		-	7		ŀ		-		Η
		3	rimary	aluminum, secondary	rass	sellulose	ceramic	concrete	:opper	acing brick	berglass	SS	Iravel	gypsum	HCFC 22	HDPE	×	nortar	DSB board		er .	articleboard	CE TIIT	umanenyu	plywood	PMMA			0	ber	<u>د</u> :	silver steinless steol		5 ÷	, t	p	zincoxide	
		ABS	prin	alur sect	bras	cellt	cera	con	cop	faci	fibe	glass	grav	gyp.	Ŷ	Ē	latex	uo u	0SO	A	paper	part	Ц		plyn	PM	4	PS	PVC	rubbei	SBR	SIVE	stan	vinv	paint	poon	zinc	tota

EEH Materials, Total Life Cycle

## SH TRUSSES LUMBER MASS INVENTORY

TOTALS			Actu	Actual Dimensions	ions	Volume Density	Density	Weight
AMOUNT UNIT	н		width	depth	area (in2)	ft3	(Ib/ft3)	qI
3,069 F	ш	:t	3.5	1.5	5.25	111.8954	30.9	3,458
1,999 F		:t	3.5	1.5	5.25	72.88969	30.9	2,252
112		Εt	3.5	0.75	2.625	2.041667	30.9	63
63		Ft	5.5	1.5	8.25	3.609375	30.9	112
159 Ft	Ę	Ft <sup>2</sup>		0.0359		0.475301	489.8	233

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2,675	106
Total wt of Wood in Truss (kg) =	Total wt of Connectors (kg) =

Actual diminsions are generally 1/2" less than nominal Steel Plates are perforated 20 guage (not galvinized) wood density based on [12], with a 33% mix of coast dougla fir, sitca spruce, and western white pine (moisture cont't 19%)

°N N	Cross Section	Description	Material	Length/Area/@	Unit	Amount	Total	Actu	Actual Dimensions	ions
	(in X in)			(ft)		(#)	(ft) or (ft2)	Width	Depth	Area
								(in)	(in)	(in2)
[										•
٦	3/4" thick T&G/LE	3/4" thick T&G/LE 4'X8' Oriented Strand Board, floors	OSB	32	Ft2	91	2912	0.750		
	7/16" thick L-P									
2	Innerseal, Plain	4'X8' Oriented Strand Board, walls	OSB	32	Ft2	84	2,688	0.438		
	7/16" thick L-P									
3	Innerseal, Plain	4'X8' Oriented Strand Board, roof		32	Ft2	116	3,712	0.438		
4	2X10	#2 BTR SPF S-Dry	Pine	14	Ft	120	1,680	9.250	1.500	13.875
5	2X10	#2 BTR SPF S-Dry	Pine	18	Ft	9	108	9.250	1.500	13.875
9	2X10	#2 BTR SPF S-Dry	Pine	12	Ft	48	576	9.250	1.500	13.875
7	2X10	#2 BTR SPF S-Dry	Pine	16	Ft	16	256	9.250	1.500	13.875
8	2X6		Pine	16	Ft	38	608	5.500	1.500	8.250
6	2X4	#3 SPF S-Dry	Pine	16	ħ	353	5,648	3.500	1.500	5.250
10	2X4	#3 SPF S-Dry	Pine	14	Ft	40	560	3.500	1.500	5.250
11	2X12	#2 BTR HEM-Fir S-Dry	Pine	18	Ft	2	36	11.250	1.500	16.875
12	2X4	Stud Grade SPF S-Dry	Pine	7.71875	Ft	870	6,715	3.500	1.500	5.250
13	2X4	Stud Grade SPF S-Dry	Pine	10	Ft	02	200	3.500	1.500	5.250
14	1X3	Furring (Load 12 Lengths Only)	Pine	12	Ft	54	648	2.500	0.750	1.875
		Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured								
15	1X6	(Center Ripped) Batton	Pine	16	Ft	56	896	5.500	0.750	4.125
16	1X8	Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured	Pine	16	Ft	8	128	7.250	0.750	5.438
17	1X12	Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured	Pine	16	Ft	26	416	11.250	0.750	8.438
		#2 BTR HEM-FIR S-Dry (ripped to 10-								
18	2X12	1/4 Tread Stock	Pine	12	Ft	3	36			0.000
19	1X8	No. 3 Pine	Pine	12	Ft	9	72	0.750	6.500	4.875
		Stepping #3 Comm Pond Pine (or load								
20	5/4X12	6/6)	Pine	12	Ft	3	36	11.250	1.250	14.063
		REPLACEMENT TIMBER (HOME								
21		IMPROVEMENT	Pine							
22	1/2" Sturdy Board		Polyisocyanurate Foam	32	F12	50	1600	0.500		

# SH WALLS LUMBER AND SHEATHING MASS INVENTORY

Assumptions Same spec as Fingerle but different quantity as provided by Gary Grishom Same spec as Fingerle and same quantity All Actual Dimensions are for Seasoned Lumber (see page 65 "DVELLING HOUSE CONSTRUCITON" by Dietz (Media Union TH 4811 D56 1974 \*...density based on [12], with a 33% mix of coast dougla fir, sitca spruce, and western white pine (moisture cont't 19%)

2,948         1,589         1,589           2,948         2,195         146           1,589         2,195         341           1,9         2,892         2,892           1,9         2,892         2,892           1,9         2,892         2,893           1,9         2,893         3,413           1,9         2,893         3,433           1,9         3,433         3,433           1,9         3,433         3,433           1,9         3,433         3,433           1,9         3,433         3,433           1,9         3,433         3,433           1,9         3,433         3,433           1,9         3,433         3,433           1,9         3,433         3,433           1,9         3,433         3,433           1,9         3,433         3,433           1,9         3,433         3,433           1,9         3,433         3,434           1,9         3,433         3,434           1,9         3,433         3,434           1,9         3,434         3,434           1,9         3,434 <td< th=""><th>Volume Density (ft3) (lb/ft3)</th></td<>	Volume Density (ft3) (lb/ft3)
35.6         2,948           35.6         1,589           35.6         2,195           35.6         2,195           30.9         2,195           30.9         2,195           30.9         2,195           30.9         2,892           30.9         146           30.9         2,892           30.9         3,86           30.9         3,86           30.9         3,61           30.9         3,61           30.9         3,61           30.9         3,61           30.9         3,61           30.9         3,61           30.9         3,61           30.9         3,61           30.9         3,61           30.9         3,439           30.9         3,42           30.9         3,42           30.9         3,42           30.9         3,43           30.9         3,43           30.9         3,49           30.9         3,49           30.9         3,49           30.9         3,49           30.9         3,49 <t< td=""><td>(211)</td></t<>	(211)
1,589         1,589           1,589         2,195           0.9         2,274           0.9         2,489           0.9         246           0.9         248           0.9         2,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,42           0.9         3,42           0.9         3,42           0.9         3,42           0.9         3,42           0.9         119           0.9         119           0.9         119           0.9         119           0.9         119           0.9         119           0.9         119           0.9         119           0.9         119	182.0
2.195         2.195           0.9         146           0.9         146           0.9         146           0.9         146           0.9         287           0.9         287           0.9         287           0.9         346           0.9         3489           0.9         287           0.9         2892           0.9         3439           0.9         3439           0.9         342           0.9         342           0.9         342           0.9         342           0.9         342           0.9         49           0.9         49           0.9         49           0.9         49           0.9         49	P 08 1
2,195         2,195           0.9         2,274           0.9         146           0.9         146           0.9         246           0.9         246           0.9         2,892           0.9         2,892           0.9         2,893           0.9         2,893           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,439           0.9         3,42           0.9         3,42           0.9         3,42           0.9         3,42           0.9         119           0.9         3,42           0.9         3,42           0.9         3,42           0.9         3,42           0.9         1,9           0.9         1,9           0.9         1,9           0.9         1,9           0.9         1,9           0.9         1,9	
30.9         2,2/4           30.9         2,2/4           30.9         146           30.9         346           30.9         346           30.9         346           30.9         346           30.9         346           30.9         346           30.9         348           30.9         348           30.9         348           30.9         348           30.9         361           30.9         358           30.9         361           30.9         368           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342	135.5
30.9         146           30.9         780           30.9         780           30.9         780           30.9         780           30.9         287           30.9         2892           30.9         2892           30.9         386           30.9         369           30.9         361           30.9         368           30.9         368           30.9         361           30.9         368           30.9         361           30.9         368           30.9         361           30.9         363           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         344 </td <td>161.9</td>	161.9
30.9         780           30.9         346           30.9         346           30.9         346           30.9         2,892           30.9         2,892           30.9         587           30.9         587           30.9         587           30.9         587           30.9         587           30.9         587           30.9         587           30.9         587           30.9         581           30.9         581           30.9         581           30.9         361           30.9         361           30.9         361           30.9         361           30.9         361           30.9         3742           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         349           30.9         349           30.9         349           30.9         342           30.9         349	10.4
30.9         346           30.9         346           30.9         287           30.9         2892           30.9         2892           30.9         287           30.9         287           30.9         3439           30.9         3439           30.9         3439           30.9         3439           30.9         3439           30.9         361           30.9         68           30.9         68           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         344           30.9         344           529         344           61         1	55.5
30.9         489           30.9         2.892           30.9         2.892           30.9         2.892           30.9         59           30.9         59           30.9         3.439           30.9         3.439           30.9         3.439           30.9         3.439           30.9         3.439           30.9         6.8           30.9         6.8           30.9         342           30.9         49           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           529         349	24.7
30.9         2,892           30.9         2,87           30.9         59           30.9         59           30.9         59           30.9         3439           30.9         3,439           30.9         3,439           30.9         3,439           30.9         3,439           30.9         361           30.9         361           30.9         361           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         49           229         61	34.8
30.9         287           30.9         59           30.9         59           30.9         59           30.9         3439           30.9         358           30.9         361           30.9         361           30.9         361           30.9         361           30.9         361           30.9         342           30.9         48           30.9         342           30.9         49           20.9         342           30.9         229           61         61	205.9
30.9         59         59         31         3	20.4
30.9         3,439           30.9         358           30.9         358           30.9         361           30.9         68           30.9         68           30.9         68           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         49           61         61	4.2
30.9         358           30.9         358           30.9         119           30.9         361           30.9         68           30.9         68           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         49           61         61	244.8
30.9 119 30.9 361 30.9 361 30.9 68 30.9 342 30.9 342 30.9 49 30.9 49 61	25.5
30.9         361           30.9         361           30.9         68           30.9         68           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           30.9         342           61         229           61         61	8.4
30.9 68 30.9 342 30.9 0 30.9 34 30.9 49 49 61 61	25.7
30.9 342 30.9 0 30.9 34 30.9 49 229 61	4.8
30.9 30.9 30.9 49 49 49 61 61	24.4
30.9 34 30.9 49 229 61	0.0
30.9 229 61 61	2.4
229 61	3.5
61	
	66.7

Comment		FLOOR JOIST			FLOOR JOIST	FLOOR JOIST	FLOOR JOIST	FLOOR JOIST																
Polyiso	(kg)																						61	61
OSB	(kg)	2,948	1,589	2,195																				6,733
*boow	(kg)				2,274	146	780	346	489	2,892	287	59	3,439	358	119	361	68	342	0	34	49	229		12,272

SH CABINET MASS INVENTORY

	Tile				11							11
Area (Ft2)	Formica	22				13		9		10		35
Area	1/2"	15	7	17	38	33	31	24		42	8	141
	3/4"	109	23	58	59	63	47	18		65	56	359
	Cabnet Description	Main Counter	Overhead #1	Overhead #2	Island	Adjacent Diner Lower	Adjacent Diner Upper	Sink		Sink	Overhead Cabinet	ALL IN KITCHEN
	Room	Kitchen	Kitchen	Kitchen	Kitchen	Kitchen	Kitchen	Upper BR	Lavatory	Master BR	Washroom	REPLACEMENT
	No.	-	2	3	4	5	9	7		8	6	10

SUB-TOTALS         857         356         86         22           TOTAL         857         356         86         22					
857 356 86	SUB-TOTALS	857	356	98	22
L 857 356 86					
	TOTAL	857	356	98	22

wts of accessories (assume steel) in Ib/ea

0.300

0.166 0.144 0.044

80

30

60

102

24 6.6

1.32 0.484

16.932 8.64 7.636 3.168

weight of accessories (lb) weight of accessories (lb) TOTAL ACCESSORY STEEL REPLACEMENT STEEL

	Mirrors (Ft2)								12	12	18			42
	Sliders		2			8	12		12		24		22	80
Accessories	Knobs		1			4	9		9		2		11	30
Acce	Handles		4	2	4	4	2	9	2		12	2	22	60
	Hinges		10	4	8	8	4	12	2		4	4	46	102
		-												

CONSTRUCTION AND REPLACEMENT	Partical Board Cabinet Accessories (steel) Cabinet Counter (Tile-Ceramic) Cabinet Counter (K-paper~Formica) Cabinet Counter (Phen Res~ Formica) Mirrors (glass)
CONSTRUCTION ONLY	Partical Board Cabinet Accessories (steel) Cabinet Counter (Tile-Ceramic) Cabinet Counter (K-paper~Formica) Cabinet Counter (Phen Res~ Formica) Mirrors (glass)
REPLACEMENT ONLY	Partical Board Cabinet Accessories (steel) Cabinet Counter (Tile-Ceramic) Cabinet Counter (K-paper~Formica) Cabinet Counter (Phen Res~ Formica) Mirrors (glass)

Wt	(kg)	1,492.3	23.1	58.5	10.1	4.1	62.0
Density	(Ib/Ft3)	48		5.852	0.258	0.106	156
Area	(Ft2)			22	86	86	
Volume	(Ft3)	68.4					0.875

874.5

48

40.1

					_				
15.0	29.3	6.0	2.5	62.0		617.7	8.1	29.3	4.1
	5.852	0.258	0.106	156		48		5.852	0.258
	11	51	51					11	35
				0.875		28.3			

## Assumptions

Formica composition is 1 part phenolic resin 2.5 parts Kraft paper (supplied by tech personnel of the Formica Company 1-800-367-6422) All wood is particle board (density is calculated from sample taken from site) Top tiling formica area cover is equal to top of lower counter area Assume all other cabinet surfaces are .04" thick and made of Formica All dimensions measured from Lot 175 of Foxfire estate. All hinges, handles, knobs assumed to be steel Assume Cabinet tiles (kitchen island) is 3/8" thick Assume all mirrors are 1/4" thick Front is 3/4" thick excect for doors and drawers Doors and Drawers are 1/2" thick All top, sides and bottoms are 3/4" thick Drawer sliders estimated, not weighed Vaneer is not included

1.7 0.0

0.106

35

Steel Gypsum	(kg) (kg)											5.5		Ľ	1.02		030 5	8 730 5	4314								10.5		1	24./	2,330.3 106.1				13.6	5.0					50.2	
PE film	(kg)										16.2																															
Galv Steel	(kg)			16.7		22.7		113.6	22.7								53 U	0.00																								
PS	(kg)		3.5																																							
AI.	(kg)	27	i				6.8						1.8		10.01	0.01	ά.4																									
	(kg)	27 1	3.5	16.7	6.6	22.7	6.8	113.6	22.7	205.4	16.2	5.5	1.8	2,808.6	70.1	5.CI	030 F	8 730 F	4314	+.10+ 6.4	20.0	552.1	451.4	107.7	240.5	476.0	10.5	131.7	2.3	24./	106 1	6.1	17.0	35.2	13.6	5.0	526.9	9.3	546.4	5,617.2	50.2	205 4
	(qI)	60	7.8	36.8	43.4	50.0	15.0	250.0	50.0	452.0	35.6	12.0	3.9	6,179.0	7.00	0.00 101	18.4 2.047.0	2,077.0	040.2	343.4 14 0	0.0	1,214.6	993.0	237.0	529.2	1,047.2	23.0	289.8	5.1 													
/eights	(Ib/unit)	0.3	8.0	2.3	1.8		0.0			0.1	0.0	3.0	0.3	0. C	0.0	0.0	2 C	4 t		0.0	2	0.4	4.2	1.0	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0													
Amount Weights		20.0	1.0	16.0	24.0	50.0	750.0	250.0	50.0	3,450.0	4,750.0	4.0	13.0	3,450.0	0,450.0	130.0	0.011	11 310 0	1000	1 130 0	40.0	2,892.0	237.0	237.0	2,800.0	2,800.0	130.0	11,320.0	200.0											5,617.2	6,900.0	205 4
Unit		E D	Ft3	ea	quart	sql	bcs	sql	sq	ft2	멅	sql	ea	42	<u>1</u> 4	= a	= <del>1</del>	4 <del>5</del>		ц Ц	Y Z	Ft2	Ft2	Ft2	Ft2	Ft2	ŧ۲	H	FtZ	2		<u>i</u> e	둰	臣	a	മ	臣	<b>f</b> 3	臣	5	뎒	£
Size		16"X4"	1/4" X 3-1/2"	9"		8D	7/16"	16D	8D		200'x12'		10" ??				5/8" thick	1/0" thick																								
Material		Aluminum	polvstvrene	Galv Steel	Solvent (50%)	Galv Steel	Aluminum	Galv Steel	Galv Steel	Felt No. 15	Polyethylene film	Steel	Aluminum	Asphalt shingle	Aliminium		Aluminum	Gyneim	Gyneim	Kraft Paner	Solvent (50%)	PVC	Brick	Mortar		8" fiberglass	steel	Latex	Latex	Gypsum	Gvnsum	Solvent	Kraft Paper	Latex	steel	steel	Latex	Latex	PVC	Asphalt shingle	Nails	Felt No 15
Description		Soffit Vent	Sealer 40 ft roll (4 rolls)	Joist Angle JA-9G	Adhesive Construction (Tubes)	Ard Deck Nails	plyclips (ctn=250 pcs)	CC Sinkers (steel nails)	rs (steel nails)	Roll of 15 felt underlayment	Visqueen poly film 1.5 mil	3"X9" Hansen	Roof Vents (circular outlets venting attic)	asphalt shingles	stilligle rialis	gutters (norizontal)	gutters (aownspouts) Drawall	Drivel		Drywall Sealant Tane	Drwall Glue	Vinyl Siding	Brick Facing	mortar for brick	insulation wall R-11 (8ft bats hand installed)	Insulation ceiling R-22 (part bat part sprayed)	Wind Bracers	Interior Paint (1 coat)	Exterior Paint (1 coat)		FIT-OUT Basement drywall (1/2 )	Basement drywall glue	FIT-OUT Basement drýwall tape	ent paint (latex) 1 coat	FIT-OUT Basement Nails	FIT-OUT Basement corner pieces	REMODEL '1st & 2nd floor painting	REMODEL Exterior painting	REMODEL PVC siding on house	REMODEL New roofing	REMODEL New roofing	REMODEL New roofing
De		US.	Sill Sealer	Joist A	Adhesive Cor	Ard L	plyclips (	CC Sinke	CC Sinke	Roll of 15 fe	Visqueen k	3"X9	Roof Vents (circul	aspha	SIII	duters	) dutters (		Dnwall	Drywall	Drw	Vin	Bric	morte	insulation wall R-11	Insulation ceiling R-2	Wind	Interior I	Extenor		FIT-OUT Base	FIT-OUT Base	FIT-OUT Base	FIT-OUT Basement paint (	FIT-OUT E	FIT-OUT Base	REMODEL '1st	REMODEL	REMODEL PV	REMODE	REMODE	REMODE
No.	-	- -	- ~	က	4	ъ	ဖ	~	00	ი	9	1	5	13	± 4	<u></u>	9 €	- 4	<u>5</u> 6	20	212	22	23	24		26	27	58	52	0° 2€	5 8	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43

SH MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS MASS INVENTORY

# 15 Felt (kg)	2 05.4 2 05.4 2 05.4	410.9
Mortar (kg)	107.7	107.7
As-Shingle (kg)	5,617.2	8,425.8
Latex (kg)	131.7 526.9 35.2 9.3 526.9	705.5
Fiberglass (kg)	240.5 76.05	716.5
Brick (kg)	451.4	451.4
PVC (kg)	552.1 546.4	######
Solvent (kg)	0. 0. 0. 0.	36.0
K-Paper (kg)	6.4 170	23.4

- α ω
- **ASSUMPTIONS assumertions**sill sealer density determined from weight of sample [assumed to be polystyrene]
  sill sealer density determined from weight of sample [assumed to be polystyrene]
  gist Angle (assumed configuration page 43 simpson connector catalog) 12 guage,
  drywall sealant composition (70% gypsum 30% water) from msds of joint treatment products ready mixed compounds "alpurpose" from Progressive Bldg Material Ann Arbor
  27 buckets x 500 lbbucket x 70% [22 buckets/1000 ft2] [4.5 gal/bucket]
  Assume drywall tape is kraft paper 3" wide 60 g/m2
  5 Adhesive glue density from vendors
  6 Construction and Drywall adhesives assumed to be 40% solvents based on msds info provided by vendors
  7 Weight of Hansens assumed to be 3 lb based on handling of discarded unit at site

  - 4 ഗ ര
- ~∞
- plyclip weights supplied by fingerle Amount of internal paint area assumed to equal 1/2" drywall area / exterior area assumed to be 200 ft2 90
- Letex pain the quantity based on 400 ft2/gal. One coat only. S.G. = 1.23
   (1.23x62.4 lb/ft3H2O) / (7.48 gal/ft3)x(1gal/400ft2)} = 0.0256 lb/ft2
   Replacement based on basement remodel, painting and roofing upgrades over time

## SH PIPE AND DUCT WORK MASS INVENTORY

	-	1	-	-	-	
Total wt	(by)					20.63
Total wt	(qI)		40	64	12.75	116.75
Amount (ft)		l	80	160	85	TOTAL
wt	lb/ft		0.5	0.4	0.15	
Size			1"	3/4"	1/2'	
Material						Copper
Category			Potable Water			

Drainage/venting		3.25	1.4	06	126	
		1.5	0.5	195	97.5	
	PVC			TOTAL	223.5	101.59
Nation Gae			1 68	00	326	

Natural Gas		-	1.68	20	33.6		
		3/4"	1.13	43	48.59		
	Steel (non-galv)			TOTAL	82.19	37.36	
HVAC Ducting		Rectangular Ducts			293		

			260.91
293	266	15	574
			TOTAL
Rectangular Ducts	Round Ducts	Registers	
			Sheet Steel (galv)
HVAC Ducting			

## Assumptions:

HVAC ducting quantities calculated by hand, based on measurementS HVAC ducting both 26 and 28 gauge steel Copper and PVC pipe weight data calculated by nominal pipe size and SG of material and cross checked by weighing at ACE Hardware Steel pipe weight calculated by nominal size data

SH PLUMBING MASS INVENTORY

No.	Category	Description	No.
	All Cabnetry	stry Excluded	

	2	_					_		_	2		
-			-		al							
water saving ceramic 1.6 gal	ceramic 24:X19" oval	incl door & tile	incl motor	water saving ceramic 1.6 gal	ceramic 24:X19" oval w/ pedistal	water saving ceramic 1.6 gal	ceramic 24:X19" oval	incl shower head			stainless steel 2X14"x16"x8"	
Toilet (Master Bedroom)	Sink (Master Bedroom)	Shower (Master Bedroom)	Bathtub (Master Bedroom)	Toilet (Lavatory)	Sink (Lavatory)	Toilet (Upstairs Bedroom)	Sink (Upstairs Bedroom)	Bathtub (Upstairs Bedroom) incl shower head	Washroom Sink	Outside Tap (Garden)	Kitchen Sink	Future replacement sinks
1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	11	12	13	14

- 1		 	-	-		-		-		-		-	-	-
ACRYLIC	LB				45					20				
F-GLASS	LB				30					35				
CERAMIC	LB	76	88			76	61	76	44					
BRASS	LB		4	2	2		2		2	2	1			
PLASTIC	LB	0.8		3		0.8		0.8			5			
AI	LB			1	15									
Cu	LB	0.2			2	0.2		0.2				0.2		
WOOD	LB	7.7				7.7		7.7						
TAINLES WOOD	LB												15.5	15.5
STEEL	LB	1	4	2	7	-	2	-	2	2	1	1.5	2	2
TOTAL WT.	LB	85.7	96	8	101	85.7	65	85.7	48	89	7	1.7	17.5	17.5

TOTALS (IN KG) [12.95 | 14.09 | 10.50 | 1.27 | 7.27 | 4.73 | 6.82 | 191.36 | 29.55 | 43.18

## ASSUMPTIONS

Toilets weighed in ACE hardware Toilets weighed in ACE hardware Toilet seats are wood (assume pine) Ceramic sink wt data supplied by Vendors Bathtub wt data supplied by vendors All sink, shower and bath faucet weights assumed to be 2 lb steel and 2 lb copper Washroom sink and outside tap weights estimated

SH FOUNDATION MASS INVENTORY

z	No. Description	Material	Unit	Unit Amount pensity	Density	Weight	Concrete	Steel	Gravel	HDPE	PVC	Nylon	Asphalt	Mineral Spirits
l					lb/unit	(kg)	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg
Ĺ	1 Poured Concrete	Concrete	yd3	100	3783.78	171,990.0	171990							
	2 Reinforcing Steel	Steel	f	0	488	0.0		0.0						
	3 Pea Gravel	Gravel	yd3	37.4	3510	59,670.0			59,670.0					
	4 I-beam (4"x8" standard)	Steel	f	80	20	727.3		727.3						
	Steel Posts (3" dia, 11	1												
	5 guage)	Steel	f	28	4	50.9		50.9						
	Sub-layer plastic sheet	et												
-	6 (0.5 mm)	HDPE	ft2	560	0.051	13.0				13.0				
ľ	7 Anchor Bolts	Galv Steel	еа	81	1	36.8		36.8						
	8 Sump Pump casing	PVC	еа	1	3	1.4					1.4			
	Foundation Drainage Pipe	e												
	9 (interior & exterior) 4"	HDPE	ft 420	0	0.35	66.8				66.8				
	Geo-fabric filters for	or												
-	10 drainage pipe	Nylon	ft2	440	0.04	8.0						8.0		
	Exterior basement wal	wall Asphalt/												
-	11 waterproofing	Mineral Spirits	ft2	1358	0.107	66.0							33.0	33.0
						Totals	171,990.0 815.0	815.0	59,670.0	79.8	1.4	8.0	33.0	33.0

### Assumptions

Anchor Bolts every 2 ft on sill assumed to weight 1 lb each exterior waterproofing membrane area calculated by foundation perimeter times depth of 7 feet = (7)x(194 ft)=1358ft2 tar application based on manufacturer data of "Hydrocide" @ 8m2/gal with 50/50 mix of asphalt and mineral spirits

sump casing wt estimated Density of gravel assumed to equal sand (S.G. = 1.5) Geo-fabric density assumed to be 3-4 times that of Kraft paper Asphalt can wt data supplied by Fingerle lumber Asphalt density and application area supplied by calculas construction co.

SH FLOORING MATERIALS MASS INVENTORY

	П															7
SBR	(Kg)									6.5						34.3
Ceramic Mortar Vinyl Tile	(Kg)							101.1				1,184.7		142.9		
Mortar	(Kg)						282.5									
Ceramic	(Kg)					537.3										
РР	(Kg)		48.8		293.1											
Latex	(Kg)		156.3		937.8											
ЪА	(Kg)		283.3		1,699.8											
Ib/unit Amount Wt total (kg)			488.5		2,930.7	537.3	282.5	101.1		6.5		1,184.7		142.9		34.3
Amount			1,800.0			202.0	125.0	286.0		286.0		0.0				
lb/unit			0.6			5.9	2.0	0.8		0.1						
Unit			f2			ft2	ft2	f2		ft2				ft2		ft2
Material		Latex, PP	(s,% c	Latex, PP	(s,% (	Tile			butadiene						butadiene	
۷		Nylon,	(58/32/10 %'s)	Nylon,	(58/32/10 %'s)	Ceramic Tile	Mortar	Vinyl Tile	styrene	rubber	Vinyl Tile		Vinyl Tile		styrene	rubber
Description		Carpet Installed originally		REPLACEMENT CARPET Nylon, Latex,	OVER 50 YR LIFE	Ceramic Tiles	Mortar for Tiles	Vinyl Tiles	Vinyl Tile adhesive		IMPROVEMENT BASEMENT	FLOOR	REPAIR REPLACEMENT Vinyl Tile	FLOOR	REPAIR ADHESIVE FOR styrene	9 VINYL TILES
No.	]		-		2	ო	4	ۍ ا		9		~		ω		ი

**ASSUMPTIONS** Carpet area measured room by room. Both run and risers on stairs carpeted Areas with ceramic tiles include Lavatory, Entrance Foyer, Master Bath and shower, upper bath Areas with Formica include kitchen, hallway, closets between kitchen and garage, and washroom carpet assumed to be 58% nylon (PA6), 10% Polypropylene (secondary backing) and 32% Latex (binder)

40.8

537.3 282.5 1,428.7

1,983.1 1,094.1 341.9

TOTALS

Glass	(kg)						0.49	7.80							0.39								
Copper	(kg)								0.49	0.22	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.55				21.38	80.18	49.00	3.56	7.80	
Steel	(kg)			1.27			0.49	7.80	0.24	0.11	0.03	0.03	0.04	1.09	0.10	0.2							5.82
PA	(kg)					0.70																	
ABS	(kg)			0.85	1.42				0.49	0.22	0.07	0.07	0.08	1.09		0.3							
PVC	(kg)	1.51	2.27														11.36	0.44	1.64	1.00	0.07	0.16	
otal wt	(kg)	1.51	2.27	2.12	1.42	0.70	0.97	15.59	1.22	0.55	0.17	0.17	0.20	2.73	0.49	0.50	11.36	21.82	81.82	50.00	3.64	7.95	5.82
Amount Total		10	32	42	35	35	32	512.0	11	5	Ļ	1	1	3	3	1	۱	750	2500	1000	50	50	32
Materials		PVC	PVC	ABS, steel	ABS	nylon	glass, steel	glass, steel	ABS, st, cu 4/2/4	ABS, st, cu 4/4/2	glass, steel	ABS, steel	steel sheet	PVC copper	PVC copper	PVC copper	PVC copper	PVC copper	Steel, plastic				
Wt	lb/unit	0.333	0.156	0.111	0.089	0.044	0.067	0.067	0.244	0.244	0.378	0.378	0.44	2	0.356	1.11	25	0.064	0.072	0.11	0.16	0.35	0.4
Unit		Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ea
Size	·	44 in3	20 in3						15 A	20 A	40 A	50 A	150 A	60 watt				14-3	14/2				
Category		Outlet fixture	Outlet fixture	Elect. Receptical	Pole Switch	Light Switch Cover	75 Watt Bulb	LIGHT BULB REPLACEMENTS	Circuit Breaker	Bathroom fans (vented to attic)	25 Watt florescent bulb	Thermostat	circuit breaker load center	16 NM-B 3-Phase wire UF-B w/ground	17 NM-B 3-Phase wire UF-B w/o ground	NM-B 12-2	NM-B 10-3	NM-B 6-3	Bulb Holders				
No.		-	2	e	4	5	9		2	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17 N	18	19	20	21

# SH ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS MASS INVENTORY

TOTALS (WT IN KG)

 18.45
 4.58
 0.70
 17.22
 163.40
 8.67

161.92

8

**ASSUMPTIONS** Individual wts of items measured at ACE Hardware 14-3 and 14-2 weights measured. Total ft of wire for house estimated based on figures provided by Gross Electric Co. Wts of 12-2, 10-3 and 6-3 based on diameters of guage and SG of copper (8.9) Mass of PVC for cables assumed to be 0.02 of total mass of cable. Remaining mass is copper. Paper neglected

	K-Pape	(ql)		6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	9.6	12.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	12.0	12.0	12.0			12.0	153.5	
DOOR MATER	Part Board Wood (pine)K-Pape	(ql)	15																							15.0	
	Part Board	(ql)		14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	22.4	28.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	0.0	0.0	28.0	358.2	
	Total Wt	(ql)		20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	32.0	40.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	40.0	40.0	40.0					
ď	vol	(in3)	414.75																				594.75			(ql)	
GI ASS DIMENSIONS	thick	(ft)	0.1250																				0.1250			Totals	
	height	(in)	00'62																				122				
Ċ	width	(in)	21.00																				39				
	density	(lb/ft2)		1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	4.2				
SNOIS	area	ft2	34.9	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	16.9	27.0	33.8	18.0	16.9	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	33.8	33.8	33.8	23.6	112.0			
NOOR DIMENSIONS	height	(in)	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0	84.0			
	width	(in)	31	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	15	12	15	31	15	32	32	32	32	15	15	15	42	192			
	# Doors		2	١	Ļ	Ļ	Ļ	١	٢	١	2	4	4	Ļ	2	٢	١	٢	٢	4	4	4	٢	٢			
	room		study (special)	mbr entry	mbr closet	mbr closet	master bath	lav bath	washroom	inner garage entry	kitchen closet	kitchen closet	living room closet	entry to basement	hallway closet	upper bedroom 1	upper bedroom 2	upper bedroom 3	upper bathroom	upper bedroom 1	upper bedroom 2	upper bedroom 3	e foyer (main front door)	garage outer	REPLACEMENTS		
	. Floor Description	-	1 1 Double glass	2 1 single wood	١	1 single wood	1	3 1 single wood	7 1 single wood	1	9 1 double closet	1 1 4 piece closet	۱	2 1 single wood	3 2 2 piece closet	t 2 single wood	5 2 single wood		Z single wood	3 2 4 piece closet	9 2 4 piece closet		1 1 Main front door (stee foyer (main from	2 1 garage			
	Ň	]	·	2	e	4	2	9	2	ø	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22			

SH DOORS MASS INVENTORY

Totals (kg)

6.8 69.8

162.8

	Steel	(ql)	3	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.9	1.8	1.8	2.1	0.9	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	114.0	280.0		433.0	196.8
	glass	(ql)	16.99	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.4	0.0		41.4	18.8
LS	S-Foam	(qI)	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.0	0.0		13.0	5.9
	No		1	2	3	4	5	9	2	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22			

### ASSUMPTIONS

Glass thicknesses are 1/8" on door windows All doors except No. 1 and 19 standard honeycomb hollow core Inner doors have no insulation

Door 2 (main) insulation estimated

Door weight data provided by Washtenaw Door and Trim (std door 20 lb. and bi-fold door 10 lb) Material in single wood doors assumed to be 70% fiber board and 30% Kraft paper honeycomb Additional window area on entry door measured. Assume steel frame consisting of 25 lb and 3 lb of insulation Front entry door estimated to be steel with insulation [From Permadoor = 81x42 = 99 lb. 10 lb of insulation est Steel component for interior single doors consists of Door Knob and Hinges.

Door knob wieghed in ACE hardware store (june 4) = 1.5 lb, Hinges estimated to be 0.6 lb/door Steel component for interior bifold doors consists of Door Knob and Hinges.

Door knob estimated = .3 lb, Hinge estimated 0.3 lb/door

Steel for main study door estimated to be 3 lb Garage Door (model 535) weight provided by Windsor Door (manufacturer) via email Replacement doors is 2 total for life of house assumed because of damage. No windows included. Wood in study door assumed to weigh 15 lbs SH WINDOW MASS INVENTORY

		Sill Dime	width	(in)
		Size	$Ft^2$	
	שיטטא	height	(iii)	
1/11		width	(in)	
		Location		
		Description		
		No. Floor		

38.8	38.8	67.0	69.0	39.0	21.0	67.0	21.0	45.0	67.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	28.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	
8.0	8.0	2.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	6.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
2.0	2.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
29.7	29.7	32.0	39.4	11.4	5.4	59.2	7.3	11.1	32.0	15.7	15.7	15.7	2.5	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	319.81
105.0	105.0	65.0	80.0	40.0	34.0	120.0	46.0	34.0	65.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	15.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	
40.8	40.8	71.0	71.0	41.0	23.0	71.0	23.0	47.0	71.0	39.0	39.0	39.0	30.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	oreadshe
Living room	Living room	Dining Room	Kitchen/Patio	Kitchen Sink	Laundry	Study (front)	Master Bathroom	Master Bathroom	Master Bedroom	Bedroom SE	Bedroom NE	Bedroom NW	Garage	Basement	Basement	Basement	Basement	ows except front doorsee door
3 pane double hung w/ transom	3 pane double hung w/ transom	4 Pane double hung	2 pane patio door	2 pane double hung	2 pane double hung	4 Pane d-hung trans (semicirc)	2 pane double hung	single pane (semicircle)	2 pane double hung	semicircle above garage	single glazed basement	single glazed basement	single glazed basement	single glazed basement	gross total window frame area (all windows except front doorsee door spreadsheet)			
-	٢	٢	٢	٢	٢	٢	٢	٢	٢	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	
A	В	с	D	ш	ш	G	Т	-	ſ	A	В	ပ	D	A	В	ပ	D	

TOTAL

Assumptions:

272.2 ft2 Window frame area = 337 ft2 ( which is the number used in Energy-10) (2.5 kg/L) × (0.01639 L/in3) = 0.04097 Kg/in3 density of glass 2.5 kg/L (2.5 kg/L) × (0.01639 L/in3) = 0.04097 kg/i Glasing area for first and second floor area (less garage window) = Front door glazing area = 33.1 ft2 Therefore total glazed area = 305.3Wt of frame and sash per linear foot based on supplier data Replacement at 25 years includes all glass and PVC frames and sills All glass panes 1/8" double strength

10.0

1,440.0 4,221.0 1,998.0 1,998.0

32.0 63.0 54.0

6.1

882.0

42.0

29.3

53.0

7,638.0

630.0

26.1 26.1 29.3 36.4 9.8 4.4

3,758.8 3,758.8 4,221.0 5,244.0 1,404.0

97.0

97.0

76.0

36.0 30.0 114.0

63.0

Area (ft2)

Area (in2)

*height* (in)

width (in)

iensions height

(in)

Glass Dimensions

WINDOW DIMENSIONS

13.9

13.9 13.9 2.9 2.9

416.0 416.0

13.0 13.0 416.0

13.0

these totals are surface area (times 2 for glass area)

319.81 60.00 699.62

**ONLY BROKEN ONES** 

ALL

REPLACEMENT FREQUENCY (YEARS)

25

**REPLACE DURING 50 YEARS** 

2.5 2.9

364.0

13.0 13.0

416.0

1,998.0

54.0

54.0

	GLASS QUANTITY	ANTITY			F	FRAMES (All PVC Construction)	PVC Cor	nstruction)		
Panes	Thick	Volume	Wt		Frame	me		Sash		Total
(#)	(in)	in3	(kg)	vert's(I)	hor's(-)	uns length	wt	sum length	wt	wt
				(#)	(#)	(ft)	(kg)	(ft)	(kg)	(kg)
						factor (kg/ft)	0.32	factor (kg/ft)	0.15	
2	1/8	939.7	38.5	3	4	37.2	11.9	24.1	3.6	15.5
2	1/8	939.7	38.5	3	4	37.2	11.9	24.1	3.6	15.5
2	1/8	1,055.3	43.2	3	3	32.5	10.4	22.5	3.4	13.8
2	1/8	1,311.0	53.7	4	3	42.6	13.6	25.0	3.8	17.4
2	1/8	351.0	14.4	2	8	15.8	5.0	13.3	2.0	7.0
2	1/8	157.5	6.5	2	8	10.3	3.3	9.3	1.4	4.7
2	1/8	1,909.5	78.2	3	4	50.8	16.3	31.7	4.8	21.0
2	1/8	220.5	9.0	2	3	12.3	3.9	11.3	1.7	5.6
2	1/8	360.0	14.7	2	2	12.8	4.1	13.3	2.0	6.1
2	1/8	1,055.3	43.2	3	3	32.5	10.4	22.5	3.4	13.8
2	1/8	499.5	20.5	2	3	18.3	5.8	16.0	2.4	8.2
2	1/8	499.5	20.5	2	3	18.3	5.8	16.0	2.4	8.2
2	1/8	499.5	20.5	2	3	18.3	5.8	16.0	2.4	8.2
2	1/8	91.0	3.7	2	2	6.8	2.2	7.3	1.1	3.3
1	1/8	52.0	2.1	2	2	7.5	2.4	7.7	1.2	3.6
-	1/8	52.0	2.1	2	2	7.5	2.4	7.7	1.2	3.6
1	1/8	52.0	2.1	2	2	7.5	2.4	7.7	1.2	3.6
٢	1/8	52.0	2.1	2	2	7.5	2.4	7.7	1.2	3.6
			413.7							162.6
			77.0							0.0
	Total Glace Wt	1//+	004 34					Total DV/C W	+	375 2
			10.100						۲. ۱	7.020

Comment			Floor Joist		Floor Joist		Floor Joist	Floor Joist	Floor Joist						
Poplar	(bd)											20			25
Oak	(kg)		74.6					13.0	7.6	11.9	22.6			1	55
Pine	(kg)		74.6		50.3		1.3							0	126
Weight	(kg)		74.6		50.3		1.3	13.0	7.6	11.9	22.6	19.6	5.3		206
Density	(Ib/ft3)		28		28		28	42	42	42	42	28	28		otal
Volume	(ff3)		5.9		4.0		0.1	0.7	0.4	0.6	1.2	1.5	0.4		
Isions	Area	(in2)	1.1		1.3		0.3	12.3	1.1	0.6	17.1	6'9	5.4		
Actual Dimensions	Depth	(in)	3.0		2.3		0.8	3.5	1.1	4.0	5.3	9.3	7.3		
Actu	Width	(in)	0.4		0.6		0.4	3.5	1.1	2.3	3.3	0.8	0.8		
Total	(ft) or (ft2)		750		450		45	8	51	10	10	32	11		
Amount	(#)		750		450		45	8	51	10	10	32	11		
Unit			f		Ħ		Ħ	ft	f	f	ft	ft	f		
Material			pine		pine		pine	oak	oak	oak	oak	poplar	poplar		
Description		1	Base Molding	Casing for doors &	windows	Crown Mold in dining	room	Stair Posts	Stair spindles	Stair Hand-rail	Rail Base	Stringers	Stair cap		
Cross Section	(in X in)		3/8X3		9/16x2-1/4"		7/16"x3/4"	3-1/2"x3-1/2"	1-1/16 square	2-1/4x4"	3-1/4×5-1/4"	3/4×9-1/4"	3/4×7-1/4"		
No.		I	-		2		ო	4	2	9	7	8	<u>б</u>		

SH TRIM LUMBER MASS INVENTORY

Assumptions No trim on windows (drywall finish)

	APPLI	APPLIANCE						MATEF	IAL BRE	MATERIAL BREAKDOWN	7			
0 N	NO. ITEM	DESCRIPTION	EST.LIFE	TOTAL WT.	TOTAL WT.	STEEL	cU	٩٢	PLASTIC	RUBBER	FOAM	GLASS	HCFC	PAPER
			(YR)	(qI)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)
~	REFRIGERATOR	WHIRLPOOL VOLUME= 21.7 FT3	15	265.0	120.5	106.8	1.4	2.3	1.4	0.5	4.5	0.0	0.5	1.4
7	GARBAGE DISPOSAL	1/3 HP HUSHMASTER "WASTE KING"	15	15.0	6.8	5.9	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
e	SUMP PUMP	WAYNE SUBMERSIBLE PUMP	15	20.0	9.1	8.6	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	FURNICE	TRANE XE-80 MODEL	50	151.0	68.6	62.9	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	1.4
5		A.O. SMITH 32000 BTU/HR INPUT	15	119.0	54.1	50.0	0.0	0.9	0.5	0.0	0.5	2.3	0.0	0.0
9	RANGE	WHIRLPOOL	15	160.0	72.7	68.2	0.9	0.5	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.9	0.0	0.9
7	RANGE HOOD	WHIRLPOOL RANGE HOOD MODEL	25	16.0	7.3	6.8	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ø	A/C CENTRAL UNIT	TRANE XE 1000 HIGH EFF.	20	203.0	92.3	84.1	1.4	1.8	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	2.7	0.9
¢		MAJESTIC MODEL MBU	C L			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ъ 10	9 FIRE PLACE 10 DISHWASHER	36/WBU36I WHIRLPOOL GDS-500	09 20	0.2c1 81.0	69.1 36.8	34.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-	11 CLOTHS WASHER	WHIRLPOOL	15	175.0	79.5	77.3	0.5	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9
12		WHIRLPOOL	15	125.0	56.8	52.3	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.9
13	REPLACEMENT	Refrigerator		795.0	361.4	320.5	4.1	6.8	4.1	1.4	13.6	0.0	1.4	4.1
14	REPLACEMENT	Garbage Disposal		45.0	20.5	17.7	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15	REPLACEMENT	Sump Pump		60.0	27.3	25.9	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
16	16 REPLACEMENT	Furnice		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17/	REPLACEMENT	Water Heater Ranne		357.0	162.3 218.2	150.0 204.5	0.0	2.7	1.4	0.0	1.4	6.8 7.7	0.0	0.0
19	REPLACEMENT	Range Hood		16.0	7.3	6.8	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
20	REPLACEMENT	A/C Central Unit		390.0	177.3	168.2	2.7	3.6	0.0	0.0	2.7	0.0	5.4	1.8
21	REPLACEMENT	Fireplace		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
22	22 REPLACEMENT	Dishwasher		162.0	73.6	68.2	0.9	1.8	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.9	0.0	0.0
23	REPLACEMENT	Cloths Washer		525.0	238.6	231.8	1.4	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.7
24	REPLACEMENT	Cloths Dryer		375.0	170.5	156.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	0.0	2.7	0.0	0.0	2.7
	all appliances, replacement only	nent only			1457	1350	17	24	8	1	26	10	7	14
	all appliances, total			TOTALS	2130	1979	24	33	11	2	37	14	10	21
	all appliances, new only				674	628	9	10	3	0	10	4	с	7

SH APPLIANCES MASS INVENTORY

**ASSUMPTIONS** Est life based on several sources including manufacture, "Consumer Guide to Home Energy Savings", and best estimate All Appliance makes and models taken from Princeton Home Lot 225 Replacement of refrigerators based on expected life of refrigerator or by replacement by new owner

# SH REPLACEMENT PART AND MATERIALS INVENTORY

Materials Total wt	(q))
Wt	lb/unit
Amount	
Unit	
ltem	
Category	

o years		Total Wt	(kg)
50	Amount of Changes	Changes	
Home Life:	Amount	Change	frequency (yr)
ĺ			1

	Drywall	ft2	32	1.70	Gypsum	54.4	25
Improvement	Basement drywall (1/2")	ft2	3,026	1.7	Gypsum	5144.2	50
mprovement	Basement drywall mud	gal	30	7.78	Gypsum	233.4	50
mprovement	Basement drywall glue	q	24		Solvent	13.5	50
mprovement	Basement drywall tape	ft2	302	0.124	Kraft Paper	37.4	50
mprovement	Basement paint (latex) 1 coat	ft2	3,026	0.0256	Latex	77.5	50
Improvement	Basement Nails	q	30		steel	30.0	50
mprovement	Basement corner pieces	q	11		steel	11.0	50
mprovement	1st & 2nd floor painting	ft2	11,320	0.0256	Latex	289.8	10
mprovement	Exterior painting	ft2	200	0.0256	Latex	5.1	10
mprovement	PVC siding on house	ft2	2,862	0.42	PVC	1202.0	25
mprovement	New roofing	ft2	3,450	1.791	Asphalt shingle	6179.0	20
mprovement	New roofing	ft2	3,450	0.016	Nails	55.2	20
mprovement	New roofing	42	3,450	0.131	Felt No. 15	452.0	25
Appliance	Refrigerator	ea	Ļ	265	various	265.0	15
Appliance	Garbage Disposal	ea	Ļ	15	various	15.0	15
Appliance	Sump Pump	ea	Ł	20	various	20.0	15
Appliance	Furnice	ea	Ł	20	various	20.0	50
Appliance	Water Heater	ea	۱,	119	various	119.0	15
Appliance	Range	ea	Ļ	160	various	160.0	15
Appliance	Range Hood	ea	Ļ	16	various	16.0	25
Appliance	A/C Central Unit	ea	Ł	195	various	195.0	20
Appliance	Fireplace	ea	Ļ	195	various	195.0	50
Appliance	Dishwasher	ea	Ļ	81	various	81.0	20
Appliance	Cloths Washer	ea	Ļ	175	various	175.0	15
Appliance	Cloths Dryer	ea	L	125	various	125.0	15
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo				particleboard	1359.0	25
mprovement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo				steel	17.9	25
mprovement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo				tile/ceramic	64.4	25
mprovement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo				phenolic resin	3.7	25
mprovement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo				Kraft Paper	9.0	25
mprovement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo				mirror	0.0	25
	Doors	ft2	96	111	Part Board, K paper	40.0	25
	Lightbulbs	ea	32	0.067	Glass, steel	2.1	3
mprovement	Basement flooring	ft2	1,675	0.778	Vinyl Tile	1,303	20
	Floor vinyl	ft2	202	0.778	Vinyl Tile	157	20
morovement	Ctyrono hutodiono rubbor	¢	765		of wood but a book	000	

otal Wt (kg)	24.7	2338.3	106.1	6.1	17.0	35.2	13.6	5.0	526.9	9.3	546.4	5617.2	50.2	205.4	361.4	20.5	27.3	0.0	162.3	218.2	7.3	177.3	0.0	73.6	238.6	170.5	617.7	8.1	29.3	1.7	4.1	0.0	18.2	15.6	1184.7	142.9	34.3
Changes 1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	4.00	4.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	0.00	3.00	3.00	1.00	2.00	0.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	16.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Change frequency (yr)	25	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	10	10	25	20	20	25	15	15	15	50	15	15	25	20	50	20	15	15	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	3	20	20	20

ials Total wt Amount	(lb) Change	frequency (yr)	1074.6	503.7	15.5	ss 169.4 25	Glass 910.1 25	0 2E7 0 2E
Materials			Nylon	.9 Pine	stainless steel	Glass	Glas	J//d
Wt	lb/unit		0.597	30.9				
Amount			1,800	16		27	414	163
Unit			ft2	ft3		kg	kg	2
Item			Carpet	Basement timber (2x2s)	Kitchen Stainless Steel Sink	Windows	Windows	Mindows
Category			Repair	Improvement	Improvement	Repair	Improvement	Improvement

	Total Wt	(kg)	2930.7	228.9	7.0	77.0	413.7	162.6
Amount of Changes	Changes		6.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Amount	Change	frequency (yr)	œ		25 1.00 7.0	25	25	25 1.00 162.6

TOTALS (WT IN KG)

Category	ltem	STEEL A	INLESS ST	COPPER	ALUM	PLASTIC	RUBBER	FOAM	GLASS	HCFC	K Paper	GYPSUM	PINE
		(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)
Repair	Drywall							,				24.7	
Improvement	Basement drywall (1/2")											2338.3	
Improvement	Basement drywall mud											106.1	
Improvement	Basement drywall glue												
Improvement	Basement drywall tape										17.0		
Improvement	Basement paint (latex) 1 coat												
Improvement	Basement Nails	13.6											
Improvement	Basement corner pieces	5.0											
Improvement	1st & 2nd floor painting	2											
Improvement	Exterior painting												
Improvement	PVC siding on house												
Improvement	New roofing												
Improvement	New roofing	50.2											
Improvement	New roofing												
Appliance	Refrigerator	320.5		4.1	6.9	4	1.4	13.6	Ó	1.4	4.1		
Appliance	Garbage Disposal	17.7		1.4	1.4	Ó	0.0	0.0	Ó	0.0	0.0		
Appliance	Sump Pump	25.9		1.4	0.0	Ö	0.0	0.0	Ö	0.0	0.0		
Appliance	Furnice	0.0		0.0	0.0	Ó	0.0	0.0	Ó	0.0	0.0		
Appliance	Water Heater	150.0		0.0	2.7	1	0.0	1.4	ġ	0.0	0.0		
Appliance	Range	204.5		2.7	1.4	Ó	0.0	4.1	N.	0.0	2.7		
Appliance	Range Hood	6.9		0.0	0.5	Ö	0.0	0.0	Ö	0.0	0.0		
Appliance	A/C Central Unit	168.2		2.7	3.6	0.0	0.0	2.7	0.0	5.4	1.8		
Appliance	Fireplace	0.0		0.0	0.0	o	0.0	0.0	Ö	0.0	0.0		
Appliance	Dishwasher	68.2		0.0	1.8	o	0.0	1.8	o	0.0	0.0		
Appliance	Cloths Washer	231.8		1.4	2.7	Ö	0.0	0.0	o	0.0	2.7		
Appliance	Cloths Dryer	156.8		2.7	2.7	~	0.0	2.7	Ó	0.0	2.7		
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo												
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	8.1											
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo												
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo												
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo										4.1		
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo								0.0				
Repair	Doors										5.4		
Repair	Lightbulbs	7.8							7.8				
Improvement	Basement flooring												
Repair	Floor vinyl												
Improvement	Styrene-butadiene rubber												

Category	ltem	STEEL /	L AINLESS ST COPPER		ALUM	PLASTIC RUBBER	RUBBER	FOAM	GLASS	HCFC	K Paper	GYPSUM	PINE
		(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)
	•												
Repair	Carpet												
Improvement	Basement timber (2x2s)												228.9
Improvement	Kitchen Stainless Steel Sink		7.0								2.0		
Repair	Windows								77.0				
Improvement	Windows					413			413.7		<u>ل</u>		
Improvement	Windows												
-													
		1,435	7	17	24	8	1	26	509	7	41	2,469	229

### ASSUMPTIONS

- 1 Cost and Material energy intensity is assumed to be the same although these activities will take place in the future
- Appliance replacement rates assumed except for refrigerator (nordic data)
   Number of changes equals (life of home) / (change frequency) 1 because no changes will be made prior to demolition
  - 4 Kitchen sink stainless and regular steel mass combined on this sheet
    5 Windows assume only glass replaced, no replacement of PNV sash or frame considered
    6 Data on siding and window replacement rates from Astro Building Products
    7 Data on carpet replacement rates from Interface
- 8 Data on appliance replacement rates from Whirlpool. Other appliances estimated.
  - 9 All other replacement rates estimated
- 10 Application wt of sytrene but rubber estimated (.05 lb/ft2) 11 basement improvement includes adding 2x2's, and drywall to concrete perimeter wall, as well as to the ceiling;
  - vinyl flooring included; no partition walls 12 no replacement paint coats in basemement wall or ceiling

Catedory	ltem	Part Board	dd	latex	Solvent	Shingle	#15 Felt	PVC	SBR	Vinvl tile	nhen resin	PA
(		(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)		(kg)	(kg)
Repair	Drywall											
Improvement	Basement drywall (1/2")											
Improvement	Basement drywall mud											
Improvement	Basement drywall glue				6.1							
Improvement	Basement drywall tape											
Improvement	Basement paint (latex) 1 coat			35.2								
Improvement	Basement Nails											
Improvement	Basement corner nieces											
Improvement	1st & 2nd floor painting			526.9								
Improvement	Exterior painting			9.3								
Improvement	PVC siding on house							546.4				
Improvement	New roofing					5617.2						
Improvement	New roofing											
Improvement	New roofing						205.4					
Appliance	Refrigerator											
Appliance	Garbage Disposal											
Appliance	Sump Pump											
Appliance	Furnice											
Appliance	Water Heater											
Appliance	Range											
Appliance	Range Hood											
Appliance	A/C Central Unit											
Appliance	Fireplace											
Appliance	Dishwasher											
Appliance	Cloths Washer											
Appliance	Cloths Dryer											
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	617.7										
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo											
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo											
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo										1.7	
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo											
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo											
Repair	Doors	12.7										
Repair	Lightbulbs											
Improvement	Basement flooring									1184.7		
Repair	Floor vinyl											
Improvement	Styrene-butadiene rubber								34.3			

Category	Item	Part Board	ЬР	Latex	Solvent	Shingle	#15 Felt	PVC	SBR	Vinyl tile	Vinyl tile phen resin	PA
		(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)
õ	Carpet	293.1		937.8						1699.		1699.8
B	Basement timber (2x2s)											
Ϋ́	Kitchen Stainless Steel Sink											
3	Vindows											
5	Vindows											
>	Windows							162.6				
		630	293	1,509	9	5,617	205	602	34	1,328	2	1,700
							Ì					ĺ

Comments		
tile ceramic	(kg)	
ltem		
Category		

•	DIJWall	
		Installed in 1st year after move in by owner / assume all extenor wall lined, ceiling drywall added and one
Improvement	Basement drywall (1/2")	additional wall built
Improvement	Basement drywall mud	Installed in 1st year after move in by owner
Improvement	Basement drywall glue	Installed in 1st year after move in by owner
Improvement	Basement drywall tape	
Improvement	Basement paint (latex) 1 coat	Installed in 1st year after move in by owner
		Installed in 1st year after move in by owner / assume all exterior wall lined, celling drywall added and one
Improvement	Basement Nails	additional wall built {wt of nails assumed]
Improvement	Basement corner pieces	
Improvement	1 st & 2nd floor painting	One coat interior
Improvement	Exterior painting	One exterior coat
Improvement	PVC siding on house	Replace all exterior siding because of excessive UV fading (se assumptions)
		Assumes new shingles nailed over originals at first replacement. Second replacement has orignal felt and both
Improvement	New roofing	layers of singles torn out and replaced with new felt and shingle layer
Improvement	New roofing	Information concerning quantities of nails, shingles, felt contained within the DEAM data Base.
Improvement	New roofing	
Appliance	Refrigerator	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Garbage Disposal	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Sump Pump	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Furnice	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Water Heater	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Range	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Range Hood	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	A/C Central Unit	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Fireplace	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Dishwasher	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Cloths Washer	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Cloths Dryer	Use same data as first purchase
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	Replaced by owner after 20 years (one time) Assume 100% of kitchen cabinets replaced, all metal parts reused
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	Replaced by owner after 20 years (one time)
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	29.3 Replaced by owner after 20 years (one time)
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	Replaced by owner after 20 years (one time)
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	Replaced by owner after 20 years (one time)
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	Replaced by owner after 20 years (one time)
Repair	Doors	Replace because of damage / 2 doors @ 25 years
Repair	Lightbulbs	Each bulb replaced every 2 years
Improvement	Basement flooring	no tile, floor left as bare concrete
Repair	Floor vinyl	
Improvement	Styrene-butadiene rubber	

	ent timber (2x2s) i Stainless Steel Sink	(kg)	Replaced because of wear
r vement	Sink		Replaced because of wear
r vement	Sink		Replaced because of wear
	nent timber (2x2s) en Stainless Steel Sink		
	en Stainless Steel Sink		Installed in 1st year after move in by owner assume 70 linear tt of wall 7 ft high
			Replaced from accidental breakage / assume four 15 ft2 double pane windows replaced every 25 years
Repair Windows	SWC		frames not replaced
			Assume all window replaced after 30 years including PVC frames and sashes. This is due to expected leakage
Improvement Windows	SWC		and general weather strip failure.
			Assume all window replaced after 30 years including PVC frames and sashes. This is due to expected leakage
Improvement Windows	SWC		and general weather strip failure.

## **EEH TRUSSES LUMBER INVENTORY**

ţ			<b>.</b>			
Weight	q	3,458	2,252	63	112	233
Density	(Ib/ft3)	30.9	30.9	30.9	30.9	489.8
Volume Density	ft3	111.8954	72.88969	2.041667	3.609375	0.475301
suo	area (in2)	5.25	5.25	2.625	8.25	
Actual Dimensions	depth	1.5	1.5	0.75	1.5	0.0359
Acti	width	3.5	3.5	3.5	5.5	
	Т	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft <sup>2</sup>
TOTALS		3,069	1,999	112	63	159
TOT	DESCRIPTION	2x4 #2 SPF	2x4 Stud SFP (USA)	1X4	2X6	20 Guage connectors

Total wt of Wood in Truss (kg) =	Total wt of Connectors (kg) =

2,675 106

Assumptions: Total wt of Connectors (kg) = 106 Actual diminsions are generally 1/2" less than nominal Steel Plates are perforated 20 guage (not galvinized) wood density based on [12], with a 33% mix of coast dougla fir, sitca spruce, and western white pine (moisture conft 19%)

(in Xin)       (in Xin)       (ii)       (iii)       (iiii)       (iiiii)       (iiii)       (iiii)       (iiii)       (iiii)       (iiii)       (iiii)       (iiii)       (iiiii)       (iiii)       (iiiii)       (iiiii)       (iiii)       (iiiii)       (iiiii)       (iiiiii) <td< th=""><th>N</th><th>Cross Section</th><th>Description</th><th>Material</th><th>Length/Area/@</th><th>Unit</th><th>Amount</th><th>Total</th><th>Ac</th><th>Actual Dimensions</th><th>ns</th></td<>	N	Cross Section	Description	Material	Length/Area/@	Unit	Amount	Total	Ac	Actual Dimensions	ns
34" thick T&G/LE       4'X8" Oriented Strand Board, floors       OSB       32       F/2       91         716" thick L-P       4'X8" Oriented Strand Board, walls       OSB       32       F/2       134         716" thick L-P       4'X8" Oriented Strand Board, walls       OSB       32       F/2       134         716" thick L-P       4'X8" Oriented Strand Board, walls       OSB       32       F/2       134         716" thick L-P       4'X8" Oriented Strand Board, roof       Pine       14       F/1       14         716" thick L-P       2X10       #2 BTR SPF S-DIY       Pine       16       F/1       14         2X10       #2 BTR SPF S-DIY       Pine       16       F/1       14       150         2X10       #2 BTR SPF S-DIY       Pine       16       F/1       36         2X10       #2 BTR SPF S-DIY       Pine       16       F/1       36         2X110       #2 BTR SPF S-DIY       Pine       16       F/1       36         2X110       #2 BTR SPF S-DIY       Pine       16       F/1       36         2X110       #2 BTR FIEM-FIF S-DIY       Pine       16       F/1       56         2X14       #3 SFF S-DIY       Pine       <	]	(in X in)			(ft)		(#)	(ft) or (ft2)	Width	Depth	Area
34" thick T&G/LE       4X8' Oriented Strand Board, floors       OSB       32       F/2       91         716"       thick       L-P       4X8' Oriented Strand Board, roof       SS       5       F/2       134         716"       thick       L-P       4X8' Oriented Strand Board, roof       SS       5       F/2       134         716"       thick       L-P       32       F/2       134         716"       thick       L-P       32       F/2       134         716"       thick       L-P       32       F/2       134         716"       thick       LP       32       F/2       134         716"       thick       LP       32       F/2       134         716       thereal, Plain       thereal, Plain       14       F/1       140         2210       #2 BTR RFF S-Dry       Plne       16       F/1       35         2210       #3 SFF S-Dry       Plne       16       F/1       56         2210       #3 SFF S-Dry       Plne       16       F/1       50         2210       #3 SFF S-Dry       Plne       16       F/1       56         2210       #3 SFF S-Dry				-		1			(in)	(in)	(in2)
34" thick T&G/LE         4X8" Oriented Strand Board, floors         OSB         32         F/2         91           716"         thick LP         0SB         32         F/2         134           716"         thick LP         0SB         32         F/2         134           716"         thick included Strand Board, roof         0SB         32         F/2         134           716"         thick included Strand Board, roof         225         F/2         136         136           716"         thick included Strand Board, roof         Pine         14         F         150           2X10         #2 BTR SPF S-Dry         Pine         13         F         33         F           2X10         #2 BTR SPF S-Dry         Pine         16         F         130         F           2X10         #2 BTR SPF S-Dry         Pine         16         F         33         F         36         F         36         F         36         F         36         F         37         F         36         F         <											
N116" $LrP$ threeCSB32Ft2134N16"trastYastOriented Strand Board, wallsOSB32Ft2134N16"trasttrastYastMinetreseal, Plain32Ft2126Innerseal, PlaintrasttrasttrastFine14Ft16N16"#2 BTR SPF S-DryPine18Ft14142X10#2 BTR SPF S-DryPine16Ft4352X10#2 BTR SPF S-DryPine16Ft4352X10#2 BTR SPF S-DryPine16Ft352X10#2 BTR SPF S-DryPine16Ft352X10#3 SPF S-DryPine16Ft352X11#3 SPF S-DryPine16Ft30.22X12#3 SPF S-DryPine16Ft30.22X12#3 SPF S-DryPine16Ft30.22X12#3 SPF S-DryPine17Ft30.22X12#4 Gade SPF S-DryPine16Ft45.52X12FtStud Gade SPF S-DryPine16Ft45.51X13Furring (Load 12 Lengths Only)Pine16Ft45.51X12Georgia Pacific Primetrim TexturedPine16Ft45.51X12Georgia Pacific Primetrim TexturedPine16Ft45.51X12Georgia Pacific Primetrim TexturedPine16Ft </td <td>-</td> <td>thick T&amp;G/LE</td> <td>4'X8' Oriented Strand Board, floors</td> <td>OSB</td> <td>32</td> <td>Ft2</td> <td>91</td> <td>2912</td> <td>0.8</td> <td></td> <td></td>	-	thick T&G/LE	4'X8' Oriented Strand Board, floors	OSB	32	Ft2	91	2912	0.8		
Millerestat, ratio         Procention board, root         COD         CA         Fig	c	thick col Dioin	1'Ve' Oriented Stra	aso	22	ç	101	000 1			
(110:         Intok         L <sup>H</sup> XI:         Visc         Intok         L <sup>H</sup> XI:         Visc         Intok         L <sup>H</sup> FI         150         126	V		+ YO OIIGIIGO OIIG	900	76	ע	+0-	4,200	4.		
Innerseal, Plain         4'X8' Oriented Strand Board, roof         32         Ft2         126           2X10         #2 BTR SFF S-Dty         Pine         14         Ft         150           2X10         #2 BTR SFF S-Dty         Pine         12         Ft         80           2X10         #2 BTR SFF S-Dty         Pine         16         Ft         150           2X10         #2 BTR SFF S-Dty         Pine         16         Ft         80           2X10         #2 BTR SFF S-Dty         Pine         16         Ft         38           2X10         #2 BTR HEMFir S-Dty         Pine         16         Ft         38           2X4         #3 SFF S-Dty         Pine         16         Ft         38           2X4         #3 SFF S-Dty         Pine         16         Ft         38           2X4         #3 SFF S-Dty         Pine         16         Ft         38           2X11         Kud Grade SFF S-Dty         Pine         16         Ft         30           2X4         #3 SFF S-Dty         Pine         16         Ft         30           2X11         Furdi Grade SFF S-Dty         Pine         17         17         16		thick									
2X10         #2 BTR SPF S-Dry 2X10         #2 BTR SPF S-Dry 4 2 BTR SPF S-Dry 2X10         Pine         14         Ft         150 $2X10$ #2 BTR SPF S-Dry 4 2 BTR SPF S-Dry 2X10         #2 BTR SPF S-Dry 4 2 BTR SPF S-Dry 2X1         Pine         12         Ft         8 $2X10$ #3 SPF S-Dry 2X1         #3 SPF S-Dry 4 3 SPF S-Dry 2X4         Pine         16         Ft         3.6 $2X14$ #3 SPF S-Dry 2X1         #3 SPF S-Dry 4 3 SPF S-Dry 2X4         Pine         16         Ft         3.6 $2X14$ #3 SPF S-Dry 2X4         Bine         14         Ft         90         97 $2X12$ #3 SPF S-Dry 2X4         Extended Grades SPF S-Dry 2X4         Pine         18         Ft         20 $2X12$ #2 BIR HEM-Fir S-Dry 1X3         Pine         12         Ft         97 $2X4$ Bord Grades SPF S-Dry 1X3         Pine         12         Ft         300.2 $2X4$ Bord Grades SPF S-Dry 1X3         Fring (Load 12 Lengths Only)         Pine         12         Ft         300.2 $1X6$ Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         45.5 $1X8$ Georgia	ო	Innerseal, Plain			32	Ft2	126	4,032	0.4		
2X10         #2 BTR SFF S-Dry 2X10         #2 BTR SFF S-Dry #2 BTR SFF S-Dry         Pine         18 $14$ 14           2X10         #2 BTR SFF S-Dry         Pine         12         F1         80         1           2X10         #2 BTR SFF S-Dry         Pine         16         F1         33         1           2X10         #2 BTR SFF S-Dry         Pine         16         F1         33         1           2X4         #3 SFF S-Dry         Pine         14         F1         90         1           2X4         #3 SFF S-Dry         Pine         14         F1         90         1           2X4         #3 SFF S-Dry         Pine         17         F1         90         1           2X4         Stud Grade SFF S-Dry         Pine         16         F1         900         1           2X4         Stud Grade SFF S-Dry         Pine         16         7         16         90         1           2X4         Stud Grade SFF S-Dry         Pine         16         7         90         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1	4	2X10	#2 BTR SPF S-Dry	Pine	14	Ft	150	2,100	9.3	1.5	13.9
2X10         #2 BTR SPF S-Dy         Pine         12         Ft         80 $2X10$ #2 BTR SPF S-Dy         Pine         16         Ft         43.5 $2X10$ #2 BTR SPF S-Dy         Pine         16         Ft         38 $2X6$ #3 SPF S-Dy         Pine         16         Ft         38 $2X14$ #3 SPF S-Dy         Pine         16         Ft         38 $2X12$ #3 SPF S-Dry         Pine         14         Ft         90 $2X14$ Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine         17         Ft         30.2 $2X14$ Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine         17         Ft         30.2 $2X14$ Furning (Load 12 Lengths Only)         Pine         12         Ft         30.2 $1X8$ Furning (Load 12 Lengths Only)         Pine         12         Ft         30.2 $1X8$ Georgia Pacific Primetum Textured         Pine         16         Ft         45.5 $1X8$ Georgia Pacific Primetum Textured         Pine         16         Ft         45.5 $1X8$ Georgia Pacific Primetum Tex	5	2X10	#2 BTR SPF S-Dry	Pine	18	Ft	14	252	9.3	1.5	13.9
2X10         #2 BTR SPF S-Dy         Pine         16         Ft         43.5           ZX6 $2X6$ $71$ $71$ $71$ $71$ $71$ $71$ $71$ $71$ $71$ $90$ ZX1         #3 SPF S-Dry         Pine $14$ $F1$ $90$ $71$ $71$ $71$ $71$ $91$ $910$ ZX12         #2 BTR HEM-Fir S-Dry         Pine $17$ $71$ $F1$ $900$ $7$ ZX12         Bud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine $17$ $71$ $F1$ $900$ $7$ ZX14         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine $17$ $71$ $F1$ $970$ $7$ ZX14         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine $12$ $F1$ $970$ $7$ ZX14         Funing (Load 12 Lengths Only)         Pine $12$ $F1$ $54$ $54$ ZX15         Funing (Load 12 Lengths Only)         Pine $16$ $16$ $54$ $54$ $54$ ZX15         Georgia Pacific Primetum Text	9	2X10	#2 BTR SPF S-Dry	Pine	12	Ŧ	80	096	9.3	1.5	13.9
2X6         Pine         Fine         Fine <th< td=""><td>2</td><td>2X10</td><td>#2 BTR SPF S-Dry</td><td>Pine</td><td>16</td><td>ħ</td><td>43.5</td><td>969</td><td>9.3</td><td>1.5</td><td>13.9</td></th<>	2	2X10	#2 BTR SPF S-Dry	Pine	16	ħ	43.5	969	9.3	1.5	13.9
2X4         #3 SPF S-Dry         Pine         16         Ft         505           2X12         #3 SPF S-Dry         Pine         14         Ft         90           2X12         #2 BTR HEM-Fir S-Dry         Pine         18         Ft         90           2X12         #2 BTR HEM-Fir S-Dry         Pine         17         Ft         970           2X14         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine         17         Ft         970           2X24         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine         12         Ft         300.2           2X4         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine         12         Ft         54           2X4         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine         12         Ft         54           1X3         Furning (Load 12 Lengths Only)         Pine         16         Ft         54           1X6         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         54           1X8         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         45.5           1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         45.5           1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Tex	ω	2X6		Pine	16	Ŧ	38	608	5.5	1.5	8.3
2X4         #3 SPF S-Dry #3 SPF S-Dry         Pine         14         Ft         90           2X12         #2 BTR HEM-Fir S-Dry         Pine         18         Ft         27           2X14         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine         7.7         Ft         970           2X4         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine         10         Ft         300.2           2X4         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine         12         Ft         300.2           1X3         Furning (Load 12 Lengths Only)         Pine         12         Ft         54           1X6         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         56           1X6         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         56           1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         56           1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         56           1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         36           1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         12         Ft         36	6	2X4	#3 SPF S-Dry	Pine	16	Ť	505	8,080	3.5	1.5	5.3
2X12         #2 BTR HEM-Fir S-Dry         Pine         18         Ft         2           2X4         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine $7.7$ Ft $970$ F           2X4         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine $1.7$ Ft $970$ F           2X4         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine $10$ Ft $300.2$ F           2X4         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine $12$ Ft $300.2$ F           2X0         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine $16$ F $56$ F           1X6         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine $16$ F $8$ $7.7$ <td>10</td> <td>2X4</td> <td>#3 SPF S-Dry</td> <td>Pine</td> <td>14</td> <td>Ť</td> <td>06</td> <td>1,260</td> <td>3.5</td> <td>1.5</td> <td>5.3</td>	10	2X4	#3 SPF S-Dry	Pine	14	Ť	06	1,260	3.5	1.5	5.3
2X4Stud Grade SPF S-Dry Stud Grade SPF S-DryPine $7.7$ Ft $970$ $2X4$ Stud Grade SPF S-DryPine $10$ Ft $300.2$ F $2X4$ Stud Grade SPF S-DryPine $10$ Ft $54$ F $1X3$ Furring (Load 12 Lengths Only)Pine $12$ Ft $54$ F $1X6$ (Center Ripped) BattonPine $16$ Ft $56$ F $1X6$ (Center Ripped) BattonPine $16$ Ft $8$ F $1X8$ Georgia Pacific Primetrim TexturedPine $16$ Ft $8$ $8$ $1X12$ Georgia Pacific Primetrim TexturedPine $16$ Ft $8$ $8$ $1X12$ Georgia Pacific Primetrim TexturedPine $16$ Ft $45.5$ $8$ $1X8$ No. 3 PinePine $12$ Ft $3$ $14$ $75$ $14$ $14$ $16$ $12$ $16$ $12$ $14$ $56$ $12$ $12$ $14$ $56$ $12$ $12$ $14$ $56$ $12$ $12$ $12$ $12$ $14$ $35$ $35$ $2X12$ No. 3 PinePinePine $12$ Ft $3$ $35$ <	11	2X12	#2 BTR HEM-Fir S-Dry	Pine	18	Ť	2	36	11.3	1.5	16.9
2X4         Stud Grade SPF S-Dry         Pine         10         Ft         300.2         1           1X3         Furring (Load 12 Lengths Only)         Pine         12         Ft         54         5           1X6         Georgia         Pacific         Primetrim         12         Ft         54         5           1X6         (Center Ripped) Batton         Pine         16         Ft         56         5           1X6         (Center Ripped) Batton         Pine         16         Ft         8         5           1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         45.5         5           1X12         #2 BTR HEM-FIR S-Dry (ripped to 10-         Pine         12         Ft         45.5         5           2X12         14.4 Tread Stock         Pine         12         Ft         6         7         5           2X12         No. 3 Pine         Pine         Pine         12         Ft         6         7         5           5/4X12         6/6)         Stepping #3 Comm Pond Pine (or load         Pine         12         Ft         3         5           5/4X12         6/6)         Pine         Pine	12	2X4	Stud Grade SPF S-Dry	Pine	2.7	Ft	970	7,487	3.5	1.5	5.3
1X3Furring (Load 12 Lengths Only)Pine12Ft541X6Georgia Pacific Primetrim TexturedPine16Ft561X6(Center Ripped) BattonPine16Ft561X12Georgia Pacific Primetrim TexturedPine16Ft81X12Georgia Pacific Primetrim TexturedPine16Ft81X12Georgia Pacific Primetrim TexturedPine16Ft81X12Georgia Pacific Primetrim TexturedPine16Ft81X12J14 Tread StockPine12Ft31X8No. 3 PinePine12Ft671X8No. 3 PinePine12Ft671X8Stepping #3 Comm Pond Pine (or loadPine12Ft67 $5/4X126/6PinePine12Ft375/4X126/6PineR T TIMBER (HOMEPine12Ft371X8REPLACEMENT TIMBER (HOMEPine12Ft37$	13	2X4	Stud Grade SPF S-Dry	Pine	10	Ft	300.2	3,002	3.5	1.5	5.3
Recretion         Ceorgia         Pacific         Prime         16         Ft         56           1X6         (Center Ripped) Batton         Pine         16         Ft         56           1X12         Georgia         Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         8         1           1X12         Georgia         Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         8         1           1X12         Georgia         Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         8         1           1X12         Georgia         Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         12         Ft         3         1           2X12         Ivane         No. 3 Pine         12         Ft         3         1           1X8         No. 3 Pine         Pine         12         Ft         3         1           5/4X12         6/6)         Ft         Pine         12         Ft         3         1           5/4X12         6/6         Pine         Pine         12         Ft         3         1           5/4X12         6/6         Pine         Pine         12         Ft         3 <td>14</td> <td>1X3</td> <td>Furring (Load 12 Lengths Only)</td> <td>Pine</td> <td>12</td> <td>Ft</td> <td>54</td> <td>648</td> <td>2.5</td> <td>0.8</td> <td>1.9</td>	14	1X3	Furring (Load 12 Lengths Only)	Pine	12	Ft	54	648	2.5	0.8	1.9
1X6         (Center Ripped) Batton         Pine         16         Ft         56           1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         8         1           1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         45.5           1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         45.5           2X12         1/4 Tread Stock         Pine         12         Ft         3           1X8         No. 3 Pine         12         Ft         6         1           1X8         No. 3 Pine         12         Ft         6         1           5/4X12         6/5         Pine         12         Ft         3         1           5/4X12         6/6         Pine         Pine         12         Ft         3         1           5/4X12         6/6         Pine         Pine         12         Ft         3         1           5/4X12         6/6         Pine         Pine         12         Ft         3         1											
1X8         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         8           1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         45.5           1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         45.5           1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         12         Ft         3           2X12         1/4 Tread Stock         Pine         12         Ft         3           1X8         No. 3 Pine         Pine         12         Ft         6           1X8         No. 3 Pine         Pine         12         Ft         6           1X8         No. 3 Pine         Pine         12         Ft         6           5/4X12         6/6         Pine         12         Ft         3           5/4X12         6/6         Pine         12         Ft         3           5/4X12         6/6         Pine         No.         12         Ft         3	15	1X6		Pine	16	Ft	56	896	5.5	0.8	4.1
1X12         Georgia Pacific Primetrim Textured         Pine         16         Ft         45.5           #2         BTR HEM-FIR S-Dry (ripped to 10- 2X12         #2 BTR HEM-FIR S-Dry (ripped to 10- 1/4 Tread Stock         Pine         12         Ft         3           1X8         No. 3 Pine         Pine         12         Ft         6         7           5/4X12         6/6)         Pine         12         Ft         6         7           5/4X12         6/6         Pine         12         Ft         3         7           5/4X12         6/6         Pine         12         Ft         3         7           5/4X12         6/6         Pine         12         Ft         3         7	16	1X8		Pine	16	Ft	8	128	7.3	0.8	5.4
#2 BTR HEM-FIR S-Dry (ripped to 10- 2X12         #2 BTR HEM-FIR S-Dry (ripped to 10- 1/4 Tread Stock         Pine         12         Ft         3           1X8         No. 3 Pine         No. 3 Pine         12         Ft         6         1           5/4X12         6/6         Pine         12         Ft         3         1           5/4X12         6/6         Pine         12         Ft         3         1           FAALD         Pine         Pine         12         Ft         3         1	17	1X12		Pine	16	Ft	45.5	728	11.3	0.8	8.4
2X12         1/4 Iread Stock         Pine         12         Ft         3           1X8         No. 3 Pine         12         Ft         6           1X8         No. 3 Pine         12         Ft         6           5/4X12         6/6)         12         Ft         6           5/4X12         6/6)         Pine         12         Ft         3				i		i					
1X8         No. 3 Pine         Pine         12         Ft         6           Stepping #3 Comm Pond Pine (or load <td>18</td> <td>2X12</td> <td>1/4 I read Stock</td> <td>Pine</td> <td>12</td> <td>Ft</td> <td>3</td> <td>36</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td>	18	2X12	1/4 I read Stock	Pine	12	Ft	3	36			0.0
Stepping #3 Comm Pond Pine (or load         Pine         12         Ft         3           5/4X12         6/6)         Ft         3         Pine         12         Ft         3           FEPLACEMENT         TIMBER         (HOME         Pine         12         Ft         3	19	1X8	No. 3 Pine	Pine	12	Ft	6	72	0.8	6.5	4.9
5/4X12 6/6) Pine 12 Ft 3 Pine 12 Ft 3 RePLACEMENT TIMBER (HOME			ping #3 Comm								
REPLACEMENT TIMBER (HOME	20	5/4X12		Pine	12	Ŧ	ი	36	11.3	1.3	14.1
IMPROVEMENT	21		t timber t	Pine							
22 1/2" Sturdy Board Polyisocyanurate F12 0	22	1/2" Sturdy Board		Polyisocyanurate		Ft2		0	0.5		

# EEH WALLS LUMBER AND SHEATHING MASS INVENTORY

## Assumptions

\*...density based on [12], with a 33% mix of coast dougla fir, sitca spruce, and western white pine (moisture cont't 19%) this wood will still be needed for window header and other window framing parts Same spec as Fingerle and same quantity All Actual Dimensions are for Seasoned Lumber (see page 65 "DWELLING HOUSE CONSTRUCITON" by Dietz (Media Union TH 4811 D56 1974 for change from SH to EEH assumed that whatever wood isn't needed anymore where larger windows come in, this wood will still be needed for window header and other window framing parts

Comment	Floor Joist Floor Joist Floor Joist Floor Joist	
Polyiso (kg)		
OSB (kg)	2,948.4	
wood* (kg)	28420 28420 3410 3410 12992 941.9 941.9 941.9 1287.2 5933 3834.0 118.5 599.1 118.5 599.1 118.5 599.1 19.4 368.5 368.5	
Weight (kg)	2,948.4 2,535.5 2,535.5 2,535.5 2,384.1 2,842.0 341.0 1,299.2 941.9 489.3 4,137.6 645.2 59.3 3,834.0 1,537.2 118.5 599.1 1,537.2 118.5 645.2 599.1 1,537.2 1,18.5 645.2 599.1 1,537.2 1,18.5 645.2 599.1 1,537.2 2,538.5 2,538.5 2,842.0 3,41.9 2,637.2 1,537.2 1,537.2 2,537.2 1,537.2 2,538.5 2,538.5 2,534.1 2,534.1 2,534.1 2,534.1 2,534.1 2,534.2 2,534.1 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.1 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,534.2 2,537.2 2,547.	2
Density (Ib/ft3)	35.6 35.6 35.6 35.6 30.9 30.9 30.9 30.9 30.9 30.9 30.9 30.9	2
Volume (ff3)	182.0 156.5 156.5 147.2 202.3 292.5 67.1 67.1 34.8 294.6 45.9 109.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8	2
Cross Section (in X in)	3/4" thick T&G/LE 7/16" thick L-P Innerseal, Plain 7/16" thick L-P Innerseal, Plain 2210 2210 2X10 2X10 2X10 2X4 2X4 2X4 2X4 2X4 2X4 2X10 2	

17,724.8 7,868.0 0.0

		Mirrors (Ft2)	Ī							12	12	18			42		
		Mi															
		Sliders		2			8	12		12		24		22	80	BO	8
	Assessories	Knobs		1			4	9		9		2		11	30	30	20
	Asse	Handles		4	2	4	4	2	9	2		12	2	22	60	θŪ	20
		Hinges		10	4	8	8	4	12	2		4	4	46	102	100	101
																Γ	-
		Tile					11							11	22	00	11
	Area (Ft2)	Formica		22				13		9		10		35	86	ЯG	200
37	Area	1/2"		15	7	17	38	33	31	24		42	8	141	356	356	2000
INVENTOF		3/4"		109	23	58	59	63	47	18		65	56	359	857	867	500
EEH CABINET MASS INVENTORY		Cabnet Description		Main Counter	Overhead #1	Overhead #2	Island	Adjacent Diner Lower	Adjacent Diner Upper	Sink		Sink	Overhead Cabinet	ALL IN KITCHEN	SUB-TOTALS	τοται	10101
-		Room		Kitchen	Kitchen	Kitchen	Kitchen	Kitchen	Kitchen	Upper BR	Lavatory	Master BR	Washroom	REPLACEMENT			
		No.		-	2	3	4	5	9	7		8	6	10			

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wts of assessories (assume steel) in lb/ea

weight of assessories (Ib) weight of assessories (Ib) TOTAL ASSESSORY STEEL REPLACEMENT STEEL

0.300

0.166 0.144 0.044

24 6.6

1.32 0.484

 16.932
 8.64

 7.636
 3.168

Partical board       CONSTRUCTION     Cabinet Accessories (steel)       AND REPLACEMENT     Cabinet Counter (Tile-Ceramic)       AND REPLACEMENT     Cabinet Counter (Tile-Ceramic)       Cabinet Counter (K-paper~Formica)       Mirrors (glass)       ONLY     Cabinet Accessories (steel)       CONSTRUCTION     Cabinet Accessories (steel)       ONLY     Cabinet Accessories (steel)       ONLY     Cabinet Counter (Fhen Res~ Formica)       Mirrors (glass)     Mirrors (glass)       REPLACEMENT     Partical Board       I     Partical Board       I	_	
		Partical Board
		Cabinet Accessories (steel)
	CONSTRUCTION	Cabinet Counter (Tile-Ceramic)
	AND REPLACEMENT	Cabinet Counter (K-paper~Formica)
		Cabinet Counter (Phen Res~ Formica)
		Mirrors (glass)
		Partical Board
		Cabinet Accessories (steel)
	CONSTRUCTION	Cabinet Counter (Tile-Ceramic)
	ONLY	Cabinet Counter (K-paper~Formica)
		Cabinet Counter (Phen Res~ Formica)
		Mirrors (glass)
		Partical Board
		Cabinet Accessories (steel)
	REPLACEMENT	Cabinet Counter (Tile-Ceramic)
! Cabinet Counter (Phen Res~ Formica) ! Mirrors (glass)	ONLY	Cabinet Counter (K-paper~Formica)
! Mirrors (glass)		Cabinet Counter (Phen Res~ Formica)
		Mirrors (glass)

Wt	(kg)	1,492.3	23.1	58.5	10.1	4.1	62.0	874.5	15.0
Density	(Ib/Ft3)	48		5.852	0.258	0.106	156	48	
Area	(Ft2)			22	86	86			
Volume	(Ft3)	68.4					0.875	40.1	

29.3	6.0	2.5	62.0	617.7	8.1	29.3	4.1	1.7	
5.852	0.258	0.106	156	48		5.852	0.258	0.106	
11	51	51				11	35	35	
			0.875	28.3					

## Assumptions

All wood is particle board (density is calculated from sample taken from site) All top, sides and bottoms are 3/4" thick Front is 3/4" thick excect for doors and drawers Doors and Drawers are 1/2" thick Vaneer is not included Top tiling formica area cover is equal to top of lower counter area Assume all other cabinet surfaces are .04" thick and made of Formica Drawer sliders estimated Assume Cabinet tiles (kitchen island) is 3/8" thick Assume all mirrors are 1/4" thick All hinges, handles, knobs assumed to be steel Formica compos All dimensions n

	nica Company 1-800-367-6422)	
of Formica	upplied by tech personnel of the Forr	
me all other cabinet surfaces are .04" thick and made c	iica composition is 1 part phenolic resin 2.5 parts Kraft paper (su	mensions measured from Lot 175 of Foxfire estate

62.0

156

0.875

	Gypsum	(kg)																930.5	8,739.5	431.4											24.7	2,631.1	107.9												#######	Í
	Steel	(kg)										5.5			1.1													0.0									13.6	5.0					0.0		25.2	
		(kg)									16.2																																		16.2	
	Galv SteePE film	(kg)			16.7		22.7		113.6	22.7								53.0																											228.8	
	rPS	(kg)		0.0																																									0.0	
	AluminumPS	(kg)	2.7					6.8					1.8			15.3	8.4																												35.0	
		(kg)	2.7	0.0	16.7	6.6	22.7	6.8	113.6	22.7	16.2	5.5	1.8	427.6	1.1	15.3	8.4	930.5	8,739.5	431.4	6.4	20.0	552.1	451.4	107.7	1,450.9	1,506.2	0.0	131.7	2.3	24.7	2,631.1	107.9	6.1	17.3	35.8	13.6	5.0	526.9	9.3	546.4	0.0	0.0	666.2	TOTALS	
		(q)	6.0	0.0	36.8	43.4	50.0	15.0	250.0	50.0	35.6	12.0	3.9	940.8	2.5	33.8	18.4	2,047.0	19,227.0	949.2	14.0	0.0	1,214.6	993.0	237.0	3,192.0	3,313.6	0.0	289.8	5.1														1,465.6		
	Veights	(lb/unit)	0.3	8.0	2.3	1.8		0.0			0.0	3.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.2	2.3	1.7	7.8	0.0		0.4	4.2	1.0	1.6	1.6	0.2	0.0	0.0														1.6		
ALO INA	Amount Weights		20		16	24	50	750	250	50	4,750	4	13	3,763	313	135	110	890	11,310	122	1,130	40	2,892	237	237	1995	2071	0	11,320	200												0	0	916		
AIERIA	Unit		ea	Ft3	ea	quart	sql	bcs		sql				臣	£3	¥	Ħ	臣	£	gal	Ft2	Å	Ft2	Ft2	Ft2	Ft3	Ft3	ť	Ft2	Ft2	멅	臣	gal	a	₽	<b>ਈ</b>	൧	₽	둰	tt	둽	둽	멅	Ft3		
	Size		16"X4"	1/4" X 3-1/2"	ō		8D	7/16"	16D	8D	200'x12'		10" ؟؟					5/8" thick	1/2" thick																											
EEN MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS MASS INVENTOR	Material		Aluminum	rene	Galv Steel	Solvent (50%)	Galv Steel	Aluminum	Galv Steel	Galv Steel	Polyethylene film	Steel	Aluminum	plastic/wood	Steel	Aluminum	Aluminum	Gypsum	Gypsum	Gypsum	Kraft Paper	Solvent (50%)	PVC	Brick	Mortar	cellulose	cellulose	steel	Latex	Latex	Gypsum	Gypsum	Gypsum	Solvent	Kraft Paper	Latex	steel	steel	Latex	Latex	PVC	plastic/wood	Steel (nails)	cellulose		
	Description		Soffit Vent	Sill Sealer 40 ft roll (4 rolls)	Joist Angle JA-9G	Adhesive Construction (Tubes)	Ard Deck Nails	plyclips (ctn=250 pcs)	CC Sinkers (steel nails)		.5 mil		Roof Vents (circular outlets venting attic)	plastic shingles	shingle nails	gutters (horizontal)	gutters (downspouts)	Drywall	Drywall	Drywall Sealant Mud	Drywall Sealant Tape	Drywall Glue	Vinyl Siding	Brick Facing	mortar for brick	insulation (sprayed-in) above-grade walls	Insulation ceiling	Wind Bracers	Interior Paint (1 coat)	Exterior Paint (1 coat)	REPAIR Drywall	FIT-OUT Basement drywall (1/2")	FIT-OUT Basement drywall mud	FIT-OUT Basement drywall glue	FIT-OUT Basement drywall tape	FIT-OUT Basement paint (latex) 1 coat	FIT-OUT Basement Nails	FIT-OUT Basement comer pieces	REMODEL '1st & 2nd floor painting	REMODEL Exterior painting	REMODEL PVC siding on house	REMODEL New roofing	REMODEL New roofing	insulation (sprayed-in), basement walls		
	No.			2	ო	4	S	9	~	∞	10	1	12	13	1 4	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43		

EEH MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS MASS INVENTORY

Mortar	(kg)		107.7			107.7
plastic/wood Mortar	(kg)	2.6			0.0	427.6
Latex	(kg)			131.7 2.3 35.8 526.9	<u>0</u>	706.1
cellulose	(kg)		1,450.9 1,506.2		666.2	3,623.3
Brick	(kg)		451.4			451.4
PVC	(kg)		552.1		546.4	1,098.5
Solvent	(kg)	0. 6	50.0	ů.		36.0
K-Paper	(kg)		6.4	17.3		23.7

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## ASSUMPTIONS

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- sill sealer density determined from weight of sample [assumed to be polystyrene] joist Angle (assumed configuration page 43 simpson connector catalog) 12 guage, drywall sealant composition (70% gypsum 30% water) from msds of joint treatment products - 0 v
- ready mixed compounds "alipurpose" from Progressive Blog Material -Ann Arbor 27 buckets x 50 lb/bucket x 70% [2.2 buckets/1000 ft2] [4.5 gal/bucket] Assume drywall tape is kraft paper 3" wide 60 g/m2 Adhesive glue density from vendors Construction and Drywall adhesives assumed to be 40% solvents based on msds info provided by vendors Weight of soffet vents and roof vents assumed to be 0.3 lb based on handling of discarded unit at site
- - Amount of internal paint area assumed to equal 1/2" drywall area / exterior area assumed to be 200 ft2 4 Assume drywall tape is kraft paper 3" wide 60 g/m2
    5 Adhesive glue density from vendors
    6 Construction and Drywall adhesives assumed to be 40% solvents based on msds inft
    8 Weight of soffet vents and roof vents assumed to be 0.3 lb based on handling of disc
    9 plyclip weights supplied by fingerle
    10 Amount of internal paint area assumed to equal 1/2" drywall area / exterior area assu
    11 Latex paint quantity based on 400 ft2/gal. One coat only.
    S.G. = 1.23 {1.23x62.4 lb/ft3H20) / (7.48 gal/ft3)x(1gal/400ft2)} = 0.0256 lb/ft2
    12 Replacement based on basement remodel, painting and roofing upgrades over time

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Category	Matenal	Size	wt	wt Amount (ft)	l otal wt	I otal wt
			lb/ft		(ql)	(kg)
Potable Water			0.5	80	40	
		3/4"	0.4	160	64	
		1/2'	0.15	85	12.75	
	Copper			TOTAL	116.75	53.07
Drainage/venting		3.25	1.4	06	126	
		1.5	0.5	195	97.5	
	PVC			TOTAL	223.5	101.59

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		37.36	
33.6	48.59	82.19	
20	43	TOTAL	
1.68	1.13		
1"	3/4"		
		Steel (non-galv)	
Natural Gas			

293	266	15	574 260.91
			TOTAL
Rectangular Ducts	Round Ducts	Registers	
			Sheet Steel (galv)
HVAC Ducting			

## Assumptions:

HVAC ducting quantities calculated by hand based on measurement HVAC ducting both 26 and 28 guage steel Copper and PVC pipe weight data calculated by nominal pipe size and SG of material and cross checked by weighing at ACE Hardware Steel pipe weight calculated by nominal size data

EEH PLUMBING MASS INVENTORY

Ň	Category	Description	No	TOTAL WT.	STEEL	STAINLESS	MOOD	COPPER	A	PLASTIC	BRASS	CERAMIC	F-GLASS	ACRYLIC
	All Cabre	All Cabnetry Excluded		LB	LB	LB	LB	LB	LB	LB	LB	LB	LB	LB
-	Toilet (Master Bedroom)	water saving ceramic 1.6 gal	٢	85.7	1		7.7	0.2		0.8		76		
2	2 Sink (Master Bedroom)	ceramic 24:X19" oval	2	96	4						4	88		
3	3 Shower (Master Bedroom) incl door & tile	incl door & tile	1	8	2				1	3	2			
4	4 Bathtub (Master Bedroom) incl motor	incl motor	٦	101	7			2	15		2		30	45
5	Toilet (Lavatory)	water saving ceramic 1.6 gal	٦	85.7	1		7.7	0.2		0.8		76		
9	Sink (Lavatory)	ceramic 24:X19" oval w/ pedistal	٦	65	2						2	61		
2	Toilet (Upstairs Bedroom)	water saving ceramic 1.6 gal	1	85.7	1		7.7	0.2		0.8		76		
8	Sink (Upstairs Bedroom)	ceramic 24:X19" oval	1	48	2						2	44		
6	Bathtub (Upstairs Bedroom) incl shower head	incl shower head	٦	89	2						2		35	50
11	11 Washroom Sink		٦	7	1					5	1			
12	12 Outside Tap (Garden)		2	1.7	1.5			0.2						
13	13 Kitchen Sink	stainless steel 2X14"x16"x8"	٦	17.5	2	15.5								
14	14 Future replacement sinks		-	17.5	2	15.5								

TOTALS (IN KG)

12.95 14.09 10.50 1.27 7.27 4.73 6.82 191.36 29.55 43.18

ASSUMPTIONS Toliets weighed in ACE hardware Toliets weighed in ACE hardware Ceramic sink wt data supplied by D&C plumbing 5212 Jackson Road Bathtub wt data supplied by vendors All sink, shower and bath faucet weights assumed to be 2 lb steel and 2 lb copper Washroom sink and outside tap weights estimated

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No.	Description	Material	Unit	Unit Amount pensity	ensity	Weight	Concrete	Steel	Gravel	HDPE	PVC	Nylon	Nylon plywood wood*		PE film
]					lb/unit	(kg)	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg
				I											
-	Poured Concrete	Concrete	yd3	56.8	3783.78	97,690.3	92,690								
2	Reinforcing Steel	Steel	ft	0	488	0.0		0							
с С	Pea Gravel under basement floor slab	Gravel	yd3	37.4	3510	59,670.0			59,670						
4	I-beam (4"x8" standard)	Steel	ft	80	20	727.3		727							
2	Steel Posts (3" dia, 11 guage)	Steel	ft	28	4	50.9		51							
9	Sub-layer plastic sheet (0.5 mm)	HDPE	ft2	610	0.051	14.1				14					
7	Anchor Bolts	Galv Steel	ea	81	٢	36.8		37							
∞	Sump Pump casing	PVC	ea	-	ი	1.4					1				
ი	Foundation Dr	HDPE	ft	420	0.35	66.8				67					
10	Geo-fabric filters for drainage pipe	Nylon	ft2	440	0.04	8.0						8			
11	outside layer of wood foundation	treated plywood	ft2	1495	2.4	1,630.9							1,631		
12	2 x 8 studs	poow	ft3	132	30.9	1,854.0								1,854	
13	Bea Gravel on outside of foundation	Gravel	yd3	55.3	3510	88,228.6			88,229						
14	Visqueen poly film 1.5 mil	Polyethylene film	ft2	1495	0.0075	5.1									S
						Totals	97,690	815	147,899	81	1	8	1,631	1,854	5

Assumptions Anchor Bolts every 2 ft on sill assumed to weight 1 lb each exterior waterproofing membrane area calculated by foundation perimeter times depth of 7 feet = (7)x(194 ft)=1358ft2 sump casing wt assumed Density of gravel assumed to equal sand (S.G. = 1.5) Geo-fabric density assumed to be 3-4 times that of Kraft paper \*...density based on [12], with a 33% mix of coast dougla fir, sitca spruce, and western white pine (moisture cont't 19%)

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No.	Description	Material	Unit	lb/unit	Amount	Unit   Ib/unit   Amount   Wt total (kg)	PA	Latex	РР	Ceramic	Mortar	Ceramic Mortar Vinyl Tile	SBR
							(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)
-	Carpet Installed originally	Nylon, Latex, PP (58/32/10 %'s)	ft2	ft2 0.597	1,800	488	283.3	156.3	48.8				
2	REPLACEMENT CARPET OVER 50 YR LIFE	Nylon, Latex, PP (58/32/10 %'s)				2,931	1699.8	1699.8 937.8 293.7	293.1				
e	Ceramic Tiles	Ceramic Tile	ft2	5.852	202	537				537			
4	Mortar for Tiles	Mortar	ft2	4.972	125	283					283		
5	Vinyl Tiles	Vinyl Tile	ft2	0.778	286	101						101	
9	Vinyl Tile adhesive	styrene butadiene rubber	ft2	0.05	286	7							7
2	FIT-OUT BASEMENT FLOOR	Vinyl Tile			0	1,263						1,263	
8	REPAIR FLOOR	Vinyl Tile	ft2			143						143	
6	REPAIR ADHESIVE FOR VINYL TILES	styrene butadiene rubber	ft2			34							34

1983.1 1094.1 341.9 537.3 282.5 1507.2 40.8 TOTALS

819.8

ASSUMPTIONS

Carpet area measured room by room. Both run and risers or stairs carpeted Areas with ceramic tiles include Lav, Entrance Foyer, Master Bath and shower, upper bath Areas with Formica include kitchen, hallway, closets between kitchen and garage, and washroom carpet assumed to be 58% nylon (PA), 10% Polypropylene (secondary backing) and 32% Latex (binder)

Glass	(kg)						0.5	1.0							0.4								
ტ	)						-								-								
Copper	(kg)								0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5				21.4	80.2	49.0	3.6	7.8	
Steel	(kg)			1.3			0.5	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.1	0.2							5.8
Nylon	(kg)					0.7																	
ABS	(kg)			0.8	1.4				0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.1		0.3							
PVC	(kg)	1.5	2.3														11.4	0.4	1.6	1.0	0.1	0.2	
otal wt	(kg)	1.51	2.27	2.12	1.42	0.70	0.97	1.95	1.22	0.55	0.17	0.17	0.20	2.73	0.49	0.50	11.36	21.82	81.82	50.00	3.64	7.95	5.82
Amount Total	4	10	32	42	35	35	32	64.0	11	5		-	1	3	3	1	1	750	2500	1000	50	50	32
Materials		PVC	PVC	ABS, steel	ABS	nylon	glass, steel	glass, steel	ABS, st, cu 4/2/4	ABS, st, cu 4/4/2	glass, steel	ABS, steel	steel sheet	PVC copper	PVC copper	PVC copper	PVC copper	PVC copper	Steel, plastic				
Wt	Ib/unit	0.333	0.156	0.111	0.089	0.044	0.067	0.067	0.244	0.244	0.378	0.378	0.44	2	0.356	1.11	25	0.064	0.072	0.11	0.16	0.35	0.4
Unit	1	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	Ea	ħ	ħ	ħ	ħ	ħ	Ea
Size		44 in3	20 in3						15 A	20 A	40 A	50 A	150 A	60 watt				14-3	14/2				
Category		Outlet fixture	Outlet fixture	Elect. Receptical	Pole Switch	Light Switch Cover	75 Watt Bulb	LIGHT BULB REPLACEMENTS	Circuit Breaker	Bathroom fans (vented to attic)	25 Watt florescent bulb	Thermostat	circuit breaker load center	16 NM-B 3-Phase wire UF-B w/ground	17 NM-B 3-Phase wire UF-B w/o ground	NM-B 12-2	NM-B 10-3	NM-B 6-3	Bulb Holders				
No.		٢	2	ę	4	5	9		7	ω	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16 N	17 Ni	18	19	20	21

EEH ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS MASS INVENTORY

## TOTALS (WT IN KG)

1.9

163.4

10.4

0.7

4.6

18.5

ASSUMPTIONS

 Individual wis of items measured at ACE Hardware Individual wis of items measured at ACE Hardware
 14-3 and 14-2 weights measured.
 Total ft of wire for house estimated based on figures provided by Gross Electric Co.
 Wts of 12-2, 10-3 and 6-3 based on diameters of guage and SG of copper (8.9)
 Mass of PVC for cables assumed to be 0.02 of total mass of cable. Remaining mass is copper. Paper neglected

				-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-								
S	S-Foam	(qI)																					13.0				13.0	5.9
IATERIA	K-Paper	(ql)		6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	9.6	12.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	12.0	12.0	12.0			12.0		153.5	69.78
DOOR MATERIALS	Vood (pine)	(ql)	15.0																								15.0	6.8
	Part Board Wood (pine)K-Paper S-Foam	(ql)		14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	22.4	28.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	28.0	28.0	28.0			28.0		358.2	162.8
	Total Wt			20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	32.0	40.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	40.0	40.0	40.0				Ĩ		<b></b> 1
	vol	(in3)	414.8																				186.0				(qI)	(kg)
SNOISNE	thick	(ft)	0.1																				0.1				Totals	Totals
GLASS DIMENSIONS	height	(in)	79.0																				124.0					F
G	width	(in)	21.0																				12.0					
	density	(Ib/ft2)		1.11	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.185	1.185	1.185	1.11	1.185	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.185	1.185	1.185	4.20					
SNO	area	ft2	34.875	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	16.875	27	33.75	18	16.875	18	18	18	18	33.75	33.75	33.75	33.042	112				
DOOR DIMENSIONS	height	(in)	81	18	18	18	18	81	18	18	18	18	18	18	81	81	18	18	18	18	81	81	122	84				
DOOR	width	(in)	31	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	15	12	15	31	15	32	32	32	32	15	15	15	39	192				
	# Doors		2	٢	٢	٢	٢	1	٢	٢	2	4	4	٢	2	1	٢	٢	٢	4	4	4	1	1				
	room		study (special)	mbr entry	mbr closet	mbr closet	master bath	lav bath	washroom	inner garage entry	kitchen closet	kitchen closet	living room closet	entry to basement	hallway closet	upper bedroom 1	upper bedroom 2	upper bedroom 3	upper bathroom	upper bedroom 1	upper bedroom 2	upper bedroom 3	s foyer	garage outer	REPLACEMENTS			
	Description	-	I Double glass	1 single wood	I single wood	1 single wood	1 double closet	1 4 piece closet	1 4 piece closet	1 single wood	2 2 piece closet	2 single wood	2 single wood	2 single wood	2 single wood	2 4 piece closet	2 4 piece closet	2 4 piece closet	1 Main front door (	l garage								
	No. Floor		-	2	с С	4	5	9	2	80	6	10	11	12	13 2		15 2	16 2		18	19		21	22				

EEH DOOR MASS INVENTORY

Steel	(qI)	
glass	(ql)	
No.		

## ASSUMPTIONS

3.0

17.0

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- 1 Glass thicknesses are 1/8" on door windows
- 2 All doors except No. 1 and 19 standard honeycomb hollow core
  - 3 Inner doors have no insulation

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- 4 Door 2 (main) insulation estimated
- 5 Door weight data provided by Washtenaw Door and Trim (std door 20 lb. and bi-fold door 10 lb) Needs to be confirmed by actual weighing
  - 6 Material in single wood doors assumed to be 70% fiber board and 30% Kraft paper honeycomb 7 Additional window area on entry door measured. Assume steel frame consisting of 25 lb and 3 lb of insulation

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- 8 Front entry door estimated to be steel with insulation [From Permadoor = 81x42 = 99 lb. 10 lb of insulation estimated
- 9 Steel component for interior single doors consists of Door Knob and Hinges. Door knob wieghed in ACE hardware store (june 4) = 1.5 lb, Hinges estimated to be 0.6 lb/door
  - 10 Steel component for interior bifold doors consists of Door Knob and Hinges. Door knob estimated = .3 lb, Hinges estimated 0.3 lb/door 11 Steel for main study door estimated to be 3 lb
    - 12 Garage Door (model 535) weight provided by Windsor Door (manufacturer) via email
- 13 Replacement doors is 2 total for life of house assumed because of damage. No windows included.
  14 Wood in study door assumed to weigh 15 lbs

196.8

11.2

433.0

24.6

114.0

7.6

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18

17 19 20 21 22

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1.8

280.0

**EEH WINDOW MASS INVENTORY** 

			SM SM	INDOW G	AP		INIM	VINDOW DI	MENSIONS	s	
No. Floor	Description	Location	width	height	Size	Sill Dime	mensions		Glass Dim	ensions	
			(in)	(iii)	$Ft^2$	width	height	width	height	Area	Area
						(in)	(in)	(in)	(in)	(in2)	(ft2)

L

٨	-	3 pane double hung w/ transom	Living room	40.75	105 2	29.71	2	8	38.75	97.00	97.00 3,758.75	26.10
В	٢	3 pane double hung w/ transom	Living room	40.75	105 2	29.71	2	8	38.75	97.00	97.00 3,758.75	26.10
ပ	٢	4 Pane double hung	Dining Room	71	65 3	32.05	4	2	67.00	63.00	63.00 4,221.00	29.31
۵	-	2 pane patio door	Kitchen/Patio	71	80 3	39.44	2	4	69.00	76.00	76.00 5,244.00	36.42
ш	-	2 pane double hung	Kitchen Sink	41	40 1	11.39	2	4	39.00	36.00	36.00 1,404.00	9.75
ш	٢	2 pane double hung	Laundry	23	34	5.43	2	4	21.00	30.00	630.00	4.38
ŋ	٢	4 Pane d-hung trans (semicirc)	Study (front)	71	120 5	59.17	4	6	67.00	114.00	114.00 7,638.00	53.04
I	٢	2 pane double hung	Master Bathroom	23	46	7.35	2	4	21.00	42.00	882.00	6.13
-	٢	single pane (semicircle)	Master Bathroom	47	34 1	11.10	2	2	45.00	32.00	32.00 1,440.00	10.00
ſ	1	2 pane double hung	Master Bedroom	71	65 3	32.05	4	2	67.00	63.00	63.00 4,221.00	29.31
۷	2	2 pane double hung	Bedroom SE	39	58 1	15.71	2	4	37.00	54.00	54.00 1,998.00	13.88
В	2	2 pane double hung	Bedroom NE	39	58 1	15.71	2	4	37.00	54.00	54.00 1,998.00	13.88
υ	2	2 pane double hung	Bedroom NW	39	58 1	15.71	2	4	37.00	54.00	1,998.00	13.88
D	2	semicircle above garage	Garage	30	15	2.45	2	2	28.00	13.00	364.00	2.53
A	0	single glazed basement	Basement	33	14	3.21	1	1	32.00	13.00	416.00	2.89
В	0	single glazed basement	Basement	33	14	3.21	1	1	32.00	13.00	416.00	2.89
υ	0	single glazed basement	Basement	33	14	3.21	1	1	32.00	13.00	416.00	2.89
D	0	single glazed basement	Basement	33	14	3.21	1	1	32.00	13.00	416.00	2.89
		gross total window frame area (all window	(all windows except front doorsee door spreadsheet)	preadsheet)		319.81						
	25	REPLACEMENT FREQUENCY (YEARS)	ALL		31	319.81 1	these total	s are surfa	these totals are surface area (times 2 for glass area)	tes 2 for g	lass area)	
		REPLACE DURING 50 YEARS	<b>ONLY BROKEN ONES</b>		9	60.00						

TOTAL

Assumptions:

272.2 ft2 Window frame area = 337 ft2 ( which is the number used in Energy-10) All gaugements 1/8" double strength density of glass 2.5 kg/L (2.5 kg/L) × (0.01639 L/in3) = 0.04097 Kg/in3 density of glass 2.5 kg/L (2.5 kg/L) × (0.01639 L/in3) = 0.04097 Kg/in3 Glasing area for first and second floor area (less garage window) = Front door glazing area = 33.1 ft2 Therefore total glazed area = 305.3 W to f frame and sash per linear foot based on supplier data Replacement at 25 years includes all glass and PVC frames and sills

699.62

Thick         Volume         Wt         Sach         Sach           (in)         in3         (kg)         (kg)         (kg)         (kg)         (kg)           (in)         in3         (kg)         (kg)         (kg)         (kg)         (kg)           (in)         in3         (kg)         (kg)         (kg)         (kg)         (kg)           (in)         15.75         50.0         37.17         11.89         24.13         36.2           1/8         1,905.5         38.50         14.4         37.17         11.89         24.13         36.2           1/8         1,905.5         78.23         37.17         11.89         24.13         36.2           1/8         1,905.5         78.23         37.17         11.89         24.13         36.2           1/8         1,905.5         78.23         37.17         11.89         24.13         36.2           1/8         1,905.5         78.23         37.17         11.89         24.13         36.2           1/8         1,055.3         4         50.4         13.33         2.00         27.6           1/8         1,055.3         34.25         5.04         13.33	GLASS (	GLASS QUANTITY				FRAMES (All PVC Construction)	II PVC Co	instruction)				D-3M01	LOWE-COATING	
in3         (kg)         verts(i)         hors(i)         sum length         wt         sum length         i           i         939.7         38.50         (#)         (#)         (f)         (g)         (f)         (f) <th>hick</th> <th>Volume</th> <th>Wt</th> <th></th> <th>Fra</th> <th>ame</th> <th></th> <th>Sash</th> <th></th> <th>Total</th> <th>silver</th> <th></th> <th>zinc oxide</th> <th></th>	hick	Volume	Wt		Fra	ame		Sash		Total	silver		zinc oxide	
(#)         (#) <th>(ui</th> <th>in3</th> <th>(kg)</th> <th>verťs(l)</th> <th>(-)s,ıoy</th> <th>sum length</th> <th>wt</th> <th>sum length</th> <th>wt</th> <th>wt</th> <th>Area</th> <th>weight</th> <th>Area</th> <th>weight</th>	(ui	in3	(kg)	verťs(l)	(-)s,ıoy	sum length	wt	sum length	wt	wt	Area	weight	Area	weight
Image: Image indext and the				(#)	(#)	(ft)	(kg)	(ft)	(kg)	(kg)	(ft2)	kg	(ft2)	kg
939.7         38.50         3         4         37.17         11.89         24.13           1,055.3         43.23         3         4         37.17         11.89         24.13           1,055.3         43.23         3         3         3         37.17         11.89         24.13           1,055.3         43.23         3         3         37.17         11.89         24.13           1,311.0         53.71         14         3         3         25.00         22.50           1311.0         53.71         14.38         2         3         32.56         10.40         22.50           157.5         6.45         78.23         3         12.25         31.67         31.67           1,909.5         78.23         3         12.25         31.67         31.67         31.67           220.5         9.03         2         3         12.25         31.67         31.67           360.0         14.75         3         4         50.83         16.27         31.67           1,055.3         430.5         3         32.50         10.40         22.50         11.33           1,0555.3         91.0         3         32						factor (kg/ft)	0.32		<mark>0.15</mark>		k <mark>g/m2*layer</mark>	0.00504	0.00504 kg/m2*layer	0.004
939.7         38.50         3         4         37.17         11.89         24.13           1         1,055.3         43.23         3         3         32.50         10.40         22.50           1         351.0         14.38         3         3         32.50         10.40         22.50           1         157.5         6.45         3         3         15.75         5.04         13.33           1         157.5         6.45         3         3         10.25         3.28         9.33           1         157.5         6.45         3         4         5.04         13.33           1         157.5         6.43         3         4         13.33           1         1909.5         78.23         3         4         13.33           2         1909.5         78.23         3         11.33         3           360.0         14.75         3         3         3         3         3           1         1055.3         43.23         3         3         3         3         3           1         1055.3         3         3         3         3         3         3	1/8	939.7	38.50	3	4	37.17	11.89	24.13	3.62	15.51	26.10	0.012	26.10	0.010
1.055.3         43.23         3         3         32.50         10.40         22.50           1.311.0         53.71         4         3         42.58         13.63         25.00           1.57.5         6.45         14.38         2         33.28         13.63         25.00           157.5         6.45         78.23         3         16.27         3.28         9.33           157.5         6.45         78.23         3         4         50.83         16.27         31.67           1909.5         78.23         3         4         50.83         16.27         31.67           1909.5         78.23         33.250         10.40         22.50           360.0         14.75         2         3         12.28         11.33           360.0         14.75         2         3         12.55         3.92           1.055.3         43.23         3         3         13.33         3.67           1.055.3         439.5         20.46         2         3         2.56         13.33           1.055.3         20.46         2         2         3         2.16         7.57           1.055.3         20.46	1/8	939.7	38.50	3	4	37.17	11.89	24.13	3.62	15.51	26.10	0.012	26.10	0.010
1.311.0         53.71         4         3         42.58         13.63         25.00           351.0         14.38         2         3         15.75         5.04         13.33           157.5         6.45         3         2         3         15.75         5.04         13.33           157.5         6.45         78.23         3         2         3	1/8	1,055.3	43.23	3	3	32.50		22.50	3.38	13.78	29.31	0.014	29.31	0.011
351.0         14.38         2         3         15.75         6.45         3         13         3           157.5         6.45         7.8.23         3         10.25         3.28         9.33           1909.5         78.23         3         10.25         3.28         9.33           200.5         78.23         3         10.25         3.90         11.33           200.6         14.75         2         3         12.25         3.92         11.33           10.55.3         43.23         3         3.25         10.40         22.50         11.33           10.55.3         43.23         3         3.25         10.40         22.50         13.33           10.55.3         43.23         3         3.25         10.40         22.50         13.33           10.55.3         439.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           10.90         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00         7.67           10.91         3.73         2         2         2         2         3         7.33           10.91         5.35         18.25         5.84	1/8	1,311.0	53.71	4	3	42.58	13.63	25.00	3.75	17.38	36.42	0.017	36.42	0.014
157.5         6.45         2         3         10.25         3.28         9.33           1,909.5         78.23         3         4         50.83         16.27         31.67           220.5         9.03         2         3.26         3.92         11.33           360.0         14.75         2         3         4         50.83         16.27         31.67           10.55.3         43.23         3.20         10.40         22.50         13.33           10.55.3         43.23         3.2.10         12.25         3.92         11.33           10.55.3         43.23         3.2.10         12.26         3.92         11.33           10.55.3         43.23         3.2.13         3.2.50         10.40         22.50           10.65.3         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           10.99.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           10.50         2.13         2         2         2         2         2         3         3           10.90         3.73         2         2         2         2         3         3	1/8	351.0	14.38	2	3	15.75		13.33	2.00	7.04	9.75	0.005	9.75	0.004
1         1,909.5         78.23         3         4         50.83         16.27         31.65         31.67 <td>1/8</td> <td>157.5</td> <td>6.45</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>10.25</td> <td>3.28</td> <td>9.33</td> <td>1.40</td> <td>4.68</td> <td>4.38</td> <td>0.002</td> <td>4.38</td> <td>0.002</td>	1/8	157.5	6.45	2	3	10.25	3.28	9.33	1.40	4.68	4.38	0.002	4.38	0.002
220.5         9.03         2         3         12.25         3.92         11.33           360.0         14.75         2         2         12.83         4.11         13.33           1,055.3         43.23         3         3         32.50         10.40         22.50           499.5         20.46         2         3         32.50         10.40         22.50           499.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           499.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           499.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           91.0         3.73         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.33           1         52.0         2.13         2         2         7.33         7.50           1         52.0         2.13         2         7         7.50         7.67           1         52.0         2.13         2         7         7.50         7.67           1         52.0         2.13         2         7         7.50         7.67	1/8	1,909.5	78.23	3	4	50.83	16.27	31.67	4.75	21.02	53.04	0.025	53.04	0.020
360.0         14.75         2         2         12.83         4.11         13.33           1,055.3         43.23         3         3         32.50         10.40         22.50           4095.5         20.46         2         3         32.55         10.40         22.50           4995.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           4995.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           4995.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           4995.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           910         3.73         2         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           52.0         2.13         2         2         3         2.19         7.33           6         52.0         2.13         2         3         2.19         7.67           7         52.0         2.13         2         3         2.40         7.67           6         52.0         2.14         7.50         2.40         7.67         7.67	1/8	220.5	9.03	2	8	12.25		11.33	1.70	5.62	6.13	0.003	6.13	0.002
1.055.3         43.23         3         3         32.50         10.40         22.50           1.095.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           1.095.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           1.099.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           1.099.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           1.099.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           1.091.0         3.73         2         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           1.091.0         3.73         2         2         3         2.19         7.33           1.091.0         3.73         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           1.091.0         52.0         2.13         2         2         7.67         7.67           1.092.0         2.13         2         2         2.40         7.67         7.67           1.092.0         2.13         2         2         2.40         7.67	1/8	360.0	14.75	2	2	12.83	4.11	13.33	2.00	6.11	10.00	0.005	10.00	0.004
499.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           499.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           499.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           91.0         3.73         2         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           91.0         3.73         2         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           91.0         3.73         2         2         2         7.50         2.19         7.33           1         52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           1         52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           1         52.0         2.13         2         2         7.67         7.67           1         52.0         2.13         2         2         7.67         7.67           1         52.0         2.13         2         2         7.67         7.67           1         52.0         2.13         2         2<	1/8	1,055.3	43.23	3	8	32.50	10.40	22.50	3.38	13.78	29.31	0.014	29.31	0.011
499.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           499.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           91.0         3.73         2         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.19         7.33           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           7.50         7.50         2.40         7.57         7.57         7.57         7.57           7.50	1/8	499.5	20.46	2	3	18.25		16.00	2.40	8.24	13.88	0.006	13.88	0.005
499.5         20.46         2         3         18.25         5.84         16.00           91.0         3.73         2         2         5         6.83         2.19         7.33           52.0         2.13         2         2         6.83         2.19         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           7         7         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           7         7         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           7         7         2         2 <td>1/8</td> <td>499.5</td> <td>20.46</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>18.25</td> <td>5.84</td> <td>16.00</td> <td>2.40</td> <td>8.24</td> <td>13.88</td> <td>0.006</td> <td>13.88</td> <td>0.005</td>	1/8	499.5	20.46	2	3	18.25	5.84	16.00	2.40	8.24	13.88	0.006	13.88	0.005
91.0         3.73         2         2         6.83         2.19         7.33           52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           7.57         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           7.50         2.13         2         2         2.40         7.67           7.57         2         2         2         2.40         7.67           7.50         2.40         2.50         2.40         7.67           7.50         2.40         7.67 </td <td>1/8</td> <td>499.5</td> <td>20.46</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>18.25</td> <td></td> <td>16.00</td> <td>2.40</td> <td>8.24</td> <td>13.88</td> <td>0.006</td> <td>13.88</td> <td>0.005</td>	1/8	499.5	20.46	2	3	18.25		16.00	2.40	8.24	13.88	0.006	13.88	0.005
52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           413.67         7         7         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           77.00         7.50         2.40         7.67         7.67         7.67	1/8	91.0	3.73	2	2	6.83	2.19	7.33	1.10	3.29	2.53	0.001	2.53	0.001
52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           413.67         7         7.50         2.40         7.67         7.67           77.00         7         7         7         7         7         7	1/8	52.0	2.13	2	2	7.50	2.40	7.67	1.15	3.55				
52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           52.0         2.13         2         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           413.67         7.50         2.40         7.67         7.67         7.67           77.00         7.00         2.40         7.67         7.67	1/8	52.0	2.13	2	2	7.50	2.40	7.67	1.15	3.55				
52.0         2.13         2         2         7.50         2.40         7.67           413.67         77.00         77.00         7.50         2.40         7.67	1/8	52.0	2.13	2	2	7.50	2.40	7.67	1.15	3.55				
413.67	1/8	52.0	2.13	2	2	7.50	2.40	7.67	1.15	3.55				
413.67														
77.00			413.67							162.62		0.13		0.10
		1	77.00							0.00	replacemer	nts see work	replacements see worksheet "replay"	
Total Glass Wt 904.34 Total PVC Wt.	al Glast	s Wt	904.34					Total PVC Wt.		325.24				

Comment			Floor Joist	Floor Joist	Floor Joist	Floor Joist	Floor Joist						
Poplar	(kg)									20	5	25	]
Oak	(kg)					13.0	7.6	11.9	22.6			55	
Pine	(kg)		74.6	50.3	1.3							126	
Weight	(kg)		74.6	50.3	1.3	13.0	7.6	11.9	22.6	19.6	5.3	206	
Density	(Ib/ft3)		28	28	28	42	42	42	42	28	28	Total	
Volume	(ft3)		5.859	3.955	0.103	0.681	0.400	0.625	1.185	1.542	0.415		
sions	Area	(in2)	1.125	1.266	0.328	12.250	1.129	000.6	17.063	6.938	5.438		
Actual Dimensions	Depth	(in)	3.000	2.250	0.750	3.500	1.063	4.000	5.250	9.250	7.250		
Actua	Width	(in)	0.375	0.563	0.438	3.500	1.063	2.250	3.250	0.750	0.750		
Total	(ft) or (ft2)		750	450	45	ø	51	10	10	32	11		
Unit Amount	(#)		750	450	45	8	51	10	10	32	11		
Unit			ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft		
Material			pine	pine	pine	oak	oak	oak	oak	poplar	poplar		
Description			Base Molding	Casing for doors & windows	Crown Mold in dining room	Stair Posts	Stair spindles	Stair Hand-rail	Rail Base	Stringers	Stair cap		
Cross Section	(in X in)		3/8X3	9/16x2-1/4"	7/16"x3/4"	3-1/2"x3-1/2"	1-1/16 square	2-1/4x4"	3-1/4x5-1/4"	3/4x9-1/4"	3/4x7-1/4"		
No.			-	2	ო	4	5	9	7	ω	6		

EEH TRIM LUMBER MASS INVENTORY

Assumptions No trim on windows (drywall finish) Assume SG of all woods = 0.85 (53 lb/ft3)

	APPLIANCE	NCE					R/	<b>AW MATE</b>	ERIAL BR	RAW MATERIAL BREAKDOWN	Ŋ			
N	NO. ITEM	DESCRIPTION	EST.LI FE	TOTAL WT.	TOTAL WT.	STEEL	COPPER	ALUM	PLASTIC	RUBBER	FOAM	GLASS	HCFC	PAPER
			(YR)	(qI)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)
-	REFRIGERATOR		15	265.00	120.45	106.82	1.36	2.27	1.36	0.45	4.55	00.0	0.45	1.36
7	GARBAGE DISPOSAL													
З	SUMP PUMP													
4	FURNICE		50	151.00	68.64	65.91	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	1.36
5	WATER HEATER		15	119.00	54.09	50.00	0.00	0.91	0.45	00.0	0.45	2.27	0.00	0.00
9	RANGE		15	160.00	72.73	68.18	0.91	0.45	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.91	0.00	0.91
7	7 RANGE HOOD		25	16.00	7.27	6.82	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ω	A/C UNIT		20	203.00	92.27	84.09	1.36	1.82	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.00	2.70	0.91
6	FIRE PLACE		50	152.00	60.09	68.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.91
10	DISHWASHER		20	81.00	36.82	34.09	0.45	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.45	0.00	0.00
11	11 CLOTHS WASHER		15	175.00	79.55	77.27	0.45	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.91
12			15	125.00	56.82	52.27	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.91
13		Refrigerator		795.00	361.36	320.45	4.09	6.82	4.09	1.36	13.64	0.00	1.36	4.09
14	REPLACEMENT	Garbage Disposal												
15		Sump Pump												
16		Furnice		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
17		Water Heater		357.00	162.27	150.00	0.00	2.73	1.36	0.00	1.36	6.82	0.00	0.00
18		Range		480.00	218.18	204.55	2.73	1.36	0.00	0.00	4.09	2.73	0.00	2.73
19		Range Hood		16.00	7.27	6.82	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
20	REPLACEMENT	A/C Central Unit		390.00	177.27	168.18	2.73	3.64	0.00	0.00	2.73	0.00	5.40	1.82
21		Fireplace		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
22		Dishwasher		162.00	73.64	68.18	0.91	1.82	0.00	0.00	1.82	0.91	0.00	0.00
23		Cloths Washer		525.00	238.64	231.82	1.36	2.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.73
24	REPLACEMENT	Cloths Dryer		375.00	170.45	156.82	2.73	2.73	2.73	0.00	2.73	0.00	0.00	2.73
	all appliances, replacement only	ement only			1,409.1	1,306.8	14.5	22.3	8.2	1.4	26.4	10.5	6.8	14.1
	all appliances, total			TOTALS	2,066.8	1,920.5	20.0	31.4	10.9	1.8	36.8	14.1	9.9	21.4
	all appliances, new only	nly			657.7	613.6	5.5	9.1	2.7	0.5	10.5	3.6	3.2	7.3

**EEH APPLIANCES MASS INVENTORY** 

ASSUMPTIONS Est life based on several sources including manufacture, "Consumer Guide to Home Energy Savings", and best estimate Replacement of refrigerators based on expected life of refrigerator or by replacement by new owner

ſS	Total WH	(kg)	24.7	2631.1	107.9	6.1	17.3	35.8	13.6	5.0	526.9	9.3	546.4	0.0	0.0	361.4	0.0	27.3	0.0	162.3	218.2	7.3	177.3	0.0	73.6	238.6	170.5	1.10	8.1 0.0	29.3	1.7	4.1	62.0	18.2	8.1	263.2	142.9	34.3
50 years					÷											 		0	0	0			0							(	(	0				1	0	
	Chandes		1.00	1 00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	4.00	4.00	1.00	0.00	00.00	 3.00	3.00	3.00	0.0	3.00	3.00	1.00	2.00	0.0	2.00	3.00	3.00	00'L		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2:00
Home Life:	Change	frequency (yr)	25	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	10	10	25	50	50	15	15	15	50	15	15	25	20		20	15	15 25	<u>67</u>	<u>67</u>	<b>G</b> 7	25	25	25	25	20	20	20	20
Total wt			54.4	5788.5	237.3	13.5	38.1	78.8	30.0	11.0	289.8	5.1	1202.0	940.8	2.5	265.0	0.0	20.0	20.0	119.0	160.0	16.0	195.0	195.0	81.0	175.0	125.0	1309.0	9.11	64.4	3.7	9.0	136.5	40.0	9.0	1,390	157	38
Materials	IVIALCIAIS		Gvpsum	Gvosum	Gvpsum	Solvent	Kraft Paper	Latex	steel	steel	Latex	Latex	PVC	plastic/wood composite	Nails	various	various	various	various	various	various	various	various	various	various	various	various	particlepoard	steel	tile/ceramic	phenolic resin	Kraft Paper	mirror	irt Board, K pap	Glass, steel	Vinyl Tile	Vinyl Tile	SBR
ŧ	h/init		1.70	1.7	7.78		0.124	0.0256			0.0256	0.0256	0.42	0.25	0.01	265	15	20	20	119	160	16	195	195	81	175	125							1.11 au	0.28	0.778	0.778	0.05
A mount W/			32	3 405	31	24	307	3,077	81	11	11,320	200	2,862	3,763	313	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-							36	32	1,786	202	755
l loit	1		ft2	ft2	dal	, a	ft2	ft2	q	q	ft2	ft2	ft2	ft2	ft2	ea	ea	ea	ea	ea	ea	ea	ea	ea	ea	ea	ea							ft2	ea	ft2	ft2	ft2
to t			Drvwall	Basement drvwall (1/2")	Basement drvwall mud	Basement drywall glue	Basement drywall tape	Basement paint (latex) 1 coat	Basement Nails	Basement corner pieces	1st & 2nd floor painting	Exterior painting	PVC siding on house	New roofing	New roofing	Refrigerator	Garbage Disposal	Sump Pump	Furnice	Water Heater	Range	Range Hood	A/C Central Unit	Fireplace	Dishwasher	Cloths Washer	Cloths Dryer	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	Doors	Lightbulbs	Basement flooring	Floor vinyl	Styrene-butadiene rubber					
Catedory	Category		Repair	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Appliance	Appliance	Appliance	Appliance	Appliance	Appliance	Appliance	Appliance	Appliance	Appliance	Appliance	Appliance	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Repair	Repair	Improvement	Repair	Improvement

EEH REPLACEMENT PARTS AND MATERIALS INVENTORY

							Home Life:	50	50 years
Category	Item	Unit	Amount V	/t	Materials	Total wt			
				lb/unit		(qI)	Change	Changes	Total Wt
							frequency (yr)		(kg)
Improvement	Basement timber (2x4s)	ft2	420	1.93	Pine	810.6	25	1.00	368.5
Improvement	Kitchen Stainless Steel Sink				stainless steel	15.5	25	1.00	7.0
Donoir		2	<u> </u>		0000	160.4	<u>л</u> ғ	00	0 22
Nepall		ĥ	11		01455	103.4	67	00.1	0.77
Improvement	Windows	kg	414		Glass 910.1		25	1.00	413.7
Improvement	Windows	p S	0.13		silver	0.28	25	1.00	0.1
Improvement	Windows	kg	0.10		zincoxide	0.22	25	1.00	0.1
Improvement	Mindaws	2	163			367 8	<u>о</u> б	00 1	167 G
		ĥ	201			0.100	- C7	00.1	0.201

# EEH REPLACEMENT PARTS AND MATERIALS INVENTORY

## TOTALS (WT IN KG)

Category	ltem	STEEL	SILVER	ZnO	STAINLES	COPPER	ALUM	PLASTIC	RUBBER	FOAM	GLASS	HCFC	K Paper
		(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	_	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)
	-												
Repair	Drywall												
Improvement	Basement drywall (1/2")												
Improvement	Basement drywall mud												
Improvement	Basement drywall glue												
Improvement	Basement drywall tape												17.3
Improvement	Basement paint (latex) 1 coat												
10000													
	Dasellellt Nalls	0.01											
Improvement	Basement corner pieces	0.6											
Improvement	1st & 2nd floor painting												
Improvement	Exterior painting												
Improvement	PVC siding on house												
Improvement	New roofing												
Improvement	New roofing	0.0											
Appliance	Refrigerator	320.5				4.1	6.8	4.1	1	13.6	0.0	1	4.1
Appliance	Garbage Disposal	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	Ö	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
Appliance	Sump Pump					0.0	0.0	0.0	Ö	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
Appliance	Furnice	1				0.0	0.0	0.0	Ö	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
Appliance	Water Heater	150.0				0.0	2.7	1.4	Ö	1.4	6.8	0	0.0
Appliance	Range	204.5			<u>.</u>	2.7	1.4	0.0	0.0	4.1	2.7	0.0	2.7
Appliance	Range Hood	6.9				0.0	0.5	0.0	Ö	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
Appliance	A/C Central Unit	168.2				2.7	3.6	0.0	Ö	2.7	0.0	2	1.8
Appliance	Fireplace	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	Ö	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
Appliance	Dishwasher	68.2				0.9	1.8	0.0	Ö	1.8	0.0	0	0.0
Appliance	Cloths Washer	231.8				1.4	2.7	0.0	Ö	0.0	0.0	0	2.7
Appliance	Cloths Dryer	156.8				2.7	2.7	2.7	Ö	2.7	0.0	0	2.7
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo												
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	8.1											
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo												
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo												
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo												4.1
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo										62.0		
Repair	Doors												5.4
Repair	Lightbulbs	4.1									4.1		
Improvement	Basement flooring												
Repair	Floor vinyl												
Improvement	Styrene-butadiene rubber												
Repair	Carpet												

Category	Item	STEEL	SILVER	ZnO	STAINLES COPPER		ALUM	ALUM PLASTIC RUBBER	RUBBER	FOAM	GLASS	HCFC	K Paper
		(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)
Improvement	nprovement Basement timber (2x4s)												
Improvement	mprovement Kitchen Stainless Steel Sink		7.0										
Repair	Windows				77.0						77.0		
Improvement Windows	Windows										413.7		
Improvement	Windows		0.13										
Improvement	Windows			0.10									
Improvement	Windows												
		1,338	0	0	7	15	22	8	1	26	567	7	41

### ASSUMPTIONS

- 1 Cost and Material energy intensity is assumed to be the same although these activities will ta

- 2 Appliance replacement are assumed except for refigerator (nordic data)
  3 Number of changes equals (life of home) / (change frequency) 1 because no changes will be
  4 3 types of replacement activity assumed (repair- from damage) (improve- home improvement
  6 Windows assume only glass replaced, no replacement of PVC sash or frame considered
  7 Data on siding and window replacement rates from Astro Building Products
  8 Data on carpet replacement rates from Whirlpool. Other appliances estimated.
  10 All other replacement rates estimated
  11 Changes of vinyl (18yr) from Team data base
  12 Application wt of sytrene but rubber estimated (05 lb/ft2)

Category	ltem	GYPSUM	PINE	Part Board	ЪР	Latex	Solvent	asph.shing	#15 Felt	PVC	SBR	Vinvl tile p	phen resin
		(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)		(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)		(kg)
Repair	Drywall	24.7											
Improvement	Basement drywall (1/2")	2631.1											
Improvement	Basement drywall mud	107.9											
Improvement	Basement drywall glue						6.1						
Improvement	Basement drywall tape												
Improvement	Basement paint (latex) 1 coat					35.8							
Improvement	Basement Nails												
Improvement	Basement corner pieces												
Improvement	1st & 2nd floor painting					526.9							
Improvement	Exterior painting					9.3							
Improvement	PVC siding on house	·····								546.4			
Improvement	New roofing							0.0					
Improvement	New roofing												
									·····				
Appliance	Refrigerator												
Appliance	Garbage Disposal												
Appliance	Sump Pump												
Appliance	Furnice												
Appliance	Water Heater												
Appliance	Range												
Appliance	Range Hood												
Appliance	A/C Central Unit												
Appliance	Fireplace												
Appliance	Dishwasher												
Appliance	Cloths Washer												
Appliance	Cloths Dryer			11,0									
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Kedo			617.7									
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo												
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo												
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo												1.7
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo												
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo												
Repair	Doors			12.7									
Repair	Lightbulbs												
Improvement	Basement flooring											1263.2	
Repair	Floor vinyl											142.9	
Improvement	Styrene-butadiene rubber										34.3		
Repair	Carpet				293.1	937.8							

Category	ltem	GYPSUM	PINE	Part Board	ЧЧ	Latex	Solvent	asph.shing #15 Felt	#15 Felt	PVC	SBR	Vinyl tile	/inyl tile phen resin
		(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)
Improvement	nprovement Basement timber (2x4s)		õ										
Improvement	mprovement Kitchen Stainless Steel Sink												
Repair	Windows												
Improvement Windows	Windows												
Improvement Windows	Windows												
Improvement Windows	Windows												
Improvement Windows	Windows			162.6						162.6			
		2,764	368	630	293	1,510	9	0	0	602	34	1,406	2
													Ī

ke place in the future

made prior to demolition
 s) (appliance - replacement of appliances)

119

	(kg) (kg)		0
--	-----------	--	---

Repair	Drvwall	
Improvement	Basement drywall (1/2")	
Improvement	Basement drywall mud	
Improvement	Basement drywall glue	
Improvement	Basement drywall tape	
Improvement	Basement paint (latex) 1 coat	
Improvement	Basement Nails	
Improvement	Basement corner pieces	
Improvement	1st & 2nd floor painting	
Improvement	Exterior painting	
Improvement	PVC siding on house	
Improvement	New roofing	
Improvement	New roofing	
Appliance	Refrigerator	
Appliance	Garbage Disposal	
Appliance	Sump Pump	
Appliance	Furnice	
Appliance	Water Heater	
Appliance	Range	
Appliance	Range Hood	
Appliance	A/C Central Unit	
Appliance	Fireplace	
Appliance	Dishwasher	
Appliance	Cloths Washer	
Appliance	Cloths Dryer	
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	
Improvement		
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	29.3
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	
Repair	Doors	
Repair	Lightbulbs	
Improvement	Basement flooring	
Repair	Floor vinyl	
Improvement	Styrene-butadiene rubber	
Repair	Carpet	1699.8

Improvement Bas Improvement Kitt	Basement timber (2x4s)	(kg)	
	sement timber (2x4s)		(kg)
	sement timber (2x4s)		
	Kitchen Stainless Steel Sink		
Repair Wir	Windows		
Improvement Windows	Jdows		
Improvement Wir	Windows		
Improvement Wir	Windows		
Improvement Windows			

1,700 29

Improvement Improvement Improvement	Drvwall	One section destroyed and replaced
Improvement Improvement	Basement drvwall (1/2")	
Improvement	Basement drywall mud	led in 1st vear after move in by owner
-	Basement drywall glue	led in 1st year
Improvement	Basement drywall tape	after move in by owner
Improvement	Basement paint (latex) 1 coat	installed in 1st year after move in by owner
		Installed in 1st year after move in by owner / assume all exterior wall lined, ceiling drywall added and one additional wall built {wt or
Improvement	Basement Nails	nails assumed]
Improvement	Basement corner pieces	
Improvement	1st & 2nd floor painting	One coat interior
Improvement	Exterior painting	One exterior coat
Improvement	PVC siding on house	Replace all exterior siding because of excessive UV fading (for source: see assumptions)
Improvement	New roofing	
Improvement	New roofing	
	>	
Appliance	Refrigerator	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Garbage Disposal	
Appliance	Sump Pump	
Appliance	Furnice	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Water Heater	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Range	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Range Hood	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	A/C Central Unit	same data as first
Appliance	Fireplace	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Dishwasher	Use same data as first purchase
Appliance	Cloths Washer	same data as first
Appliance	Cloths Dryer	Use same data as first purchase
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	Replaced by owner after 20 years (one time) Assume 100% of kitchen cabinets replaced, all metal parts reused
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	aced by owner after 20 years (one time)
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	Replaced by owner after 20 years (one time)
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	Replaced by owner after 20 years (one time)
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	Replaced by owner after 20 years (one time)
Improvement	Kitchen Cabinet Redo	Replaced by owner after 20 years (one time)
Repair	Doors	Replace because of damage / 2 doors @ 25 years
Repair	Lightbulbs	
Improvement	Basement flooring	no tile, floor left as bare concrete
Repair	Floor vinyl	
Improvement	Styrene-butadiene rubber	
Repair	Carpet	Replaced because of wear

Comments

Item

Category

Improvement B	nprovement Basement timber (2x4s)	installed in 1st year after move in by owner assume 70 linear ft of wall 7 ft high
Improvement K	nprovement Kitchen Stainless Steel Sink	
Repair	Nindows	Replaced from accidental breakage / assume four 15 ft2 double pane windows replaced every 25 years frames not replaced
		Assume all window replaced after 30 years including PVC frames and sashes. This is due to expected leakage and general weather
Improvement Windows	Nindows	strip failure.
Improvement M	Nindows	
Improvement M	Windows	
		Assume all window replaced after 30 years including PVC frames and sashes. This is due to expected leakage and general weather
Improvement Windows	Nindows	strip failure.

Comments

ltem

Category

### **APPENDIX C**

### LIFE CYCLE INVENTORY TABLES

Life Cycle Inventory, SH	125
Life Cycle Inventory, EEH	136

subsystem1	house cor	nstruction e	energy	house use en	ergy		house de	emolition e	nergy	air distribution (heating/cooli
subsystem2										straight ducts, elbows,
subsystem3										
material	diesel	gasoline	electricity	natural gas (heating, hot water)	electricity (a/c)	electricity (other)	diesel	gasoline	electricity	steel, cold rolled
new home quantity										260.9
replacements quantity										
component mfg efficiency										0.95
construction efficiency		-	-	1		1	1	1		0.95
mfg/constr. (upstream)	60.0	75.0	9,000.0	-	284,322.5	1,539,102.5	30.0		-	
unit of measurement replacement (upstream)	kg	kg	MJ	kg	MJ	MJ	kg	kg	MJ	kg 0.0
primary energy / MJ										
mat'l prod. (constr.)										8,094.7
component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement)	3,133.9	4,205.9	30,450.3							
component mfg (replacement)										
use phase				7,707,566.3	961,968.2	5,207,353.2				
disassembling e-o-l mgt.					 		1,567.0	2,102.9	15,225.2	
pre-use transportation post-use transportation		1			L		1	1	L	233.7 58.4
non-renewable energy/ MJ										
material production component mfg	3,130.8	4,193.2	29,500.6							7,970.4
use	3,130.0	4,133.2	23,300.0	7,707,566.3	931,963.7	5,044,931.7				
disassembling							1,565.4	2,096.6	14,750.3	
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation										233.3
post-use transportation				L		L				58.3
CO2/ kg mat'l prod. (constr.)										562.3
component mfg (constr.)	223.0	294.2	1,919.8							
mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement)										
use phase				436,532.3	60,650.3	328,313.6				
disassembling							111.5	147.1	959.9	
e-o-I mgt. pre-use transportation	-									16.0
post-use transportation	-									4.0
CH4/ kg										
material production										0.6
component mfg use	0.1	0.1	4.6	720.4	146.2	791.5				
disassembling	]			120.4	140.2	791.0	0.0	0.1	2.3	
e-o-l mgt.										
pre-use transportation post-use transportation										0.0
N2O/ kg		-					-			0.0
material production		_								
component mfg use	0.0	0.1	0.0	2.0	1.1	6.1				
disassembling				2.0	1.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	
e-o-l mgt.										
pre-use transportation post-use transportation										0.0
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv.								-		
material production										
component mfg										
use disassembling								+		
e-o-l mgt.		I		I	I	I				
pre-use transportation										
post-use transportation										0.0

subsystem1	electrical	(wires/swite	ches/outlet	s/fuse box	/lamp fixtu	res)	outside walls				
subsystem2							structure (all but the trusses, doors, molding)		sheathing	Ŭ	siding
subsystem3											
material	steel, cold rolled	glass	ABS	PA	copper	PVC	wood fiber	glass	OSB	polyisocya nurate	PVC
new home quantity	9.4	0.9	4.6	0.7	163.4	18.5	12,043.3	253.2	1,589.4	60.6	552.1
replacements quantity	7.8	7.8									546.4
component mfg efficiency	0.95	1.00	0.95	0.95	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.95
construction efficiency	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95
mfg/constr. (upstream)	9.9	0.9	4.8	0.7	172.0	20.4	12,043.3	253.2	1,589.4	63.8	611.8
unit of measurement	kg	kg 7.0	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg
replacement (upstream)	8.2	7.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	605.4
primary energy / MJ mat'l prod. (constr.) component mfg (constr.)	277.9	comb 15.4	537.4	100.8	7,724.8	1,565.6	comb 59,615.3	comb 5,986.4	3,798.9	4,453.0	46,847.9
mat'l prod. (replacement)	229.8	comb		0.0			comb				46,361.9
component mfg (replacement) use phase		136.8					0.0				
disassembling e-o-l mgt.		1	I	I	I	I	I	I	l	l 	
pre-use transportation	14.7	7.0	3.9		139.0	16.5		204.7	1,284.8	51.6	
post-use transportation	3.7	1.8	1.0	0.1	34.8	4.1	2,433.8	51.2	321.2	12.9	246.0
non-renewable energy/ MJ	070.0		500.0	100.1	0 407 7	4 500 5	40.775.0	5 00 4 0	0.000.0	4 450 0	40.000.0
material production component mfg	273.6	15.0	533.6	100.1	6,497.7 491.9	1,539.5	48,775.2	5,904.3	3,690.8	4,453.0	46,068.0
use	226.3			0.0			0.0				45,590.2
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	14.6	7.0	3.9	0.6	138.8	16.5	9,718.4	204.3	1,282.6	51.5	982.2
post-use transportation	3.7	1.7	1.0	0.1	34.7	4.1	2,429.6	51.1	320.6	12.9	
CO2/ kg											
mat'l prod. (constr.)	19.3	comb	14.3	2.8	896.2	57.7	comb	comb	990.6		1,726.9
component mfg (constr.)		1.0			33.5		9,273.3	340.9			
mat'l prod. (replacement)	16.0	comb					comb				1,709.0
component mfg (replacement) use phase		9.0					0.0				
disassembling e-o-l mgt.											
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	1.0		0.3	0.0	9.5 2.4	1.1	667.0 166.8	14.0 3.5	88.0 22.0	3.5 0.9	67.4 16.9
	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	2.4	0.3	100.0	3.0	22.0	0.9	10.9
CH4/ kg material production	0.0		0.0	0.0	1.8		0.0	0.2	0.6		
component mfg	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1		0.0	0.2	0.0		
USE	0.0	0.0		0.0			0.0				
disassembling e-o-l mgt.		I	l	l	l	l		l			
pre-use transportation	0.0										
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
N2O/ kg	I							0.0	0.0		
material production component mfg	<b> </b>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		
use		0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0				
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
post-use transportation	0.0				0.0	0.0					
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv. material production component mfg											
use disassembling	I										
e-o-l mgt.		1	r	r	r	r	1			1	
pre-use transportation											
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

subsystem1									inside wall	
subsystem2	vapor barrier	brick facing	brick facing	paint	(see under	fasteners	fasteners	fasteners	structure (see under "outside wall")	drywall (walls/ceilings), all walls
subsystem3						plyclips	adhesive	(nails/mendi ng		
material	PE film	facing brick	mortar	water- based paint		aluminum (primary)	SBR	steel, cold rolled		gypsum
new home quantity	16.2	451.4	107.7	2.3		6.8	9.9	152.3		9,670.0
replacements quantity				9.3						24.7
component mfg efficiency	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95		0.95		0.95		0.95
construction efficiency	1.00	0.95	0.95	0.95		1.00		0.95		1.00
mfg/constr. (upstream)	17.0	475.1	113.4	2.6		7.2				10,178.9
unit of measurement replacement (upstream)	kg 0.0	kg 0.0	kg 0.0	kg 10.3		kg 0.0		kg 0.0		kg 26.0
primary energy / MJ										
mat'l prod. (constr.)	1,322.3	comb	comb	198.1		1,485.4	765.2	4,724.4		30,712.9
component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement)	154.9	1,766.3	128.8	792.6						78.5
component mfg (replacement) use phase				/92.0						76.5
disassembling										1
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	13.8	384.1	91.7	10.4		5.8	8.8	136.4		8,249.2
post-use transportation	0.0	96.0	22.9	2.6		1.5		34.1		2,062.3
non-renewable energy/ MJ										
material production	1,315.6	4 700 0	400.0			1,142.8	764.4	4,651.8		30,712.9
component mfg use	150.1	1,766.3	128.8							78.5
disassembling										
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	13.8	383.4	91.5	10.4	_	5.8	8.8	136.2		8,235.0
post-use transportation	0.0	95.9	22.9	2.6		1.4		34.0		2,058.8
CO2/ kg mat'l prod. (constr.)	35.1	comb	comb			54.8	8.0	328.2		
component mfg (constr.)	9.8		10.0							-
mat'l prod. (replacement)										_
component mfg (replacement) use phase										1
disassembling		r r	1	r r			1	1		-
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	0.9	26.3	6.3	0.7		0.4	0.6	9.3		565.2
post-use transportation	0.9		1.6	0.2		0.4				141.3
CH4/ kg										
material production	0.1		1			0.1		0.4		
component mfg use	0.0	0.0	0.0							1
disassembling										+
e-o-l mgt.	0.0		0.5							
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0		0.0			0.0				0.1
N2O/ kg	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
material production	0.0		1			0.0				
component mfg	0.0	0.0	0.0							
use disassembling										
e-o-l mgt.										
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0					0.0				0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv. material production	0.0					10.1				
component mfg	0.0					10.1				
USE diagonamhling										
disassembling e-o-l mgt.		I	I	I	I	I	I	I		
pre-use transportation										
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0

subsystem1							floors			
subsystem2	tape	"mud"	adhesive	corner	paint	trim	structure (see cover	flooring	flooring	flooring
				pieces			under "outside (floor wall") side)	<b>J</b>	<b>J</b>	3
subsystem3								carpet		
material	paper	gypsum	SBR	steel, cold	water- based	wood	OSB PA		latex	PP
					paint					
new home quantity	6.4	431.4	20.0	53.0	131.7	206.3	2,948.4	283.3	156.3	48.8
replacements quantity	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	526.9	1.00		1,699.8	937.8	293.1
component mfg efficiency	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.00			0.95	0.95
construction efficiency	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00		0.95	0.95
mfg/constr. (upstream)	6.7	454.1	21.1	55.8	138.7	217.2	2,948.4		173.2	54.1
unit of measurement replacement (upstream)	kg 0.0	kg 0.0	kg 0.0	kg 0.0	kg 554.6	kg 0.0	kg 0.0	kg 1,883.5	kg 1,039.1	kg 324.7
primary energy / MJ	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	001.0	0.0		1,000.0	1,000.1	02
mat'l prod. (constr.)	103.3	1,370.3	1,472.6	1,562.1	10,653.9	comb	7,047.1	42,942.8	12,114.9	4,490.5
component mfg (constr.)						1,075.0				
mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement)		0.0		0.0	42,615.8	comb 0.0		257,656.7	72,689.3	26,942.7
use phase						0.0				
disassembling										
e-o-l mgt.	5.4	007.4	47.0	45.4	500.4	475.5		4 770 0	000.0	000.0
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	5.4 1.4	367.1 91.8	17.0 4.3	45.1 11.3	560.4 140.1	175.5 43.9	2,383.4 595.8		980.0 245.0	306.3 76.6
	1.4	31.0	4.0	11.5	140.1	43.3	333.0	+++.1	243.0	10.0
non-renewable energy/ MJ material production	66.3	1,370.3	1.471.0	1,538.1	-	879.5	6,846.4	42,634.1	12,101.3	4,433.1
component mfg										
use		0.0		0.0		0.0		255,804.6	72,607.8	26,598.5
disassembling e-o-l mgt.										
pre-use transportation	5.4	366.5	17.0	45.0	559.5	175.2	2,379.2	1,773.2	978.3	305.7
post-use transportation	1.4	91.6	4.2	11.3	139.9	43.8			244.6	76.4
C02/kg										
CO2/ kg mat'l prod. (constr.)	7.6		15.4	108.5		comb	1,837.7	1,189.8	126.4	131.8
component mfg (constr.)						167.2				
mat'l prod. (replacement)				0.0		comb			758.6	790.9
component mfg (replacement) use phase						0.0				
disassembling			1			1		1		1
e-o-l mgt.										
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.4	25.2 6.3	1.2 0.3	3.1 0.8	38.4 9.6	12.0	163.3	121.7	67.1 16.8	21.0
•	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.0	9.0	3.0	40.8	30.4	10.0	5.2
CH4/ kg				0.1	-			0.0		0.4
material production component mfg	0.0			0.1		0.0	1.1	3.3		0.1
use				0.0		0.0		19.9		0.4
disassembling										
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
post-use transportation	0.0		0.0		0.0				0.0	
N2O/ kg										
material production	0.0					0.0	0.0	0.1		0.0
component mfg										
use disassembling						0.0		0.3		0.0
e-o-l mgt.		I				I			I	1
pre-use transportation	0.0				0.0				0.0	
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv.										
material production										
component mfg use										
disassembling										
e-o-l mgt.			1	1		1		1		1
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

subsystem2         Booms         Rooms	subsystem1						roof					
subsystem3         pitter         cellar         pitter         cellar         pitter         cellar         pitter         cellar         pitter         cellar           subsystem3         cellar         incide         inci												
example         erroritic         winy         No         additional         state           material         erroritic         indicat         winy         SR         indicat	subsystem2	flooring	flooring	flooring	flooring	fasteners	trusses			sheathing		shingle
material         eramic tech         modul model (structure)         SRR (structure) (structure)         structure (structure)         structure)         structure (structure)         structure)         structure (structure)         structure)         structure (structure)         structure)         structure) <tructure)< th="">         structure)         <tr< td=""><td>subsystem3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>roof</td></tr<></tructure)<>	subsystem3											roof
new home quantity         5373         228.2         101.1         6.5         22.7         2.74.8         106.8         476.0         2.194.9         2.808.6         2205.4           component mig efficiency         0.98         1.00         1.00         0.98         1.00	material	ceramic	mortar			steel galvanized,	wood	cold	glass	OSB		underlaym
replacements quantity         replacements quantity         replacement         re	new home quantity	537.3	282.5	101.1	6.5		2,674.8			2,194.9	2,808.6	
component mig efficiency         0.98         1.00         1.00         0.98         0.95         0	replacements quantity			142.9	34.3							205.4
mig/constr. (upstream)         577.2         322.3         100.0         7.2         23.3         2.815.5         117.3         476.0         2.144.0         2.808.6         2.054.4           unt or measurement         kg	component mfg efficiency	0.98	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00		1.00
unit of measurement         bg         bg <td>construction efficiency</td> <td>0.95</td> <td>0.88</td> <td>0.95</td> <td>0.95</td> <td>0.95</td> <td>0.95</td> <td>0.95</td> <td>1.00</td> <td>1.00</td> <td>1.00</td> <td>1.00</td>	construction efficiency	0.95	0.88	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
opplacement (upstram)         0.0	mfg/constr. (upstream)	577.2	322.3	106.9	7.2	23.9	2,815.5	117.3	476.0	2,194.9	2,808.6	205.4
primary energy / MJ component mig (constr.)         comb	unit of measurement	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg
mart prod. (constr.)         comb         comb         format         732.7         comb         3.88.0         comb         5.24.1         comb         comb         comb         s.07.5           mart prod. (replacement)         0.0         1.873.1         0.0         0.0         77.402.2         8.307.5         0.00         0.0         77.402.2         8.307.5         0.00         0.0         0.0         77.402.2         8.307.5         0.00         0.0         0.0         77.402.2         8.307.5         0.00         0.0	replacement (upstream)	0.0	0.0	151.0	38.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5,617.2	205.4
component mf (constr.)         13.38.1         27.19         1.184.4         139.3         13.97.2         11.253.8												
omail prod. (replacement)         comb         comb         2.659.9         comb         <					503.8			3,283.0				
component mig (replacement) diassembling e of mg.0.01.11.7 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>271.9</td> <td></td> <td>2,659.9</td> <td>139.3</td> <td></td> <td>I</td> <td>11,203.8</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			271.9		2,659.9	139.3		I	11,203.8			
e-1 mgt	component mfg (replacement)						1					
pre-use transportation         466.6         200.5         36.6         19.3         2.276.0         94.8         34.8         1.77.3         6.811.1         332.1           post-use transportation         116.7         65.1         52.1         9.1         4.8         569.0         23.7         96.2         443.6         1.702.8         83.0           material production         116.2         26.7         114.02         3.23.2         11.09.5         5.096.8         7.105.9           use         0.0         1.642.2         266.9         0.0         2.272.0         94.6         384.1         1.771.2         6.799.3         3.31.6           pe-suse transportation         465.8         260.1         208.1         36.6         7.80         2.272.0         94.6         384.1         1.771.2         6.799.3         3.31.6           pe-suse transportation         116.5         65.0         52.0         9.1         4.8         568.0         2.37         96.0         442.8         1.699.8         82.9           cody teamsportation         116.5         65.0         50.4         640.8         7.66.7         8.8         8.8         9.8         8.9         9.8         8.2.9         9.6         640.8 <td>•</td> <td></td>	•											
post-set transportation         116.7         65.1         52.1         9.1         4.8         560.0         23.7         96.2         443.6         1,702.8         83.0           non-renewable energy/MJ         material production         11,66.2         266.7         134.7         3.232.6         11,095         5.096.8         3.798.5         1,710.5         5.096.8           oright energy/MJ         11,66.2         266.7         134.7         10.995         5.096.8         3.798.5         7.105.9           disasembling         0.0         1,642.9         2.665.0         9.0         2.272.0         94.6         384.1         1.777.2         6.799.03         3.16.6           oost-sue transportation         1165.5         65.0         52.0         9.1         4.8         568.0         23.7         96.0         442.8         6.099         6.00         0.00         0.00         0.00		466.6	260.5	208 5	36.6	10 3	2 276 0	9 <u>4</u> 8	384.8	1 774 3	6 811 1	332.1
Interial production         Interial         Total         Total <thtotal< th="">         Total         Total&lt;</thtotal<>	post-use transportation											
component nfg         11,166.2         266.7         134.7         m <thm< th="">         m&lt;</thm<>				1 162 1	502.2	705 7	11 402 0	2 222 6	11 000 5	5 006 9		
use         0.0         1,642.9         2,656.9         0.0         75,970.3         7,105.9           disassembling		11.166.2	266.7	1,103.1	503.Z		11,402.9	3,232.0	11,099.5	5,090.0		7,105.9
e-1 mpt.         or         <				1,642.9	2,656.9		0.0					
pre-use transportation         465.8         260.1         208.1         36.5         19.3         2.72.0         94.6         384.1         1.77.1.2         6.799.3         331.6           post-use transportation         116.5         65.0         52.0         9.1         4.8         568.0         23.7         96.0         442.8         1.699.8         82.9           C02/kg         mail prod. (constr.)         comb         5.3         60.8         comb         640.8         746.7         68.9           and prod. (constr.)         comb	<u> </u>											
post-see transportation         116.5         65.0         52.0         9.1         4.8         568.0         23.7         96.0         442.8         1,699.8         82.9           CO2/kg         comb         comb         comb         5.3         60.8         comb         1,368.0         comb         comb           component mfg (constr.)         comb         comb         2.7.8         comb         2.188.0         64.0.8         746.7         68.9           and1 prod. (replacement)         comb         comb         2.7.8         comb         64.0.8         746.7         68.9           use phase         des         comb         66.2         comb         0.0         comb         comb         comb           disassembling         component mfg (colarement)         3.2.0         11.4.3         2.5.5         1.3.3         155.9         6.5         26.4         121.6         466.7         22.8           pre-use transportation         8.0         4.5         6.0         0.6         0.3         39.0         1.6         6.6         30.4         116.7         5.7           CH4 kg         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0 <td></td> <td>465.8</td> <td>260.1</td> <td>208.1</td> <td>36.5</td> <td>10.3</td> <td>2 272 0</td> <td>94.6</td> <td>384.1</td> <td>1 771 2</td> <td>6 700 3</td> <td>331.6</td>		465.8	260.1	208.1	36.5	10.3	2 272 0	94.6	384.1	1 771 2	6 700 3	331.6
mail prod. (constr.)         comb         comb         5.3         60.8         comb         228.1         comb         1,388.0         comb         comb           component mig (constr.)         7768.5         20.6         46.9         9.2         2,168.0         640.8         776.7         68.9           mat' prod. (constr.)         0.0         66.2         0.0         0.0         640.8         776.7         68.9           oomponent mig (replacement)         0.0         66.2         0.0         0.0         0.0         1,493.4         68.9           use phase         0.0         66.2         0.0         0.0         0.0         1,493.4         68.9           gisassembling         -	· · · · ·											
mail prod. (constr.)         comb         comb         5.3         60.8         comb         228.1         comb         1,388.0         comb         comb           component mig (constr.)         7768.5         20.6         46.9         9.2         2,168.0         640.8         776.7         68.9           mat' prod. (constr.)         0.0         66.2         0.0         0.0         640.8         776.7         68.9           oomponent mig (replacement)         0.0         66.2         0.0         0.0         0.0         1,493.4         68.9           use phase         0.0         66.2         0.0         0.0         0.0         1,493.4         68.9           gisassembling         -	· · · ·											
component mfg (constr.)         768.5         20.6         46.9         9.2         2,168.0         640.8         746.7         68.9           math prod. (replacement)         0.0         66.2         0.0         0         0         0.0		comb		comb	5.2	60.9	oomb	220.1	aamb	1 269 0	comb	comb
math prod. (replacement)         comb         comb         27.8         comb         c			20.6					220.1				
use phase         Image: book of the second sec			20.0			0.2			0.0.0			
e-o-I mgt.         Image: Book in the		0.0		66.2			0.0				1,493.4	68.9
pre-use transportation         32.0         17.8         14.3         2.5         1.3         155.9         6.5         26.4         121.6         466.7         22.8           post-use transportation         8.0         4.5         3.6         0.6         0.3         38.0         1.6         6.6         30.4         116.7         5.7           CH4/ kg           0.0         0.0         0.0         0.2         0.3         38.0         1.6         6.6         30.4         116.7         5.7           CH4/ kg           0.0         0.0         0.0         0.2         0.3         38.0         1.6         6.6         30.4         116.7         5.7           material production           0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.2         0.3         8         0.2           gest-use transportation         0.0	•		1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	
post-use transportation         8.0         4.5         3.6         0.6         0.3         39.0         1.6         6.6         30.4         116.7         5.7           CH4/kg                  5.7           CH4/kg </td <td></td> <td>32.0</td> <td>17.8</td> <td>14.3</td> <td>2.5</td> <td>13</td> <td>155.0</td> <td>6.5</td> <td>26.4</td> <td>121.6</td> <td>466.7</td> <td>22.8</td>		32.0	17.8	14.3	2.5	13	155.0	6.5	26.4	121.6	466.7	22.8
CHA/kg         Image: Marcine												
material production         material production         0.0												
use         0.0         0.1         0.0         0.0         1.7         0.2           disassembling         0<						0.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.8		
disassembling	component mfg		0.0									
e-o-l mgt.         mode		0.0		0.1			0.0				1.7	0.2
pre-use transportation         0.0	•		I		I		I	I	I	l	I	
N2O/kg         Image: Section of the section of t												
material production	post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
component mfg         0.0         <												
use         0.0 <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td>L</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td>		0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	L	0.0	0.0		0.0
disassembling         e-ol mgt.         we w			0.0			0.0	0.0					
pre-use transportation         0.0	disassembling											
post-use transportation         0.0												
other GWP gases/kg CO2 equiv.         ot	· · · · ·											
material production       Image: Component mfg       Image: Componentmfg       Image: Component mfg       I		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
component mfg         mail												
use         Image: Constraint of the second sec												
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	use											
pre-use transportation							l					
										1		
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

subsystem1					foundation					
subsystem2	fasteners	soffit vents, roof vents	gutters	downspouts	structure	beams	damp proofing	damp proofing	damp proofing	vapor barrier + drainage pipe
subsystem3					found. + slab		tar, spayed- on	tar, spayed- on	sill sealer	sheet plastic
material	nails (steel galvanize	aluminum, primary	aluminum, primary	aluminum, primary	concrete	steel, galvanized, extruded	asphalt	mineral spirits	PS	HDPE
new home quantity	25.1	4.5	15.3	8.4	171,990.0	815.0	33.0	33.0	3.5	79.8
replacements quantity										
component mfg efficiency	1.00	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.00
construction efficiency	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.00	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
mfg/constr. (upstream)	25.1	4.7	17.0	9.3	181,042.1	815.0	36.6	36.6	3.9	84.0
unit of measurement	kg	kg		kg	kg	kg	kg			kg
replacement (upstream)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
primary energy / MJ mat'l prod. (constr.)	768.5	980.4	3,518.0	1,914.9	comb	24,962.0	1,836.0	171.6	388.8	6,516.2
component mfg (constr.)	146.1	500.4	3,310.0	1,314.9	254,995.9	4,745.8	1,000.0	171.0	300.0	763.3
mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement) use phase										
disassembling										
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	20.3	3.8	13.7	7.5	28,186.2	658.8	29.6	29.6	3.2	67.9
post-use transportation	5.1	1.0	3.4	1.9	0.0	164.7	0.0			0.0
non-renewable energy/ MJ material production	761.1	754.3	2,706.7	1,473.2		24,723.2	1,834.7	170.2	387.2	6,483.4
component mfg	141.2				252,708.2	4,588.0				739.4
USE diagonombling										
disassembling e-o-l mgt.										
pre-use transportation	20.2	3.8	13.7	7.5	28,137.6	657.7	29.5			67.8
post-use transportation	5.1	1.0	3.4	1.9	0.0	164.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO2/ kg mat'l prod. (constr.) component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement) use phase disassembling	63.8 9.6	36.2	129.9	70.7	comb 32,844.4	2,071.5 312.3	9.8	11.5	7.9	173.0 48.1
e-o-l mgt.										
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	1.4 0.3	0.3 0.1	0.9	0.5	1,931.2 0.0	45.1 11.3	2.0 0.0			4.7 0.0
CH4/ kg material production component mfg	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.2	9.4	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
use disassembling e-o-l mgt.										
pre-use transportation	0.0	0.0			-					
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
N2O/ kg material production	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
component mfg	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.1		0.0	0.0	0.0
use disassembling	0.0				0.0					0.0
e-o-I mgt. pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0	0.0		0.0						
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv.										
material production component mfg use		6.6	23.8	13.0						0.0
disassembling e-o-l mgt.										
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

subsystem1	basement	fit-out										doors
subsystem2	drainage	drywall	drywall	drywall	connectors concrete- drywall	drywall	drywall	drywall	flooring	drainage	sump pump	structure
subsystem3		boards	tape	"mud"		adhesive for walls and	nails + corner	paint	vinyl floor	fabric filter	pump casing	
material	gravel	gypsum	paper	gypsum	wood	SBR	steel galvaniz ed,	water- based paint	vinyl	PA	PVC	wood
new home quantity	59,670.0	2,338.3	17.0	106.1	228.9	6.1	18.6	35.2	1,184.7	8.0	1.4	6.8
replacements quantity												
component mfg efficiency	1.00	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.95	0.95	1.00
construction efficiency	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.00	1.00
mfg/constr. (upstream)	62,810.5	2,590.9	18.9	117.6	241.0	6.8	19.6	39.0	1,252.1	8.9	1.4	6.8
unit of measurement	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg		kg	kg	kg	kg	kg
replacement (upstream)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
primary energy / MJ mat'l prod. (constr.)	comb	7,817.5	290.5	354.7	comb	475.6	600.8	2,997.8	comb	1,212.6	109.9	comb
component mfg (constr.)	51,536.1				1,192.9		114.2		13,873.3			33.8
mat'l prod. (replacement)		0.0		0.0	comb	0.0			comb		0.0	comb
component mfg (replacement) use phase					0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0
disassembling e-o-l mgt.												
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	5,867.3 0.0	2,094.4 523.6			194.8 48.7	5.5			1,012.2 253.0	7.2		5.5 1.4
	0.0	525.0	3.0	23.0	40.7	1.4	4.0	7.9	255.0	0.0	0.3	1.4
non-renewable energy/ MJ material production		7,817.5	186.4	354.7	976.0	475.1	595.1		13,623.2	1,203.9	108.1	27.6
component mfg	51,297.5						110.4					
USE diagonombling		0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
disassembling e-o-l mgt.				1			1				1	
pre-use transportation	5,857.2	2,090.7	15.2	94.9	194.5	5.5	15.8	31.5	1,010.4	7.2	1.2	5.5
post-use transportation	0.0	522.7	3.8	23.7	48.6	1.4	4.0	7.9	252.6	0.0	0.3	1.4
CO2/ kg												
mat'l prod. (constr.)	comb		21.4		comb	5.0			comb	33.6	4.1	comb
component mfg (constr.)	3,453.0				185.6		7.5		548.8			5.3
mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement)				-	comb 0.0	0.0	0.0		comb 0.0		0.0	comb 0.0
use phase				1	0.0		0.0		0.0			0.0
disassembling			1	1			1	1			1	
e-o-I mgt. pre-use transportation	402.0	143.5	1.0	6.5	13.3	0.4	1.1	2.2	69.3	0.5	0.1	0.4
post-use transportation	0.0	35.9			3.3	0.1	0.3		17.3	0.0		0.1
CH4/ kg												
material production			0.0		0.0		0.0		1	0.1		0.0
component mfg	1.3						0.0		0.6			
use disassembling					0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0
e-o-l mgt.												
pre-use transportation	0.1	0.0			0.0							
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
N2O/ kg material production			0.0		0.0		0.0			0.0		0.0
component mfg	0.3		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		1	0.0
use					0.0		0.0		0.0			0.0
disassembling							L				L	
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0			0.0			
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv.												
material production												
component mfg												
use disassembling												
e-o-l mgt.												
pre-use transportation												
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

subsystem1	windows							appliances (refrigerator/furnace/cloth washer/dryer/furnce/A/C					
subsystem2	facing	hinges +	core	core	glass	frame	glazing						
subsystem3													
material	particle board	steel, cold rolled	paper	styro- foam	glass	PVC	glass	steel, cold rolled	copper	aluminum, secondary	styrofoam (assumed PS)		HCFC 22
new home quantity	150.1	196.8	26.3	5.9	18.8	162.6	413.7	628.2	6.4	9.5	10.5	3.6	3.2
replacements quantity	12.7		5.4			162.6	490.7	1,350.5	17.3	23.6	26.4	10.5	6.8
component mfg efficiency	0.95	0.95	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.00
construction efficiency	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
mfg/constr. (upstream)	158.0	207.2	26.3	6.2	18.8	171.2	413.7	661.2	6.7	10.0	11.0	3.8	3.2
unit of measurement	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg 1,421.5	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg
replacement (upstream)	13.4	0.0	5.4	0.0	0.0	171.2	490.7	1,421.5	18.2	24.9	27.8	11.0	6.8
primary energy / MJ mat'l prod. (constr.) component mfg (constr.)	491.0	5,801.0	404.6	618.8	comb 330.0	10,722.7	comb 7,260.8	18,514.8	300.8 19.8	comb 37.8	1,094.9	comb 67.2	103.7
mat'l prod. (replacement)	41.6					10,722.7		39,802.9	816.6		2,760.9	comb	222.2
component mfg (replacement) use phase							8,612.3		53.8			193.2	
disassembling e-o-l mgt.													
pre-use transportation	138.5	167.5	25.6	5.0	15.2	276.7	731.0	1,683.6	20.1	28.2	31.3	12.0	8.0
post-use transportation	34.6	41.9	6.4	1.3	3.8	69.2	182.8	420.9	5.0	7.1	7.8	3.0	2.0
non-renewable energy/ MJ material production	491.0	5,711.9	259.6	616.2		10,578.9		18.230.5	253.1		1,090.2		103.0
component mfg	401.0	0,711.0	200.0	010.2	321.8	10,070.0	7,082.0	10,200.0	19.2	37.8	1,000.2	65.5	100.0
use	41.6	0.0				10,578.9	8,400.2	39,191.6	738.9		2,749.3	188.4	220.7
disassembling e-o-l mgt.			l										
pre-use transportation	138.3	167.2	25.6	5.0	15.2	276.3	729.8	1,680.7	20.1	28.2	31.3	12.0	8.0
post-use transportation	34.6	41.8	6.4	1.3	3.8	69.1	182.4	420.2	5.0	7.0	7.8	3.0	2.0
CO2/ kg													
mat'l prod. (constr.)	27.5	403.0	29.7	12.6	comb	332.8	comb	1,286.1	34.9		22.3	comb	3.0
component mfg (constr.)	2.3				21.6	332.8	475.2	2,764.9	1.3 94.7	2.6	56.1	4.4	6.4
mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement)	2.3					332.0	comb 563.7	2,704.9	3.5		50.1	comb 12.6	0.4
use phase													
disassembling e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	9.5	11.5	1.8	0.3	1.0	19.0	50.1	115.4	1.4	1.9	2.1	0.8	0.5
post-use transportation	9.5	2.9	0.4	0.3	0.3	4.7	12.5	28.8	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.5
CH4/ kg									-				
material production	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0		I		1.4	0.1		0.0		0.0
component mfg					0.0		0.3		0.0	0.0		0.0	
use disassembling	0.0	0.0					0.4	3.0	0.2		0.0	0.0	0.0
e-o-l mgt.													
pre-use transportation	0.0			0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0			0.0	0.0
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
N2O/ kg material production	0.0		0.0	0.0		l			0.0	 	0.0		0.0
component mfg	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0			0.0	0.0
use disassembling	0.0						0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
e-o-I mgt. pre-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
post-use transportation	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv. material production component mfg													
use													
disassembling e-o-l mgt.													
pre-use transportation	0.0	0.0						0.0		0.0	0.0	~ ~ ~	0.0
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

subsystem1	unit/sum	p pump/	garbage (	shower, 1st flo	or					Piping		
subsystem2				walls/floor		door	door	head/faucet	head/	pipes/	pipes/	pipes/
									faucet	fittings	fittings	fittings
subsystem3						plastic	frame					
material	rubber	paper	PVC		mortar (se under	e PMMA	aluminum, primary	steel galvanized,	brass	PVC	copper	steel, extruded
				"floors")	"floors")		prinary	extruded				extruded
new home quantity	0.5	7.3	2.7			1.4	0.5	0.9	0.9	101.6	53.1	37.4
replacements quantity	1.4	14.1	8.2									
component mfg efficiency	0.95	1.00	0.95			0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
construction efficiency	1.00	1.00	1.00			1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.95	0.95
mfg/constr. (upstream)	0.5		2.9			1.4	0.5				58.8	41.4
unit of measurement replacement (upstream)	kg 1.4	kg 14.1	kg 8.6			kg 0.0	kg 0.0				kg 0.0	kg 0.0
primary energy / MJ	1.4	14.1	0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
mat'l prod. (constr.)	71.6	112.0	219.8			296.4	99.0	29.3	95.6	7,051.1	2,640.9	1,267.9
component mfg (constr.)			0					5.6			174.0	120.5
mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement)	204.9		659.5								0.0	
use phase											0.0	
disassembling												
e-o-I mgt. pre-use transportation	1.5	17.3	9.3			1.2	0.4	0.8	0.8	91.0	47.5	33.5
post-use transportation	0.4	4.3	2.3			0.3	0.1				11.9	8.4
non-renewable energy/ MJ												
material production	71.4	71.9	216.2			291.7	76.2			6,956.6		
component mfg use	204.5		648.6					5.4			168.2 0.0	116.3
disassembling												
e-o-I mgt. pre-use transportation	1 5	17.0	0.2			1.2	0.4	0.0	0.0	00.0	47.5	22.4
post-use transportation	1.5 0.4	17.2 4.3	9.3 2.3			1.2	0.4	0.8			47.5 11.9	33.4 8.4
CO2/ kg mat'l prod. (constr.)	1.2	8.2	8.1			20.1	3.7	2.4		218.8	306.4	105.2
component mfg (constr.)		0.2	0.1			20.1	0.1	0.4		210.0	11.4	8.3
mat'l prod. (replacement)	3.1		24.3								0.0	
component mfg (replacement) use phase											0.0	
disassembling		1					1	1	1	1		
e-o-I mgt. pre-use transportation	0.1	1.2	0.6			0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	6.2	3.3	2.3
post-use transportation	0.0	0.3	0.2			0.0						0.6
CH4/ kg												
material production	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0				0.6	0.1
component mfg use	0.0					-		0.0			0.0	0.0
disassembling	0.0										0.0	
e-o-l mgt.				-								
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0		0.0			0.0						0.0
N2O/ kg	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
material production	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0
component mfg								0.0			0.0	0.0
use disassembling	0.0					-					0.0	
e-o-l mgt.		1					1	1	1	1	1	
pre-use transportation	0.0		0.0			0.0						0.0
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv. material production							0.7		0.0			
component mfg							0.7		0.0			
USE diagonombling									<u> </u>			
disassembling e-o-l mgt.								l	1		I	
pre-use transportation												
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

#### subsystem1 bathtub, 1st/2nd floor sinks oilet tub tub faucet/jets faucet/ pump sink/ faucet plastic / pump faucet subsystem2 / pump jets motor motor motor pedestal sink shell surface ...... subsystem3 mat'l material fibergla PMMA steel brass AI, copper steel ceramic steel PMMA brass particlebo ss galvanized, seconda galvaniz galvanized, ard extruded ry, cast ed. extruded new home quantity 43.2 0.9 1.8 0.9 87.7 2.3 10.5 13.6 6.8 3.2 5.7 4.1 replacements quantity component mfg efficiency 0.95 0.95 0.95 0.95 0.88 0.95 0.95 0.98 0.95 0.95 0.95 0.95 1 00 construction efficiency 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1.00 1.00 1 00 1.00 1.00 1 00 1 00 mfg/constr. (upstream) 14.4 45.5 1.0 1.9 7.7 1.0 3.3 89.5 6.0 2.4 4.3 11.1 unit of measurement kg kg kg kg 0.0 kg kq kq kg kg kg kg kg 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 replacement (upstream) 0.0 primary energy / MJ 9,384.7 183.2 493.9 430.2 34.4 mat'l prod. (constr.) 191.2 102.6 comb 29.3 comb 43.0 comb component mfg (constr.) 247.5 29.0 1,761.7 5.6 2.8 19.5 34.8 mat'l prod. (replacement) comb component mfg (replacement) 0.0 use phase disassembling e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation 11.6 367 0.8 1.5 62 0.8 2.7 724 48 1.9 3.5 8.9 post-use transportation 2.9 9.2 0.2 0.4 1.6 0.2 0.7 18.1 1.2 0.5 0.9 2.2 non-renewable energy/ MJ 242.9 9,237.9 101.6 181.4 486.2 material production 29.0 36.2 34.3 component mfg 5.4 29.0 2.7 18.9 1,731.9 33.7 use 0.0 disassembling e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation 11.6 36.7 0.8 1.5 6.2 0.8 2.7 72.2 4.8 1.9 3.5 8.9 post-use transportation 0.2 0.2 0.7 0.5 2.2 2.9 9.2 0.4 1.6 18.1 1.2 0.9 CO2/ kg mat'l prod. (constr.) 635.0 2.4 5.0 8.5 15.2 33.4 1.9 comb comb component mfg (constr.) 14.8 0.4 2.0 0.2 1.3 119.2 2.3 mat'l prod. (replacement) comb component mfg (replacement) 0.0 use phase disassembling e-o-l mat. pre-use transportation 0.8 2.5 0.1 0.1 0.2 5.0 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.4 0.6 post-use transportation 0.2 0.6 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 1.2 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.2 CH4/ kg 0.5 0.0 0.0 material production 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 component mfg 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 use 0.0 disassembling e-o-l mgt. 0.0 0.0 pre-use transportation 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 post-use transportation 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 N2O/ kg 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 material production component mfg 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 use 0.0 disassembling e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 post-use transportation 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv 0.0 0.0 material production component mfg use disassembling e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation post-use transportation 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

# 135 Cycle Inventory

subsystem1					kitchen cab	inets + mir	rors				
subsystem2	fixture + water	fixture + water	fixture + water	fixture + water	cabinet	cabinet	countertop	countertop	countertop	kitchen sink	bathroom mirrors
	storage	storage	storage								
subsystem3		mechanism /valve			doors etc.	hinges	tiles	formica			
material	ceramic	steel galvanized , extruded	copper	PMMA	particle- board	steel, cold rolled	ceramic tile	Kraft paper	phenol formaldehyd e resin	stainless steel	glass
new home quantity	103.6	1.4	0.3	1.1	874.5	15.0	29.3	6.0	2.5	7.0	62.0
replacements quantity					617.7	8.1	29.3	4.1	1.7	7.0	0.0
component mfg efficiency	0.98	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.98	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
construction efficiency	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
mfg/constr. (upstream)	105.8	1.4	0.3	1.1	920.6	15.8	31.4	6.3	2.6	7.4	65.3
unit of measurement	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg			kg	kg		
replacement (upstream)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	650.2	8.6	31.4	4.3	1.8	7.4	0.0
primary energy / MJ mat'l prod. (constr.)	comb	44.0	12.9	237.1	2,861.1	442.2	comb	comb	184.4	115.2	comb
component mfg (constr.)	2,081.2	8.4	0.8		2,001.1		618.5			113.2	1,146.4
mat'l prod. (replacement)	comb				2,020.9	239.6			126.6	115.2	
component mfg (replacement) use phase	0.0						618.5	158.7			0.0
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt.	05.5	1.2	0.2	0.9	1 200 0	10.7	50.0	8.6	2.5	12.0	50.0
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	85.5 21.4	0.3	0.2	0.9	1,269.8 317.4	19.7 4.9		2.1	3.5 0.9		
non-renewable energy/ MJ											
material production		43.5	10.8	233.4	2,860.9	435.4			183.9	111.6	
component mfg	2,046.0	8.1	0.8		0.000.0	000.0	608.1	105.3	400.0	444.0	1,118.1
use disassembling	0.0				2,020.8	236.0	608.1	72.2	126.2	111.6	0.0
e-o-l mgt.		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
pre-use transportation	85.4	1.2	0.2		1,267.6			8.6			
post-use transportation	21.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	316.9	4.9	12.7	2.1	0.9	3.0	13.2
CO2/ kg											
mat'l prod. (constr.)	comb		1.5	16.0	160.3	30.7	comb			7.5	
component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement)	140.8 comb	0.5	0.1		113.2	16.6	41.8 comb			7.5	75.0 comb
component mfg (replacement)	0.0				110.2	10.0	41.8	6.8	1.0	7.0	0.0
use phase											0.0
disassembling e-o-l mgt.			1	1		1	1	1	1	1	
pre-use transportation	5.9	0.1	0.0	0.1	87.0			0.6	0.2		
post-use transportation	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.7	0.3	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.9
CH4/ kg											
material production component mfg	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	
use	0.1	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.1
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0						
N2O/ kg											
material production		0.0	0.0		0.0		-	1	0.0	0.0	-
component mfg	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0			0.0	0.0
use disassembling	0.0				0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
e-o-l mgt.								1		1 **	
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0		0.0								
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
material production											
component mfg											
USE diagonombling											
disassembling e-o-l mgt.		1	I		I	1		l		1	
pre-use transportation											
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

subsystem1	house co	nstruction er	nergy	house use ene	rgy		house den	nolition ene	rgy	air distribution (heating/cooli ng)
subsystem2										straight ducts, elbows, registers
subsystem3										
material	diesel	gasoline	electricity	natural gas (heating, hot water, stove, dryer)	electricity (a/c)	electricity (other)	diesel	gasoline	electricity	steel, cold rolled
new home quantity				uryer)	L					260.9
replacements quantity										1.0
component mfg efficiency construction efficiency										1.0
mfg/constr. (upstream)	66.0	82.5	9,900.0	29,961.6	77,542.5	688,068.0	33.0	41.3	4,950.0	289.1
unit of measurement	kg			kg	MJ	MJ	kg	kg		kg
replacement (upstream)										0.0
primary energy / MJ										
mat'l prod. (constr.)	2 / 47 0	4 000 5	22 405 4							8,094.7
component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement)	3,447.3	4,626.5	33,495.4							
component mfg (replacement)										
use phase disassembling				1,605,110.0	262,355.0	2,327,988.6	1,723.7	2,313.2	16,747.7	
e-o-l mgt.		1	1	I	I	I	1,720.7	2,010.2	10,141.1	1
pre-use transportation post-use transportation		1	I	1				I	1	233.7 58.4
non-renewable energy/ MJ										
material production component mfg	3,443.9	4,612.6	32,450.6							7,970.4
use	0,11010	1,01210	02,10010	1,605,110.0	254,171.9	2,255,376.8				
disassembling e-o-l mgt.							1,721.9	2,306.3	16,225.3	
pre-use transportation post-use transportation										233.3 58.3
CO2/ kg		-							-	
mat'l prod. (constr.)										562.3
component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement)	245.3	323.6	2,111.8							
component mfg (replacement) use phase				90,908.4	16,541.0	146,775.2				
disassembling				00,000.4	10,041.0	140,770.2	122.7	161.8	1,055.9	-
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation										16.0
post-use transportation						1	[	1		4.0
CH4/ kg material production		-								0.6
component mfg	0.1	0.1	5.1							0.0
use				150.0	39.9	353.8				
disassembling e-o-l mgt.		I	l 	l	l	 	0.0	0.1	2.5	I
pre-use transportation										0.0
post-use transportation		+	1			+		1	+	0.0
N2O/ kg material production										
component mfg	0.0	0.1	0.0							
use disassembling				0.4	0.3	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	
e-o-I mgt. pre-use transportation post-use transportation										0.0
		-							-	0.0
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv material production component mfg	/.									
use										
disassembling		I					l		I	
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation										
post-use transportation										0.0

subsystem1	electrical	(wires/swite	ches/outlet	s/fuse box	lamp fixtu	ures)	outside walls				
subsystem2							structure (all but the trusses,	insulation	sheathing	siding	vapor barrier
							doors, molding)				
subsystem3											
material	steel,	glass	ABS	PA	copper	PVC	wood	cellulose	OSB	PVC	PE film
	cold rolled										
new home quantity	9.4	0.9	4.6	0.7	163.4	18.5	17,356.3	1,450.9	2,535.5	552.1	16.2
replacements quantity	1.0	1.0								546.4	
component mfg efficiency	1.0 1.0		1.0 1.0	1.0	1.0 1.0	1.0		1.0		1.0	1.0 1.0
construction efficiency mfg/constr. (upstream)	9.9	1.0 0.9	4.8	1.0 0.7	1.0	20.4		1.0	1.0	1.0 611.8	1.0
unit of measurement	9.9 kg		4.8 kg	0.7 kg	172.0 kg	20.4 kg	17,356.3 kg	1,527.3 kg		bii.8 kg	17.0 kg
replacement (upstream)	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				605.4	0.0
primary energy / MJ											
mat'l prod. (constr.)	277.9	comb	537.4	100.8	7,724.8	1,565.6	comb	comb	6,060.2	46,847.9	1,322.3
component mfg (constr.)		15.4			508.8		85,915.6	3,580.9			154.9
mat'l prod. (replacement)	28.7	comb					comb			46,361.9	77.6
component mfg (replacement) use phase		17.1					0.0				
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt.											
pre-use transportation	8.9 2.2	1.5 0.4	3.9 1.0	0.6	139.0 34.8	16.5 4.1		1,234.6 308.6	,	983.9 246.0	13.8 0.0
post-use transportation	2.2	0.4	1.0	0.1	34.8	4.1	3,507.5	308.0	512.4	246.0	0.0
non-renewable energy/ MJ material production	273.6		533.6	100.1	6,497.7	1,539.5	70,293.1	3,469.3	5,887.6	46,068.0	1,315.6
component mfg	210.0	15.0	000.0	100.1	491.9	1,000.0	10,200.1	0,400.0	0,007.0	40,000.0	150.1
use	28.3	16.7		0.0			0.0			45,590.2	
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	8.8	1.5	3.9	0.6	138.8	16.5	14,005.9	1,232.4	2,046.0	982.2	13.8
post-use transportation	2.2	0.4	1.0	0.1	34.7	4.1	3,501.5	308.1	511.5	245.6	0.0
CO2/ kg											
mat'l prod. (constr.)	19.3			2.8	896.2	57.7		comb		1,726.9	35.1
component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement)	2.0	1.0			33.5		13,364.4	225.8		1 700 0	9.8
component mfg (replacement)	2.0	comb 1.1			-		comb 0.0			1,709.0	
use phase											
disassembling		1					1	1	1	1	
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.0	9.5	1.1	961.3	84.6	140.4	67.4	0.9
post-use transportation	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.0	9.5	0.3		21.1		16.9	0.9
CH4/ kg											
material production	0.0		0.0	0.0	1.8		0.0	0.5	0.9		0.1
component mfg		0.0			0.1			1			0.0
use disassembling	0.0	0.0		0.0			0.0				
e-o-l mgt.	1	I	I	I		I	I	I	I	I	
pre-use transportation	0.0			0.0	0.0						0.0
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
N2O/ kg											
material production	I	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
component mfg use		0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0				0.0
disassembling		0.0					0.0				
e-o-l mgt.		1 .					1	1 .	.1 .	1 -	
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv material production	/										0.0
component mfg	l										0.0
use											
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation									1		
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Life Cycle Inventory, EEH

brick         based paint         primary primary         roled         roled           new home quantity         451.4         107.7         2.3         6.8         9.9         141.8         9.670.0           replacements quantity         0.0         1.0         1.0         0.0         1.0         1.0         1.0           component mig efficiency         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0           replacement (upstram)         475.1         113.4         2.6         7.2         10.9         157.1         10.178.9           unit of measurement         %0	subsystem1								inside wall		
Lang         under         'nsde         'nsde <th'< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th'<>											
subsystem3         pictor         subsystem3         pictor         subsystem3           material         fishing         more         water- paint         galaxie	subsystem2		brick facing	paint	under "inside	fasteners	fasteners	fasteners	under "outside	drywall (walls/ceilings	tape
new home quantity         4514         1007         2.3         6.6         9.9         1118         9.6700           replacements quantity         451.4         1007         2.3         6.6         9.9         141.8         9.6700           component fig differoy         1.0	subsystem3					plyclips	adhesive	· · ·		), all walls	
replacements quantity         10 </th <th>material</th> <th></th> <th>mortar</th> <th>based</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>SBR</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>gypsum</th> <th>paper</th>	material		mortar	based			SBR			gypsum	paper
replacements quantity         10 </td <td>new home guantity</td> <td>451.4</td> <td>107.7</td> <td>2.3</td> <td></td> <td>6.8</td> <td>9.9</td> <td>141.8</td> <td></td> <td>9.670.0</td> <td>6.4</td>	new home guantity	451.4	107.7	2.3		6.8	9.9	141.8		9.670.0	6.4
Construction efficiency         1.0											
mrg/sconst.         (upstream)         475.1         113.4         2.6         7.2         10.9         157.1         10.178.9           unit of messurement         kg	component mfg efficiency	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0
valid         http://withinto.com/bit/bit/bit/bit/bit/bit/bit/bit/bit/bit	· · ·	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0
replacement (upstream)         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         26.0           primary energy / MJ         comb         comb         198.1         1.485.4         765.2         4.399.9         30.712.9         10           component mig (constr.)         1.766.3         128.8         1         1.485.4         765.2         4.399.9         30.712.9         10           component mig (constr.)         1.766.3         128.8         1         1.485.4         765.2         4.399.9         30.712.9         10           component mig (cpalacement)         use phase         1         1.485.4         765.2         31.8         2.062.3           obstrate transportation         384.1         91.7         10.4         5.8         8.8         127.0         8.248.2         30.712.9         6           consort mig transportation         86.0         22.9         2.6         1.5         2.2         31.8         2.062.3         30.712.9         6           consort mig transportation         86.4         9.5         1.4         2.2         31.7         2.063.8         30.712.9         6         30.712.9         6         30.712.9         6         30.712.9         6         <											6.7
primary energy / MJ         comb         comb         comb         some         some </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>kg</td>			-	-			-	-			kg
mart prod. (const.)         comb         comb         198.1         1.485.4         765.2         4.399.9         30.712         100           mart prod. (replacement)         1.786.3         782.6           785.5	replacement (upstream)	0.0	0.0	10.3		0.0	0.0	0.0		26.0	0.0
component mig (const.)         1.786.3         128.8         rest         rest <thres< th=""> <thr>         rest         rest</thr></thres<>											
mart prod. (replacement)         mart prod.         782.6         mart prod.         782.6         mart prod.         782.6         mart prod.         782.6         mart prod.         mart prod. <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>198.1</td> <td></td> <td>1,485.4</td> <td>765.2</td> <td>4,399.9</td> <td></td> <td>30,712.9</td> <td>103.3</td>				198.1		1,485.4	765.2	4,399.9		30,712.9	103.3
component mig (replacement)         we phase         we		1,766.3	128.8	792 6						78 5	
o-I mgt.         Per-use transportation         384.1         91.7         10.4         5.8         8.8         127.0         8.249.2           post-use transportation         96.0         22.9         2.6         1.5         2.2         31.8         2.062.3           non-renevable energy/MJ         material production         1.142.8         1         1         8.249.2           component mg         1.766.3         128.8         1         1         8.243.2         30.712.9         6           disassembling         -         1.142.8         1         1         764.4         4.332.3         30.712.9         6           optimum         -         -         -         78.5	component mfg (replacement)			192.0						10.5	
pre-use transportation         384.1         91.7         10.4         5.8         8.8         127.0         8.249.2           non-renewable energy/MJ         22.9         2.6         1.5         2.2         31.8         2.086.3           non-renewable energy/MJ         1.766.3         128.8         1.4         2.2         31.8         2.086.3           component mfg         1.766.3         128.8         1         6         1         4         4.332.3         30.712.9         6           component mfg         1.766.3         128.8         10.4         5.8         8.8         126.8         8.235.0           ordisastermaportation         95.5         22.9         2.6         11.4         2.2         31.7         2.056.8           ording (constr.)         comb         comb         54.8         8.0         305.6         2.056.8           ording (constr.)         comb         comb         comb         comb         comb         comb           ording (constr.)         comb         comb         comb         comb         comb         comb         comb           ording (constr.)         comb         comb         comb         comb         comb         comb         comb<											
pest-se transportation         96.0         22.9         2.6         1.5         2.2         31.8         2.062.3           non-reewable energy/MJ             30.712.9         6           component mfg         1.766.3         128.8          11.42.8         764.4         4.332.3         30.712.9         6           disassembling            78.5         6         6         78.5           ops-use transportation         95.9         22.9         2.6         1.4         2.2         31.7         2.058.8           CO2/ kg         component mfg (constr.)         comb         54.8         8.0         305.6         20.98.8           CO2/ kg         component mfg (replacement)            2.058.8           CO2/ kg         component mfg (replacement)            2.058.8           CO2/ kg (replacement)             2.058.8           CO2/ kg (replacement)                disassembling                per-use transportation </td <td></td> <td>38/11</td> <td>01 7</td> <td>10.4</td> <td></td> <td>5.8</td> <td>8.8</td> <td>127.0</td> <td></td> <td>8 2/9 2</td> <td>5.4</td>		38/11	01 7	10.4		5.8	8.8	127.0		8 2/9 2	5.4
non-renewable energy/ MJ         naterial production         1,142.8         764.4         4,332.3         30,712.9         6           use         1,766.3         128.8         1         1         764.4         4,332.3         30,712.9         6           disassembling         1         1         142.8         764.4         4,332.3         30,712.9         6           e-01 mg1.         1         1         5.8         8.8         128.8         8,235.0           post-use transportation         95.9         22.9         2.6         1.4         2.2         31.7         2,058.8           CO2 kg         0 </td <td></td> <td>1.4</td>											1.4
component mig         1,766.3         128.8         Image: State of the	non-renewable energy/ MJ										66.3
disassembling         Image: Constr.         Image: C		1,766.3	128.8			, -					
e-c-I mgt.         rest         res         rest         rest										78.5	
post-use transportation         95.9         22.9         2.6         1.4         2.2         31.7         2,058.8           CO2/kg         mat/ prod. (constr.)         comb         comb         54.8         8.0         305.6           component mfg (constr.)         115.2         10.0         54.8         8.0         305.6           component mfg (replacement)         115.2         10.0         54.8         8.0         305.6           component mfg (replacement)         115.2         10.0         54.8         8.0         305.6           component mfg (replacement)         115.2         10.0         54.8         8.0         305.6           use phase         6.6         1.6         0.2         0.1         0.2         2.2         141.3           CH4/ kg         0.1         0.2         2.2         141.3         CH4/ kg         141.3           CH4/ kg         0.0         0.0         0.1         0.3         141.3           CH4/ kg         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           use         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           use         0.0 <th< td=""><td>e-o-l mgt.</td><td>393.4</td><td>01.5</td><td>10.4</td><td></td><td>5.9</td><td>00</td><td>126.8</td><td></td><td>8 235 0</td><td>5.4</td></th<>	e-o-l mgt.	393.4	01.5	10.4		5.9	00	126.8		8 235 0	5.4
CO2/kg         comb         54.8         8.0         305.6           mati prod. (constr.)         115.2         10.0											1.4
math prod. (constr.)         comb         comb         54.8         8.0         305.6			-								
use phase         Image: Constraint of the second seco	mat'l prod. (constr.) component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement)					54.8	8.0	305.6		-	7.6
e-o-I mgt.         mathematical pre-use transportation         26.3         6.3         0.7         0.4         0.6         8.7         565.2           post-use transportation         6.6         1.6         0.2         0.1         0.2         2.2         141.3           CH4/ kg           0.1         0.3          1           material production          0.1         0.3          1 <t< td=""><td>use phase</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>]</td><td></td></t<>	use phase									]	
post-use transportation         6.6         1.6         0.2         0.1         0.2         2.2         141.3           CH4/kg         0.1         0.3         0.1         0.3         0.1         0.3           component mfg         0.0         0.0         0.1         0.3         0.1         0.3           use         0         0.1         0.3         0.1         0.3         0.1         0.3           disassembling         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.1         0.3         0.1         0.3         0.1           pre-use transportation         0.0         <	e-o-l mgt.										
CH4/ kg         Image: Second Sec											0.4
material production         0.1         0.3           component mfg         0.0<	post-use transportation	6.6	1.6	0.2		0.1	0.2	2.2		141.3	0.1
e-o-l mgt.	material production component mfg	0.0	0.0			0.1		0.3			0.0
pre-use transportation         0.0	0										
N2O/ kg         0.0         0.0         0.0           material production         0.0	pre-use transportation										0.0
material production         0.0         0.0         0.0           component mfg         0.0<		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	5.0		5.0	0.0
disassembling     Ingt.	material production component mfg	0.0	0.0			0.0					0.0
e-o-I mgt.         Image: Contract of the cont	disassembling										
post-use transportation         0.0											
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv         10.1         10.1           material production         10.1         10.1           component mfg         10.1         10.1           use         10.1         10.1           disassembling         10.1         10.1											0.0
component mfg	other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv		0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0
disassembling	component mfg										
	disassembling										
		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0

subsystem1						floors	floors				
subsystem2	"mud"	adhesive	corner pieces	paint	trim	structure (see under outside walls)		flooring	flooring	flooring	flooring
subsystem3								carpet			ceramic tile floor
material	gypsum	SBR	steel, cold rolled	water- based paint	wood	wood	OSB	PA	latex	PP	ceramic tile
new home quantity replacements quantity	431.4	20.0	53.0	131.7 526.9	206.3		2,948.4	283.3 1,699.8	156.3	48.8 293.1	537.3
component mfg efficiency	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	1,099.8	937.8 1.0	1.0	1.0
construction efficiency	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
mfg/constr. (upstream)	454.1	21.1	55.8	138.7	217.2		2,948.4	313.9	173.2	54.1	577.2
unit of measurement	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg		kg	kg	kg	kg	kg
replacement (upstream)	0.0	0.0	0.0	554.6	0.0		0.0	1,883.5	1,039.1	324.7	0.0
primary energy / MJ mat'l prod. (constr.) component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement)	1,370.3	1,472.6	1,562.1	10,653.9	comb 1,075.0 comb		7,047.1	42,942.8	12,114.9	4,490.5	comb 11,358.1
component mfg (replacement) use phase disassembling e-o-l mgt.					0.0						
pre-use transportation	367.1	17.0	45.1	560.4	175.5		2,383.4	1,776.3	980.0	306.3	466.6
post-use transportation	91.8	4.3	11.3	140.1	43.9		595.8	444.1	245.0	76.6	116.7
non-renewable energy/ MJ	4 070 0		4 500 4					10 00 1 1	10.101.0		
material production component mfg	1,370.3	1,471.0	1,538.1		879.5		6,846.4	42,634.1	12,101.3	4,433.1	11,166.2
use	0.0		0.0		0.0			255,804.6	72,607.8	26,598.5	11,100.2
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt.	366.5	17.0	45.0	559.5	175.2		2,379.2	1,773.2	978.3	305.7	465.8
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	91.6	4.2	11.3	139.9	43.8		594.8	443.3	244.6	76.4	116.5
CO2/ kg											
mat'l prod. (constr.)		15.4	108.5		comb		1,837.7	1,189.8	126.4	131.8	
component mfg (constr.)					167.2						768.5
mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement)			0.0		comb 0.0				758.6	790.9	
use phase					0.0						
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt.	05.0	1.0	0.4	00.4	40.0		400.0	404 7	07.4	01.0	00.0
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	25.2 6.3	1.2	3.1 0.8	38.4 9.6	12.0 3.0		163.3 40.8	121.7 30.4	67.1 16.8	21.0 5.2	32.0 8.0
CH4/ kg											
material production component mfg			0.1		0.0		1.1	3.3		0.1	0.4
use			0.0		0.0			19.9		0.4	0.4
disassembling											
e-o-I mgt. pre-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
N2O/ kg											
material production					0.0		0.0	0.1		0.0	
component mfg											0.0
use disassembling					0.0			0.3		0.0	
e-o-l mgt.	_			_			_				
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv material production component mfg use											
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt.		1	1		1				1		
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Life Cycle Inventory, EEH

subsystem1         flooring	(stee nized,
subsystem3         vinyl         tile vinyl         tile vinyl         tile vinyl         steel         st	(stee hized, led) 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.1 kg
floor         adhesive         staples           material         mortar         vinyl         SBR (styrene butadiene         steel extruded         wood nolled         steel, cold         cellulose nolled         OSB         plastic-wood nails composite         galavaized, extruded           new home quantity         282.5         101.1         6.5         22.7         2,674.8         105.8         1,506.2         2,384.1         427.6           replacements quantity         1.0 <td>1.1 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.1 1.1</td>	1.1 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.1 1.1
material         mortar         vinyl (styrene ubder)         SBR (styrene ubder)         steel (struded ubder)         wood (struded rolled         steel, cold cellulose         OSB         plastic-wood composite (struded ubder)           new home quantity         282.5         101.1         6.5         22.7         2,674.8         105.8         1,506.2         2,384.1         427.6           replacements quantity         142.9         34.3           10         1.0	1.1 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.1 1.1
new home quantity         282.5         101.1         6.5         22.7         2.674.8         105.8         1,506.2         2,384.1         427.6           replacements quantity         142.9         34.3	led) 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.1 kg
new home quantity         282.5         101.1         6.5         22.7         2,674.8         105.8         1,506.2         2,384.1         427.6           replacements quantity         1.0 <t< td=""><td>1.0 1.0 1.1 kg</td></t<>	1.0 1.0 1.1 kg
component mlg efficiency         1.0 <td>1.0 1.1 kg</td>	1.0 1.1 kg
construction efficiency         0.9         1.0	1.0 1.1 kg
mfg/constr. (upstream)         322.3         106.9         7.2         23.9         2,815.5         117.3         1,668.9         2,384.1         473.8           unit of measurement         kg         <	1.1 kg
unit of measurement         kg         kg <td>kg</td>	kg
replacement (upstream)         0.0         151.0         38.0         0.0 <td>-</td>	-
primary energy / MJ         comb         comb         503.8         732.7         comb         3,283.0         comb         5,698.4         comb           component mfg (constr.)         271.9         1,184.4         139.3         13,937.2         3,913.0         2,032.0           mat'l prod. (replacement)         comb         2,659.9         comb         comb         comb           component mfg (replacement)         1,673.1         0.0         0.0         0.0           use phase         1         0.0         0.0         0.0           disassembling         1         0.0         0.0         0.0           e-o-I mgt.         pre-use transportation         260.5         208.5         36.6         19.3         2,276.0         94.8         1,349.1         1,927.2         383.0           post-use transportation         65.1         52.1         9.1         4.8         569.0         23.7         337.3         481.8         95.8           non-renewable energy/MJ         1,163.1         503.2         725.7         11,402.9         3,232.6         3,791.0         5,536.1           component mfg         266.7         28.1         365.5         19.3         2,272.0         94.6         1,346.7 <td>0.0</td>	0.0
matl prod. (constr.)         comb         503.8         732.7         comb         3,283.0         comb         5,698.4         comb           component mfg (constr.)         271.9         1,184.4         139.3         13,937.2         3,913.0         2,032.0           matl prod. (replacement)         comb         2,659.9         comb         comb         comb           component mfg (replacement)         1,673.1         0.0         0.0         0.0           use phase          0.0         0.0         0.0           e-o-I mgt.           0.0         2,276.0         94.8         1,349.1         1,927.2         383.0           post-use transportation         260.5         208.5         36.6         19.3         2,276.0         94.8         1,349.1         1,927.2         383.0           post-use transportation         65.1         52.1         9.1         4.8         569.0         23.7         337.3         481.8         95.8           non-renewable energy/ MJ         1,163.1         503.2         725.7         11,402.9         3,223.6         3,791.0         5,536.1           component mfg         260.7         134.7         1.923.9         382.3         2,004.7 <td></td>	
component mfg (constr.)         271.9         1,184.4         139.3         13,937.2         3,913.0         2,032.0           mat'l prod. (replacement)         comb         2,659.9         comb         comb         comb           component mfg (replacement)         1,673.1         0.0         0.0         0.0           use phase         1         0.0         0.0         0.0           e-o-l mgt.	
matri prod. (replacement)         comb         comb         comb         comb           component mfg (replacement)         1,673.1         0.0         0.0         0.0           use phase         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           disassembling         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           e-o-I mgt.         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           pre-use transportation         65.1         52.1         9.1         4.8         569.0         23.7         337.3         481.8         95.8           non-renewable energy/ MJ         1,163.1         503.2         725.7         11,402.9         3,232.6         3,791.0         5,536.1           component mfg         266.7         134.7         2,004.7         2,004.7         134.9         2,204.7         134.9         2,204.7         2,004.7         134.9         1,923.9         382.3         1,903.9         382.3         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         1,000.0         <	34.9
component mfg (replacement)         1,673.1         0.0         0.0           use phase         0.0         0.0         0.0           disassembling         0.0         0.0         0.0           e-oI mgt.         0.0         0.0         0.0           pre-use transportation         260.5         208.5         36.6         19.3         2,276.0         94.8         1,349.1         1,927.2         383.0           post-use transportation         65.1         52.1         9.1         4.8         569.0         23.7         337.3         481.8         95.8           non-renewable energy/ MJ         1,163.1         503.2         725.7         1,140.9         3,232.6         3,791.0         5,536.1           component mfg         266.7         134.7         134.7         2,004.7         0.0         0.0           use         1,642.9         2,656.9         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           e-o-I mgt.	6.6
use phase         Image: Construction         Image: Construction <t< td=""><td>0.0</td></t<>	0.0
e-o-l mgt.         pre-use transportation         260.5         208.5         36.6         19.3         2,276.0         94.8         1,349.1         1,927.2         383.0           post-use transportation         65.1         52.1         9.1         4.8         569.0         23.7         337.3         481.8         95.8           non-renewable energy/ MJ	
pre-use transportation         260.5         208.5         36.6         19.3         2,276.0         94.8         1,349.1         1,927.2         383.0           post-use transportation         65.1         52.1         9.1         4.8         569.0         23.7         337.3         481.8         95.8           non-renewable energy/ MJ         1,163.1         503.2         725.7         11,402.9         3,232.6         3,791.0         5,536.1           component mfg         266.7         134.7         13,402.1         3,232.6         3,791.0         5,536.1           component mfg         266.7         134.7         11,402.9         3,232.6         3,791.0         5,536.1           exponent mfg         266.7         134.7         13,42.9         3,232.6         3,791.0         5,536.1           use         1,642.9         2,656.9         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0           e-o-I mgt.         pre-use transportation         260.1         208.1         36.5         19.3         2,272.0         94.6         1,346.7         1,923.9         382.3           post-use transportation         65.0         52.0         9.1         4.8         568.0         23.7         336.7         481.0 </td <td></td>	
post-use transportation         65.1         52.1         9.1         4.8         569.0         23.7         337.3         481.8         95.8           non-renewable energy/ MJ	0.9
non-renewable energy/ MJ         Imaterial production         1,163.1         503.2         725.7         11,402.9         3,232.6         3,791.0         5,536.1           component mfg         266.7         134.7         Imaterial production         2,004.7         2,004.7           use         1,642.9         2,656.9         0.0         0.0         0.0           disassembling         Imaterial production         2,004.7         0.0         0.0           e-ol mgt.         Imaterial production         260.1         208.1         36.5         19.3         2,272.0         94.6         1,346.7         1,923.9         382.3           post-use transportation         260.0         52.0         9.1         4.8         568.0         23.7         336.7         481.0         95.6           CO2/ kg         Imaterial prod. (constr.)         Imaterial prod. (constr.)         Imaterial prod. (constr.)         20.6         46.9         9.2         2,168.0         246.7         67.3           component mfg (constr.)         20.6         46.9         9.2         2,168.0         246.7         67.3           component mfg (replacement)         comb         27.8         comb         Imaterial prod.         Imaterial prod.         Imaterial prod.	0.2
Interial production         1,163.1         503.2         725.7         11,402.9         3,232.6         3,791.0         5,536.1           component mfg         266.7         134.7         2,004.7         2,004.7           use         1,642.9         2,656.9         0.0         0.0         0.0           disassembling         -0-1 mgt.         -         -         -         -           pre-use transportation         260.1         208.1         36.5         19.3         2,272.0         94.6         1,346.7         1,923.9         382.3           post-use transportation         65.0         52.0         9.1         4.8         568.0         23.7         336.7         481.0         95.6           CO2/ kg	
use         1,642.9         2,656.9         0.0         0.0           disassembling        I mgt.	34.5
disassembling         and the second sec	6.4
e-o-I mgt.         pre-use transportation         260.1         208.1         36.5         19.3         2,272.0         94.6         1,346.7         1,923.9         382.3           post-use transportation         65.0         52.0         9.1         4.8         568.0         23.7         336.7         481.0         95.6           CO2/kg	0.0
pre-use transportation         260.1         208.1         36.5         19.3         2,272.0         94.6         1,346.7         1,923.9         382.3           post-use transportation         65.0         52.0         9.1         4.8         568.0         23.7         336.7         481.0         95.6           CO2/ kg         mat1 prod. (constr.)         comb         5.3         60.8         comb         228.1         comb         1,486.0         comb           component mfg (constr.)         20.6         46.9         9.2         2,168.0         246.7         67.3           mat1 prod. (replacement)         comb         27.8         comb         comb         comb           component mfg (replacement)         66.2         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0	
CO2/ kg         comb         5.3         60.8         comb         228.1         comb         1,486.0         comb           component mfg (constr.)         20.6         46.9         9.2         2,168.0         246.7         67.3           mat'l prod. (replacement)         comb         27.8         comb         comb         comb           component mfg (replacement)         66.2         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0	0.9
mat'l prod. (constr.)         comb         5.3         60.8         comb         228.1         comb         1,486.0         comb           component mfg (constr.)         20.6         46.9         9.2         2,168.0         246.7         67.3           mat'l prod. (replacement)         comb         27.8         comb         comb         comb           component mfg (replacement)         66.2         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0	0.2
component mfg (constr.)         20.6         46.9         9.2         2,168.0         246.7         67.3           mat'l prod. (replacement)         comb         27.8         comb         comb           component mfg (replacement)         66.2         0.0         0.0	
mat'l prod. (replacement)         comb         27.8         comb         comb           component mfg (replacement)         66.2         0.0         0.0         0.0	2.9
component mfg (replacement) 66.2 0.0 0.0	0.4
	0.0
disassembling	
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation 17.8 14.3 2.5 1.3 155.9 6.5 92.4 132.0 26.2	0.1
pot-use transportation 4.5 3.6 0.6 0.3 39.0 1.6 23.1 33.0 6.6	0.0
CH4/ kg	
material production 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.6 0.9	0.0
component mfg 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0
use 0.1 0.0 0.0	0.0
disassembling e-o-l mqt.	
pre-use transportation 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	0.0
post-use transportation 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	0.0
N2O/ kg	
material production 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0
component mfg 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0
use 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0
e-o-l mgt.	
pre-use transportation 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	0.0
post-use transportation         0.0	0.0
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv	
material production	
component mfg	
use disassembling	
pre-use transportation	
post-use transportation         0.0	0.0

roof vents         barri           subsystem3         framing sheathing footing+ floor slab         foor slab           material         aluminum, primary         aluminum, primary         aluminum, primary         aluminum, primary         aluminum, primary         ood of plywood         concrete         steel, galvanized, extruded         gravel         cellulose         PE f           new home quantity         4.5         15.3         8.4         1,854.0         1,630.9         97,690.3         815.0         88,228.6         666.2           component mg efficiency         1.0	subsystem1				foundation						
Interial         Juminum, primary         Juminum, Juminum primary         Juminum primary         Juminum, Juminum primary <td>subsystem2</td> <td></td> <td>gutters</td> <td>downspouts</td> <td>structure</td> <td>structure</td> <td>structure</td> <td>beams</td> <td>drainage</td> <td>insulation</td> <td>vapor barrier</td>	subsystem2		gutters	downspouts	structure	structure	structure	beams	drainage	insulation	vapor barrier
primary         primary <t< td=""><td>subsystem3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>framing</td><td>sheathing</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	subsystem3				framing	sheathing					
replacement squarity         In         In <thin< th="">         In         In         In<th>material</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>wood</th><th>plywood</th><th>concrete</th><th>galvanized,</th><th>gravel</th><th>cellulose</th><th>PE film</th></thin<>	material				wood	plywood	concrete	galvanized,	gravel	cellulose	PE film
replacement quanty         Image: component ingle information of this income in the interval of measurement (upstream)         Image: component ingle information of this income interval of measurement (upstream)         Image: component ingle information of this income interval of measurement (upstream)         Image: component ingle information of this income interval of measurement (upstream)         Image: component ingle information of this income interval of measurement (upstream)         Image: component ingle information of this income interval of measurement (upstream)         Image: component ingle information of this income interval of this incom	new home quantity	4.5	15.3	8.4	1,854.0	1,630.9	97,690.3	815.0	88,228.6	666.2	5.1
construction efficiency         1.0	replacements quantity										
Implement         4.7         17.0         9.3         1.951.6         1.807.1         102.831.9         815.0         92.872.2         738.2           unit of measurement         kg	component mfg efficiency	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
unit of measurement         kg         kg <td>,</td> <td>1.0</td>	,	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
replacement (upstream)         0.0	mfg/constr. (upstream)				1,951.6	1,807.1	102,831.9	815.0	92,872.2	738.2	5.6
primary energy / MJ         980.4         3.518.0         1.914.9         oomb         10.814.1         oomb         24,962.0         oomb         comb           mail prod. (constr.)         980.4         3.518.0         1.914.9         9.860.5         275.5         144,837.6         4,745.8         76,201.8         1.730.7           mail prod. (replacement)         0.0		-	-	-		_	-	-	-	-	-
mart prod. (constr.)         980.4         3,518.0         1,914.9         comb         10,814.1         comb         24,962.0         comb         comb           mart prod. (replacement)           96,065.2         2,755.9         144,837.6         4,745.8         76,201.8         1,730.7           use phase          0.0	replacement (upstream)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
disassembling         Image: set transportation         3.8         13.7         7.5         1.577.6         1.6008         160.098         658.8         8.675.5         598.7           post-use transportation         1.0         3.4         1.9         394.4         365.2         0.0         164.7         0.0         149.2           non-renewable energy/MJ         0         1.473.2         7.903.9         8.945.0         24.723.2         1.676.7         4.688.0         75.84.0         1.676.7         4.688.0         75.84.0         1.676.7         4.688.0         75.84.0         1.676.7         4.688.0         75.84.0         1.676.7         4.688.0         75.84.0         1.676.7         4.668.0         75.84.0         1.676.7         8.660.5         595.7         1.992.8         1.676.7         8.660.5         595.7         1.677.8         1.629.4         0.0         1.48.8         1.629.4         0.0         1.48.8         0.0         1.44.8         0.0         1.48.9         1.00.1         1.096.4         1.00.1         1.006.1         1.006.1         1.006.1         1.006.1         1.006.1         1.006.1         1.006.1         1.006.1         1.006.1         1.006.1         1.006.1         1.006.1         0.0         0.0         0.0	mat'l prod. (constr.) component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement)	980.4	3,518.0	1,914.9	9,660.5 comb		1			1	
post-use transportation         1.0         3.4         1.9         394.4         365.2         0.0         164.7         0.0         149.2           non-renewable energy/MJ         754.3         2,706.7         1,473.2         7,003.9         6,945.0         24,723.2         1,676.7         4           component mfg         2,669.9         143,538.2         4,588.0         75,849.0         1,676.7         4           disassembling         0.0         0.0         143,538.2         4,588.0         75,849.0         1,676.7         4           oe-l mgt.         2,669.9         143,538.2         4,588.0         75,849.0         1,676.7         4           opst-use transportation         3.8         13.7         7.5         1,574.8         1,458.3         15,982.1         657.7         8,660.5         595.7           post-use transportation         1.0         3.4         1.9         333.7         364.6         0.0         164.4         0.0         148.9           CO2/kg         0         1.502.7         1.574.8         1,455.3         510.6         109.1         1         148.9           disassembling         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         1.1         0.0 <td< td=""><td>disassembling</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	disassembling										
material production         754.3         2,706.7         1,473.2         7,903         8,945.0         24,723.2         1,676.7         4           component mg         0.0         2,669.9         143,538.2         4,588.0         75,89.0         7	post-use transportation				,						
disassembling	material production	754.3	2,706.7	1,473.2	7,903.9				75,849.0	1,676.7	435.9
pre-use transportation         3.8         13.7         7.5         1,574.8         1,458.3         15,982.1         657.7         8,660.5         595.7           post-use transportation         1.0         3.4         1.9         393.7         364.6         0.0         164.4         0.0         148.9           CO2/ kg	disassembling				0.0						
CO2/kg         Comb         <	*	3.8	13.7	7.5	1,574.8	1,458.3	15,982.1	657.7	8,660.5	595.7	4.6
mat1 prod. (constr.)         36.2         129.9         70.7         comb         1,629.4         comb         2,071.5         comb         comb           component mfg (constr.)         1,502.7         173.8         18,655.6         312.3         5,105.6         109.1           component mfg (replacement)         0.0         0.0         1.502.7         173.8         18,655.6         312.3         5,105.6         109.1           component mfg (replacement)         0.0         0.0         0.0         1.502.7         173.8         18,655.6         312.3         5,105.6         109.1           disassembling         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         1.502.7         25.0         0.0         11.3         0.0         10.2           pre-use transportation         0.1         0.2         0.1         27.0         25.0         0.0         11.3         0.0         10.2           CH4/ kg         0.1         0.3         0.2         0.0         0.1         1.1         0.3           component mfg         0.1         0.3         0.2         0.0         0.1         0.1         0.3           use         0.0         0.4         5.3         0.7         1.9	post-use transportation	1.0	3.4	1.9	393.7	364.6	0.0	164.4	0.0	148.9	0.0
use phase         disassembling           e-ol-Ingt.	mat'l prod. (constr.) component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement)	36.2	129.9	70.7	1,502.7 comb						11.6
pre-use transportation         0.3         0.9         0.5         108.1         100.1         1,096.9         45.1         594.4         40.9           post-use transportation         0.1         0.2         0.1         27.0         25.0         0.0         11.3         0.0         10.2           CH4/ kg	use phase disassembling				0.0						
post-use transportation         0.1         0.2         0.1         27.0         25.0         0.0         11.3         0.0         10.2           CH4/ kg <th< td=""><td></td><td>03</td><td>0.9</td><td>0.5</td><td>108.1</td><td>100.1</td><td>1 096 9</td><td>45 1</td><td>594.4</td><td>40.9</td><td>0.3</td></th<>		03	0.9	0.5	108.1	100.1	1 096 9	45 1	594.4	40.9	0.3
material production         0.1         0.3         0.2         0.0         0.1         1.1         0.3           component mfg         0.4         5.3         0.7         1.9	post-use transportation										
disassembling         0.0         <	material production	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.0		5.3		1.9		0.0
e-o-l mgt.         pre-use transportation         0.0         0.					0.0						
pre-use transportation         0.0			l	I		l	I	I	I	I	1
post-use transportation         0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
material production         0.0											
component mfg         0         0.0         0.3         0.0         0.5           use         0.0         0											
use         0.0 <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td></td>		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					0.0	
disassembling         Image: Constraint of the system					0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.5		0.0
pre-use transportation         0.0	disassembling				0.0						
post-use transportation         0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
material production         6.6         23.8         13.0         Image: Component mfg         Image: Component mfg<											
use disassembling disaster dis	material production		23.8	13.0							0.0
e-o-l mgt.	use disassembling										
pre-use transportation									1		
pre-use transportation 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

subsystem1		basement	fit-out								
subsystem2	drainage pipe	gravel	drywall	drywall	drywall	drywall	drywall	drywall	flooring	drainage	sump pump
subsystem3			drywall boards	tape	mud	adhesive	nails + corner	paint	vinyl floor	fabric filters for drainage	pump casing
material	HDPE	gravel	gypsum	paper	gypsum	SBR	steel galvanized, extruded	water- based paint	vinyl	PA	PVC
new home quantity replacements quantity	81.0	59,670.0	2,631.1	17.3	107.9	6.1	18.6	35.8	1,263.2	8.0	1.4
component mfg efficiency	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0					-		
construction efficiency mfg/constr. (upstream)	1.0 89.7	1.0 62,810.5	1.0 2,915.4	1.0 19.2	1.0 119.5		1.0 19.6	-	-	1.0 8.9	-
unit of measurement	89.7 kg	62,810.5 kg		19.2 kg	119.5 kg		kg			8.9 kg	
replacement (upstream)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
primary energy / MJ											
mat'l prod. (constr.)	6,958.8	comb	8,796.6	295.3	360.6	475.6	600.8	3,048.4		1,212.6	109.9
component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement)	815.1 77.6	51,536.1	0.0		0.0	0.0	<u>114.2</u> 0.0		14,792.7 comb	0.0	0.0
component mfg (replacement) use phase disassembling							0.0	0.0	0.0		
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	72.5	5,867.3	2,356.7	15.5	96.6	5.5	15.9	32.1	1,079.2	7.2	1.2
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	589.2	3.9	24.2		4.0	8.0		0.0	
non-renewable energy/ MJ											
material production	6,923.8	E1 207 E	8,796.6	189.5	360.6	475.1	595.1 110.4		14,526.0	1,203.9	108.1
component mfg use	789.7	51,297.5	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
disassembling e-o-l mgt.											
pre-use transportation	72.4	5,857.2	2,352.6		96.4		15.8			7.2	
post-use transportation CO2/ kg	0.0	0.0	588.2	3.9	24.1	1.4	4.0	8.0	269.3	0.0	0.3
mat'l prod. (constr.)	184.8	comb		21.7		5.0	49.9		comb	33.6	4.1
component mfg (constr.)	51.4	3,453.0					7.5		585.2		
mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement)						0.0	0.0		comb 0.0		0.0
use phase							0.0		0.0		
disassembling e-o-l mgt.		[		1	1	1		1	1		1
pre-use transportation	5.0	402.0	161.5	1.1	6.6		1.1	2.2		0.5	0.1
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	40.4	0.3	1.7	0.1	0.3	0.5	18.5	0.0	0.0
CH4/ kg										0.4	
material production component mfg	0.3	1.3		0.0			0.0		0.6	0.1	
use							0.0		0.0	0.0	
disassembling e-o-l mgt.									I		
pre-use transportation	0.0	0.1	0.0							0.0	
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
N2O/ kg material production	0.0			0.0			0.0		0.0	0.0	
component mfg	0.0	0.3		0.0			0.0		0.0		
USE							0.0		0.0	0.0	
disassembling e-o-l mgt.		I	I		l	 	I	I		l	
pre-use transportation	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0						0.0	
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv material production	0.0										
component mfg	0.0										
USE											
disassembling e-o-l mgt.		l	I		l	I	l		L	l	
pre-use transportation											
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

subsystem1	doors						windows				appliances (
subsystem2	structure	facing	hinges +	core	core	glazing	lowE coating	lowE coating	frame	glazing	
subsystem3											
material	wood	particle- board	steel, cold rolled	paper	styrofoam (assumed PS)	glass	silver	zincoxide	PVC	glass	steel, cold rolled
new home quantity	6.8	150.1	196.8	26.3	5.9	11.2	0.1	0.1	162.6	413.7	613.6
replacements quantity		12.7		5.4			0.1	0.1	162.6	490.7	1,306.8
component mfg efficiency	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0		1.0	1.0
construction efficiency	1.0			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
mfg/constr. (upstream)	6.8	158.0	207.2	26.3	6.2	11.2	0.1	0.1	171.2	413.7	645.9
unit of measurement replacement (upstream)	kg 0.0	kg 13.4	kg 0.0	kg 5.4	kg 0.0	kg 0.0	kg 0.1	kg 0.1	kg 171.2	kg 490.7	kg 1,375.6
	0.0	10.4	0.0	5.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	171.2	430.7	1,070.0
primary energy / MJ mat'l prod. (constr.)	comb	491.0	5,801.0	404.6	618.8	comb	0.0	38.6	10,722.7	comb	18,086.1
component mfg (constr.)	33.8	-+31.0	5,001.0	+04.0	010.0	196.4	0.0	30.0	10,122.1	7,260.8	
mat'l prod. (replacement)	comb	41.6				comb	0.0	38.6	10,722.7	comb	38,516.7
component mfg (replacement)	0.0					0.0				8,612.3	
use phase disassembling											
e-o-l mgt.											
pre-use transportation	5.5	138.5	167.5	25.6	5.0	9.0	0.2	0.2	276.7	731.0	
post-use transportation	1.4	34.6	41.9	6.4	1.3	2.3	0.1	0.0	69.2	182.8	408.5
non-renewable energy/ MJ material production	27.6	491.0	5,711.9	259.6	616.2			38.6	10,578.9		17,808.4
component mfg	27.0	491.0	5,711.5	239.0	010.2	191.5		30.0	10,576.9	7,082.0	17,000.4
use	0.0	41.6	0.0			0.0		38.6	10,578.9	8,400.2	37,925.2
disassembling											
e-o-I mgt. pre-use transportation	5.5	138.3	167.2	25.6	5.0	9.0	0.2	0.2	276.3	729.8	1,631.3
post-use transportation	1.4	34.6	41.8	6.4	1.3	2.3	0.1	0.0		182.4	407.8
CO2/ kg											
mat'l prod. (constr.)	comb	27.5	403.0	29.7	12.6	comb		0.0	332.8	comb	
component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement)	5.3 comb	2.3				12.9 comb		0.0	332.8	475.2 comb	
component mfg (replacement)	0.0	2.3				0.0		0.0	332.0	563.7	2,075.5
use phase											
disassembling		1	1			1	1	1	1	1	
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	0.4	9.5	11.5	1.8	0.3	0.6	0.0	0.0	19.0	50.1	112.0
post-use transportation	0.4	2.4	2.9	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.7	12.5	
CH4/ kg											
material production	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	_		0.0			1.4
component mfg						0.0				0.3	
use disassembling	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0		0.0		0.4	2.9
e-o-l mgt.			I			I		I	1	I	I
pre-use transportation	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
N2O/ kg											
material production component mfg	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0	
use	0.0	0.0				0.0		0.0		0.0	
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt.	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0					
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0	
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv		5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
material production											
component mfg											
use											
disassembling			l			l	I	l		l	
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation											
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
· ·											

subsystem1	refrigerato	r/furnace/clotl	n washer/drye	r/furnce/A	/C unit/sur	np pump/r	range/r. ho	od)	shower, 1st flo	or	
subsystem2									walls/floor		door
subsystem3											plastic
material	copper	aluminum, secondary	styrofoam (assumed PS)	glass	HCFC 22	rubber	paper	PVC		mortar (see under "floors")	PMMA
new home quantity	5.5	9.1	10.5	3.6			7.3	2.7			1.4
replacements quantity	14.5	22.3	26.4	10.5			14.1	8.2			1.0
component mfg efficiency construction efficiency	1.0 1.0			1.0				1.0 1.0			1.0
mfg/constr. (upstream)	5.7	9.6		3.8				2.9			1.4
unit of measurement	kg					kg		kg			kg
replacement (upstream)	15.3	23.4	27.8	11.0	6.8	1.4	14.1	8.6			0.0
primary energy / MJ											
mat'l prod. (constr.)	257.9					71.6	112.0	219.8			296.4
component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement)	17.0 687.7 45.3	36.0	2,760.9	67.2 comb 193.2	222.2	204.9		659.5			
use phase disassembling e-o-I mgt.											
pre-use transportation	17.0	26.7	31.3			1.5		9.3			1.2
post-use transportation	4.3	6.7	7.8	3.0	2.0	0.4	4.3	2.3			0.3
non-renewable energy/ MJ material production	216.9		1,090.2		103.0	71.4	71.9	216.2			291.7
component mfg	16.4	36.0		65.5		71.4	11.5	210.2			291.7
use	622.2		2,749.3	188.4	220.7	204.5		648.6			
disassembling e-o-l mgt.	-			1	1		1				
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	17.0 4.2	26.6 6.7	31.3 7.8				17.2 4.3	9.3 2.3			1.2 0.3
CO2/ kg mat'l prod. (constr.)	29.9	comb	22.3	comb	3.0	1.2	8.2	8.1			20.1
component mfg (constr.)	29.9	2.5		4.4		1.2	0.2	0.1			20.1
mat'l prod. (replacement)	79.8		56.1	comb		3.1		24.3			
component mfg (replacement) use phase	3.0			12.6							
disassembling e-o-l mgt.	-			1	1	1	1				1
pre-use transportation	1.2	1.8	2.1	0.8	0.5	0.1	1.2	0.6			0.1
post-use transportation	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.2			0.0
CH4/ kg	-				L						
material production component mfg	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0
use	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0					
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	l		0.0
post-use transportation	0.0										0.0
N2O/ kg											
material production component mfg	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0
use	0.0		0.0			0.0					
disassembling											
e-o-I mgt. pre-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0
post-use transportation	0.0										0.0
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv material production	/										
component mfg											
use disassembling e-o-l mgt.											
pre-use transportation											
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0

subsystem1				Piping			bathtub t	ooth floors			
subsystem2	door	head/ faucet	head/ faucet	pipes/ fittings	pipes/ fittings	pipes/ fittings	tub	tub	faucet/jets	faucet/ jets	pump/ motor
subsystem3	frame						shell	surface mat'l			
material	AL, primary	steel galvanized, extruded	brass	PVC	copper	steel, extruded	fiber- glass	PMMA	steel galvanized, extruded	brass	Al, secondary, cast
new home quantity	0.5	0.9	0.9	101.6	53.1	37.4	13.6	43.2	0.9	1.8	6.8
replacements quantity											
component mfg efficiency	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9
construction efficiency	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
mfg/constr. (upstream)	0.5	1.0	1.0	112.6	58.8	41.4	14.4	45.5	1.0	1.9	7.7
unit of measurement	kg	kg	kg	kg	kg	-	kg	kg	kg		-
replacement (upstream)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
primary energy / MJ mat'l prod. (constr.) component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement) use phase disassembling	99.0	29.3 5.6	95.6	7,051.1	2,640.9 174.0 0.0 0.0		comb 247.5	9,384.7	29.3 5.6		29.0
e-o-l mgt.						1				1	
pre-use transportation	0.4	0.8	0.8	91.0	47.5	33.5	11.6	36.7	0.8	1.5	6.2
post-use transportation	0.1	0.2	0.2	22.7	11.9	8.4	2.9	9.2	0.2	0.4	1.6
non-renewable energy/ MJ material production component mfg	76.2	29.0 5.4		6,956.6	2,221.4 168.2	1,255.7 116.3	242.9	9,237.9	29.0 5.4		29.0
use					0.0						
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	0.4	0.8	0.8	90.8	47.5	33.4	11.6	36.7	0.8	1.5	6.2
post-use transportation	0.1	0.2	0.2	22.7	11.9		2.9	9.2	0.2		
CO2/ kg mat'l prod. (constr.)	3.7	2.4		218.8	306.4	105.2	comb	635.0	2.4		comb
component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement)		0.4			11.4 0.0	8.3	14.8		0.4		2.0
component mfg (replacement) use phase disassembling					0.0						
e-o-l mgt.										1	1
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0	0.1 0.0	0.1	6.2 1.6	3.3 0.8	2.3 0.6	0.8	2.5 0.6	0.1	0.1	0.4
CH4/ kg											
material production component mfg use	0.0	0.0			0.6 0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0		0.0
disassembling e-o-l mgt.					I	1	I	I	I	I	
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
N2O/ kg material production	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
component mfg use		0.0			0.0				0.0		0.0
disassembling					0.0						
e-o-I mgt. pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv material production component mfg	0.7										
use disassembling											
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

subsystem1			sinks				toilet				
subsystem2	pump/ motor	pump/ motor	sink/ pedestal	faucets	plastic sink	faucets		fixture + water storage	fixture + water storage	fixture + water storage	fixture + water storage
subsystem3									mechanism/v alve		
material	copper	steel galvanized, extruded	ceramic	steel galvanized, extruded	PMMA	brass	particle- board	ceramic	steel galvanized, extruded	copper	PMMA
new home quantity	0.9	3.2	87.7	5.7	2.3	4.1	10.5	103.6	1.4	0.3	1.1
replacements quantity											
component mfg efficiency	1.0		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			1.0		
construction efficiency	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
mfg/constr. (upstream)	1.0				2.4	4.3		105.8		0.3	1.1
unit of measurement replacement (upstream)	kg 0.0	-	-	_	kg 0.0	kg 0.0	kg 0.0	kg 0.0	-	-	kg 0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
primary energy / MJ mat'l prod. (constr.)	43.0	102.6	1,761.7	183.2	493.9	430.2	34.4	2,081.2	44.0	12.9	237.1
component mfg (constr.)	2.8	102.0	1,701.7	34.8	493.9	430.2	34.4	2,001.2	8.4	0.8	237.1
mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement)											
use phase disassembling											
e-o-l mgt.		1	1	1			11		1	1	
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.8 0.2	2.7 0.7	72.4 18.1	4.8 1.2	1.9 0.5	3.5 0.9	8.9 2.2	85.5 21.4		0.2	0.9
non-renewable energy/ MJ											
material production	36.2	101.6		181.4	486.2		34.3		43.5	10.8	233.4
component mfg use	2.7	18.9	1,731.9	33.7				2,046.0	8.1	0.8	
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	0.8	2.7	72.2	4.8	1.9	3.5	8.9	85.4	1.2	0.2	0.9
post-use transportation	0.2	0.7	18.1	1.2	0.5	0.9	2.2	21.3		0.1	0.2
CO2/ kg											
mat'l prod. (constr.)	5.0	8.5 1.3		15.2	33.4		1.9	140.8		1.5	16.0
component mfg (constr.) mat'l prod. (replacement)	0.2	1.3	119.2	2.3		-		-	0.5	0.1	
component mfg (replacement)											
use phase disassembling											
e-o-l mgt.										1	
pre-use transportation	0.1	0.2	5.0		0.1	0.2	0.6	5.9		0.0	0.1
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
CH4/ kg											
material production component mfg	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
use	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0				0.1	0.0	0.0	
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
post-use transportation	0.0				0.0	0.0		0.0			0.0
N2O/ kg											
material production	0.0			0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0
component mfg use	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	
disassembling											
e-o-l mgt.		'	1	r 1	l.				'		
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv material production											
component mfg											
use											
disassembling e-o-l mgt.											
pre-use transportation											
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Life Cycle Inventory, EEH

subsystem1	kitchen cabir	nets + mirr	ors				
subsystem2	cabinet	cabinet	countertop	countertop	countertop	kitchen sink	bathroom mirrors
subsystem3	doors etc.	hinges	tiles	formica			
material	particle- board	steel, cold rolled	ceramic tile	Kraft paper	phenol formaldehyde resin	stainless steel	glass
new home quantity	874.5	15.0	29.3	6.0	2.5	7.0	62.0
replacements quantity	617.7	8.1	29.3	4.1	1.7	7.0	
component mfg efficiency	1.0	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.950	
construction efficiency	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
mfg/constr. (upstream)	920.6 kg	15.8 kg	29.9 kg	6.3 kg	2.6 kg	7.4 kg	65.3 kg
unit of measurement replacement (upstream)	650.2	8.6	29.9	4.3	1.8	7.4	65.3
primary energy / MJ							
mat'l prod. (constr.)	2,861.1	442.2		comb	184.4	115.2	
component mfg (constr.)	2 0 2 0 0	239.6	587.6		126.6	115.2	1,146.4
mat'l prod. (replacement) component mfg (replacement)	2,020.9	239.6	comb 587.6	comb 158.7	126.6	115.2	comb 1,146.4
use phase							,
disassembling e-o-l mgt.							
pre-use transportation	1,269.8	19.7	48.3	8.6	3.5	12.0	105.6
post-use transportation	317.4	4.9	12.1	2.1	0.9	3.0	26.4
non-renewable energy/ MJ	0.000.0	405.4			100.0	444.0	
material production component mfg	2,860.9	435.4	577.7	105.3	183.9	111.6	1,118.1
use	2,020.8	236.0	577.7	72.2	126.2	111.6	
disassembling							
e-o-l mgt. pre-use transportation	1,267.6	19.6	48.2	8.6	3.5	12.0	105.4
post-use transportation	316.9	4.9	12.0	2.1	0.9	3.0	26.4
CO2/ kg							
mat'l prod. (constr.) component mfg (constr.)	160.3	30.7	comb 39.8	comb 9.9	2.7	7.5	comb 75.0
mat'l prod. (replacement)	113.2	16.6		comb	1.8	7.5	
component mfg (replacement)			39.8	6.8			75.0
use phase disassembling		l					
e-o-l mgt.							
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	87.0	1.3	3.3 0.8	0.6	0.2	0.8	7.2
	21.7	0.3	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.2	1.0
CH4/ kg material production	0.1	0.0			0.0	0.0	
component mfg			0.0				0.1
USe disassambling	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
disassembling e-o-l mgt.		I	I	I	I	I	I
pre-use transportation	0.0				0.0	0.0	
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
N2O/ kg material production	0.0				0.0	0.0	
component mfg	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
use	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
disassembling e-o-l mgt.			I	l	I	I	
pre-use transportation post-use transportation	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
other GWP gases/ kg CO2 equiv		0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0
material production							
component mfg							
use disassembling							
e-o-l mgt.		I	I	I		I	1
pre-use transportation							
post-use transportation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

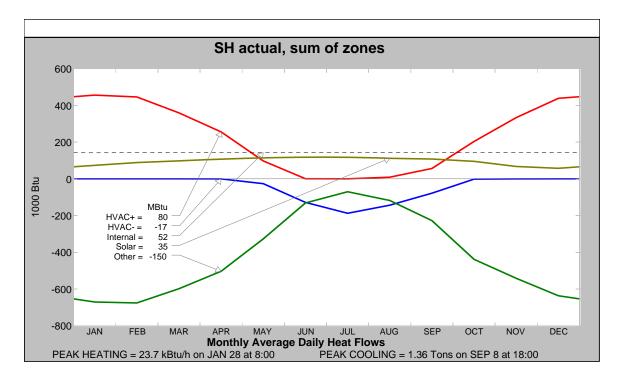
# **APPENDIX D**

# **ENERGY ANALYSIS SUPPLEMENTS**

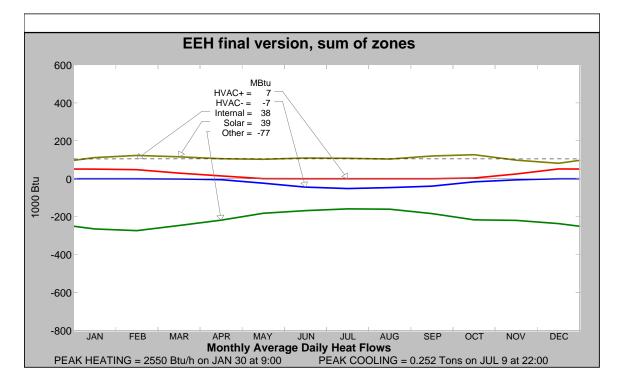
SH/EEH Appliance Energy Consumption Table	149
SH/EEH Monthly Average Daily Heat Flows	150
SH/EEH, Energy-10 Summary Sheet	151

# SH / EEH appliance energy consumption table

	IANCE	gy consumption table			
			SH	EEH	
NO.	ITEM	DESCRIPTION	ANN. ENERGY CONSUM- PTION	CONSUM-PTION	
			KWh/YEAR	KWh/YEAR	
1	REFRIGERATOR/ FREEZER	WHIRLPOOL MODEL ET 22PK VOLUME= 21.7 FT3	762	555	electricity
2	GARBAGE DISPOSAL	1/3 HP HUSHMASTER "WASTE KING" MODEL 473C576P01	10	0	electricity
3	SUMP PUMP	GE MOTOR MOD 5KH398N5615CX 0.3 HP 1725 RPM 5.0 AMP WAYNE SUBMERSIBLE PUMP (MEXICO)OPERATES WITH LIMIT SWITCH	40	40	electricity
4	FURNACE	TRANE XE-80 MODEL HA03236D175B160573 USES HCFC-22 REFRIGERANT	404	54	electricity
5	WATER HEATER	A.O. SMITH AUTOMATIC STORAGE WATER HEATER MAX. OP. PRESS. 150 PSI MODEL FSG 40 232 CAPACITY 40 GAL PART NO. FSG-40- J00N010000 NATURAL GAS 32000 BTU/HR INPUT ANS Z21.10 1a-1991 EST. OP COST \$162/YR = 268 THERMS/YR	28,274	4,712	NATURAL GAS (SH in MJ; EEH in kWh)
6	RANGE	WHIRLPOOL MODEL RF362BBDWO 30" ELECT. FREESTANDING RANGE 4 BURNERS SELF- CLEANING	458	458	natural gas
7	RANGE HOOD	WHIRLPOOL RANGE HOOD MODEL RH2739XXWO 1.8 AMPS	10	10	electricity
8	THERMOSTAT	HONEYWELL			electricity
9	A/C CENTRAL UNIT	TRANE XE 1000 HIGH EFF. AIR CONDITIONING MODEL TTR036C100A2 25 AMPS HCFC-22 (SEER 10)		734	electricity
10	WATER METER	AMERICAN METER COMP AL-175 (175 CUBIC FEET PER HOUR) @1.2" DIFF.			electricity
11	ELECTRIC METER	SCHLUMBERGER Rr 27 7/9			electricity
12	FIRE PLACE	MAJESTIC PROJECTS MODEL MBU 36/MBU36i NATURAL GAS FIRED			electricity
13	DISHWASHER	WHIRLPOOL GDS-500	700	377	electricity
14	CLOTHS WASHER	WHIRLPOOL	924	241	electricity
15	CLOTHES DRYER	WHIRLPOOL	875	875	natural gas
	INDOOR/ OUTDOOR LIGHTING	assumed to be 100% incandescent bulbs	940	254	electricity
17	TV		250	250	electricity
18	MICROWAVE		191	191	electricity
19	DEHUMIDIFIER		370	0	electricity
20	COMPUTER		77	77	electricity
21	RESIDUAL		960	960	electricity
22	HEAT EXCHANGE FAN		0	80	electricity
ĺ	TOTAL		8,551	3,823	kWh electricity
E			30,782	13,761 6045.333333	MJ electricity
				6045.333333 406.24	kWh natural gas kg Nat'l Gas



Monthly Average Daily Heat Flow, SH



Monthly Average Daily Heat Flow, EEH

Aug 13, 1998 D-3 Energy-10 Summary Page

Variant:

Weather file: detroit.et1 Saved as C:\ENERGY10\PROJ1, Var. 6

1.22

570.3

0.087

2784

1947

1850

151/0

8/5

none

151/0

5/0

none

no

no

337

Comments: SH actual compared to EEH (final)

Description: Floor Årea, ft<sup>2</sup> Surface Area, ft<sup>2</sup> Volume, ft3 Surface Area Ratio Total Conduction UA, Btu/h-F Average U-value, Btu/hr-ft2-F Wall Construction Roof Construction Floor type, insulation Window Construction Window Shading Wall total gross area, ft<sup>2</sup> Roof total gross area, ft<sup>2</sup> Ground total gross area, ft<sup>2</sup> Window total gross area, ft<sup>2</sup> Windows (N/E/S/W:Roof) Glazing name Operating parameters for zone 1 HVAC system

Rated Output (Heat/SCool/TCool),kBtuh: Rated Air Flow/MOOA,cfm Heating thermostat Cooling thermostat Heat/cool performance Economizer?/type Duct leaks/conduction losses, total %: Peak Gains; IL,EL,HW,OT; W/ft2 Added mass? Daylighting? Infiltration, in<sup>2</sup>

Operating parameters for zone 2 HVAC system Rated Output (Heat/SCool/TCool),kBtuh: Rated Air Flow/MOOA,cfm Heating thermostat Cooling thermostat Heat/cool performance Economizer?/type Duct leaks/conduction losses, total %: Peak Gains; IL,EL,HW,OT; W/ft2 Added mass? Daylighting? Infiltration, in<sup>2</sup>

Results: (Energy cost: 0.462 \$/Therm, 0.080 \$/kWh, 2.470 \$/kW) Simulation dates 01-Jan to 31-Dec Simulation status, Thermal/DL valid/NA Energy use, kBtu 178654 Energy cost, \$ 1545 Saved by daylighting, kWh NA Total Electric, kWh 10225 Internal/External lights, kWh 1967/215 Heating/Cooling/Fan, kWh 0/1557/595 Hot water/Other, kWh NA Peak Electric, kW 3.1 NA/NA/143765 Fuel, hw/heat/total, kBtu Emissions, CO2/SO2/NOx, lbs 15757/82/44

SH actual EEH final version 2450.0 6580.7 26964.0 1.20 2 x 4 frame polyis, R=14.9,etc attic sh, r-23, R=22.9 Crawl Space, Reff=13.6,etc a. U=0.48.etc <none>,etc 42.3 deg latitude,etc 337 7/3/3/1:0 double, U=0.50 DX Cooling with Gas Furnace 43/10/13 20/0 70.0 °F, setback to 62.0 °F 75.0 °F, setup to 79.0 °F eff=80,EER=10.0 no/NA 0.20/0.04/0.66/0.36 none ELA=80.0 DX Cooling with Gas Furnace 52/18/23 20/0 70.0 °F, setback to 62.0 °F 75.0 °F, setup to 79.0 °F eff=80,EER=10.0 no/NA 3/0 0.20/0.04/0.66/0.36 ELA=70.0 533 NA 4435

2450.0 6473.0 26964.0 263.0 0.041 doub 2x4 cellulu, R=35.7 attic r-40, R=48.7 Basement, Reff=38.7,etc a eeh. U=0.30.etc 2784 1947 1742 3/1/7/3:0 low-e/argon, U=0.30 DX Cooling with Gas Furnace 14/12/16 70.0 °F, setback to 62.0 °F 75.0 °F, setup to 79.0 °F eff=95,EER=13.0 no/NA 11/100.05/0.01/0.65/0.20 yes, 3 stepped ELA=10.0 DX Cooling with Gas Furnace 14/9/12 70.0 °F, setback to 62.0 °F 75.0 °F, setup to 79.0 °F eff=95,EER=13.0 no/NA 0.05/0.01/ 0.65/0.20 none yes, 3 stepped ELA=10.0 01-Jan to 31-Dec valid/NA 48909 492/54 0/464/71 NA 0.9 NA/NA/33775 6497/35/19

# **APPENDIX E**

# **COST ANALYSIS SUPPLEMENTS**

SH/EEH Cost Differential Calculations	153
Life Cycle Cost Analysis of SH and EEH Princeton Homes	154
Annual Future Escalation Factors for four Energy Cost Scenarios	155

#### SH/EEH COST DIFFERENTIAL CALCULATIONS

Note:

SH Cost estimate includes items completely and partially deleted from EEH design EEH Cost estimate includes brand new materials and the additonal increases in materials existing in SH A= Actual SH Materials B=ActualEEH materials

Codes:

		C=Additional EEH materials in ex	cess of SH	1						
А	SUMMARY Net Cost of SH (Pri			\$145,000		Ann Arbor	Modification	Factors		
	Land Value Subtotal All Costs		A+B	\$55,000 \$200,000		49/	Materials			
D	% Mark-up (Guenth	er Admin and Profit)		20%		19%	Labor			
E	Market Value of SH	(Princeton)	Cx(1+D)	\$240,000			Equipment Subcontracto	or Overhead/Pi	rofit Markup	
	Cost of New Items t Cost of Deleted Iter		LINE 59 LINE 104	\$39,324 \$58,325		3%			ee assumption	is sheet0
	EEH Additonal Cos		G-F	\$19,001						
	Net Cost of EEH (P Land Value	rinceton)	A+H	\$164,001 \$55,000		Note:	Material and I	ahaa Dataa aata	red blow are nat	
K	Subtotal All Costs		I+K	\$219,001		NOLE.			es the above are	
	% Mark-up (Guenth market Value of EE	er Admin and Profit) H (Princeton)	Kx(1+L)	20% \$262,801						
N	Total Cost Increase	of EEH over SH	M-E	\$22,801					_	
VERSION	SYSTEM	DESCRIPTON	UNIT A		UNIT F MATERIAL	LABOR	MATERIAL	STS LABOR	TOTAL	SUBTOTAL
eп	FOUNDATION	Concrete Foundation Pour	LF	192		\$43.44	\$0.00	\$8,340.48	\$8,340.48	-
SH		Drywall Paint	ft2 ft2	3,026 3,026	\$0.25 \$0.07	\$0.56 \$0.16	\$756.50 \$211.82	\$1,694.56 \$484.16	\$3,240.45 \$921.57	-
		Vinyl floor	yd2	186	\$24.00	\$6.48	\$4,466.67	\$1,206.00	\$6,190.47	
		Wood (2X2's)	MBF	0.196	\$2,530.00	\$2,070.00	\$494.87	\$404.89	\$1,084.86	\$19,777.8
	FLOOR	Vinud Tiloo		0	\$24.50	\$6.48	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	1
	TEOOK	Vinyl Tiles Carpet	SY SY	0	924.00	\$22.50	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	1
		Joist (2x10) Joist (2x10)	SF ft	0	\$1.25	\$0.15	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	-
	WALLO	Sill Sealer	Ft2	200	\$0.16	\$0.09	\$32.00 \$700.00	\$18.00 \$504.00	\$58.12	\$58.12
	WALLS	Fiberglass Insulation (16" bat) Isopoly (sturdy Board)	SF SF	2,800 1,600	\$0.25 \$0.33	\$0.18 \$0.26	\$528.00	\$416.00	\$1,433.46 \$1,133.96	1
		Cross Bracers Reduced Wood from Chimney	ea Ft2	65 0	\$2.44	\$2.63	\$158.60 \$0.00	\$170.95 \$0.00	\$408.26 \$0.00	\$2,975.68
	WINDOW/DOOR	Vinyl Window (frame and glazing) Window Sill (Marblite 3.5")	ea LF	20 52	\$120.00 \$3.25	\$49.00 \$2.60	\$2,400.00 \$169.00	\$980.00 \$135.20	\$3,814.54 \$365.96	]
		Door Jam	ea	1	\$46.60	\$22.20	\$46.60	\$22.20	\$78.73	\$4,259.24
	050 000			1.017						7
	CEILING	Fiberglass Insulation (blown) Asphalt Shingles	MSF 100 SF	1.947 34.500	\$88.00	\$565.00 \$53.10	\$0.00 \$3,036.00	\$1,100.06 \$1,831.95	\$1,348.34 \$5,696.50	
		No 15 Felt	100 SF	34.500	\$3.50	\$11.00	\$120.75	\$379.50	\$677.58	\$7,722.42
	APPLIANCES	Refrigerator Lightbulbs (incand)	ea ea	1	\$825.00		\$825.00	\$0.00	\$815.76 \$16.00	-
		Dryer (electric)		1	\$385.00		\$385.00	\$0.00	\$380.69	
		Pango (electric)	ea							-
		Range (electric) Clothes Washer	ea ea	1	\$670.00 \$395.00		\$670.00 \$395.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$662.50 \$390.58	-
		Range (electric) Clothes Washer Dish Washer	ea ea ea	1 1 1	\$670.00		\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$662.50 \$390.58 \$464.74	\$2,730.26
	HCAC	Range (electric) Clothes Washer	ea ea	1	\$670.00 \$395.00		\$670.00 \$395.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$662.50 \$390.58	]
ſ	HCAC	Range (electric) Clothes Washer Dish Washer SH Furnace	ea ea ea	1 1 1	\$670.00 \$395.00		\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$662.50 \$390.58 \$464.74 \$800.00	]
(	SUM SH COSTS	Range (electric) Clothes Washer Dish Washer SH Furnace SH A/C	ea ea ea ea	1 1 1 1	\$670.00 \$395.00		\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$662.50 \$390.58 \$464.74 \$800.00 \$1,000.00 \$39,323.55	]
(		Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer SH Furnace SH AVC	ea ea ea ea Yd3	1 1 1	\$670.00 \$395.00		\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$662.50 \$390.58 \$464.74 \$800.00 \$1,000.00	]
[	SUM SH COSTS	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer SH Furnace SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2' pressure treated pywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12'	ea ea ea ea ea Yd3	1 1 1 1	\$670.00 \$395.00		\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$662.50 \$390.58 \$464.74 \$800.00 \$1,000.00 \$39,323.55	]
EEH	SUM SH COSTS	Range (electric) Ciolnes Washer Dish Washer SH Furnace SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated	ea ea ea ea ea Yd3	1 1 1 1	\$670.00 \$395.00	\$50.00	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$662.50 \$390.58 \$464.74 \$800.00 \$1,000.00 \$39,323.55	]
EEH	SUM SH COSTS	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer SH Furnace SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated plywood sheets 2x8 stude on 12 conter 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex Paint (additional)	ea ea ea ea ea ea ft2 Ft2	1 1 1 1 1 0 1 99 3,077	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.07	\$50.00	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$215.39	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$662.50 \$390.58 \$464.74 \$800.00 \$1,000.00 \$39,323.55 \$0.00 \$9,950.00 \$937.10	]
EEH	SUM SH COSTS	Range (electric) Ciotnes Washer Dish Washer SH Furnace SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated plywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12 center, 1/2 drywali with finishing and R-30 celluse insulation Latex Paint (additonal) Pea Gravel Vinj' Tile	ea ea ea ea Yd3 ft2 Ft2 to yd2	1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 3,077 11 198	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.07 \$13.50 \$24.00	\$0.16 \$6.48	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$215.39 \$155.05 \$4,762.67	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$492.32 \$0.00 \$1,285.92	\$662.50 \$390.58 \$464.74 \$800.00 \$1,000.00 \$39,323.55 \$0.00 \$9,950.00 \$9,950.00 \$153.32 \$6,600.71	\$1,800.00
EEH	SUM SH COSTS	Range (electric) Ciotnes Washer Dish Washer SH AVC SH AVC Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated plywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 1/2" center 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex Paint (additional) Dea Gravel Vinyl Tile PE 6 mill	ea ea ea ea ea ea fi2 fi2 Fi2 ton yd2 SF	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 3.077 11 198 1.495	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.07 \$13.50 \$24.00 \$0.06	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$215.39 \$155.05 \$4,762.67 \$89.70	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$492.32 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80	\$662.50 \$390.58 \$464.74 \$800.00 \$1,000.00 \$39,323.55 \$0.00 \$9,950.00 \$937.10 \$153.32 \$6,600.71 \$176.65	\$1,800.00
EEH	SUM SH COSTS	Range (electric) Ciotnes Washer Dish Washer SH Furnace SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated plywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12 center, 1/2 drywali with finishing and R-30 celluse insulation Latex Paint (additonal) Pea Gravel Vinj' Tile	ea ea ea ea Yd3 ft2 Ft2 to yd2	1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 3,077 11 198	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.07 \$13.50 \$24.00	\$0.16 \$6.48	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$215.39 \$155.05 \$4,762.67	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$492.32 \$0.00 \$1,285.92	\$662.50 \$390.58 \$464.74 \$800.00 \$1,000.00 \$39,323.55 \$0.00 \$9,950.00 \$9,950.00 \$153.32 \$6,600.71	\$1,800.00
EEH	SUM SH COSTS	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH A/C SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated pywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12' center 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 celluidose insulation Latex Pain (additional) Pea Gravel Viny't tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joid (2X12's)	ea ea ea ea ea rea ea ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 99 3,077 11 198 1,495 0 0 0	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$1.350 \$24.00 \$0.06 \$1.24 \$6.42	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$215.30 \$155.00 \$4,762.67 \$89.70 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$492.32 \$0.00 \$1.285 92 \$59.80 \$59.80 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$662.50           \$300.58           \$300.68           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$393.323.55           \$0.00           \$393.323.55           \$0.00           \$393.323.55           \$0.00           \$1,000.00           \$1,000.00           \$1,000.00           \$1,000.00           \$1,000.00           \$1,000.00           \$1,000.00           \$1,000.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00	\$1,800.00
EEH	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH AVC SH AVC Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated pywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12' center, 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex Paint (additional) Pea Gravel Vinyl Tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joiet (Zx12's) Joiet (Zx12's)	ea ea ea ea ea rt2 ft2 ft2 ft2 sF ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 99 3.077 117 198 1.495 0 0 0 0 0	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$30.07 \$13.50 \$24.00 \$0.06 \$1.24	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.17	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$155.05 \$47,762.67 \$155.05 \$4,762.67 \$155.05 \$4,762.67 \$89.70 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$50.00 \$1,285.92 \$50.00 \$1,285.92 \$50.00 \$1,285.92 \$50.00 \$1,285.92 \$50.00 \$1,285.92 \$50.00 \$1,285.92 \$50.00 \$1,000\$\$1,000\$	\$662.50           \$390.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$30,00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00	\$1,800.00
EEH	SUM SH COSTS	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH AVC SH AVC Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated plywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12' center 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex Paint (additional) Pea Gravel Vinj' Tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joist (2X:12's) Joist (2X:12's) Joist (2X:12's) Cellulose Insulation 12' OSB	ea ea ea ea Yd3 ft2 Ft2 Ft2 SF ft2 SF ft2 SF	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 99 3.077 11 198 1.495 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$10 \$10.07 \$13.50 \$24.00 \$0.06 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.57	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.17 \$1,060.00 \$0.59	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$155.05 \$4,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$44,762.67 \$45,762.67\$45,762.67 \$45,762.67\$45,762.67 \$45,762.67\$45,762.77\$45,762.77\$45,762.77\$45,775 \$45	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$1,285.92 \$50.00 \$1,285.92 \$50.00 \$1,285.92 \$50.00 \$1,285.92 \$1,495.92	\$662.50 \$390.58 \$464.74 \$800.00 \$1,000.00 \$39,323.55 \$0.00 \$39,323.55 \$0.00 \$39,323.55 \$0.00 \$39,323.55 \$0.00 \$39,323.55 \$0.00 \$39,323.55 \$0.00 \$39,323.55 \$0.00 \$30,00 \$153.32 \$6,600.71 \$176.65 \$0.00 \$30.000 \$30.000 \$30.000 \$30.0000\$300\$3000\$30	\$1,800.00
EEH	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR WALLS	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer SH AVC SH AVC Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated plywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12" center, 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex Paint (additional) Pea Gravel Vinyl Tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joist (2X12*s) Joist (2X12*s) Cellulose insulation 1/2" OSB Wood (2X4*s)	ea ea ea ea ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2 ft2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$10 \$13.50 \$24.00 \$0.06 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.57 \$0.74 \$0.33	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.17 \$1,060.00 \$0.59 \$0.54	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$155.05 \$47.62.67 \$47.762.67 \$47.762.67 \$89.70 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1.184.00 \$2.023.23	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$0.000 \$0.00 \$0.000 \$0.000 \$0.000 \$0.000 \$0.000 \$0.000 \$0.000 \$0.000 \$0.0000 \$0.000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.00000 \$0.0000 \$0.000000 \$0.00000 \$0.000000 \$0.00000000	\$662.50           \$390.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$1,000.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$30,710           \$153.32           \$6,600.71           \$176.65           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.870.14	\$1,800.00
EEH	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH AVC SH AVC Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated plywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12' center 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex Paint (additional) Pea Gravel Vinj' Tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joist (2X:12's) Joist (2X:12's) Joist (2X:12's) Cellulose Insulation 12' OSB	ea ea ea ea Yd3 ft2 Ft2 Ft2 SF ft2 SF ft2 SF	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 99 3.077 11 198 1.495 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$10 \$10.07 \$13.50 \$24.00 \$0.06 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.57	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.17 \$1,060.00 \$0.59 \$0.54 \$49.00 \$3.00	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$155.05 \$4,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$43,762.67 \$44,762.67 \$45,762.67\$45,762.67 \$45,762.67\$45,762.67 \$45,762.67\$45,762.77\$45,762.77\$45,762.77\$45,775 \$45	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$1,285.92 \$50.00 \$1,285.92 \$50.00 \$1,285.92 \$50.00 \$1,285.92	\$662.50           \$300.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$307.10           \$153.32           \$6,600.71           \$16.65           \$0.00      >>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	\$1,800.00 ]] \$17,817.7 \$17,817.7
EEH	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR WALLS	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH A/C SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated plywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12 conter, 1/2 dywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex.Pain( (additional) Pea Gravel Vinyl Tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joist (2x12's) Joist (2x12's) Joist (2x12's) Cellulose insulation 1/2" OSB Wood (2X4's)	ea ea ea ea ea ea ea ea ea ea ea ea ea e	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$70.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$10.00 \$12.60 \$12.60 \$0.06 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$0.74 \$0.33 \$143.28	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.17 \$1,060.00 \$0.59 \$0.54 \$49.00	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$155.05 \$4,762.67 \$89.70 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1,184.00 \$1,184.00 \$2,023.22 \$2,285.60	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$492.32 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$3.00 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$1.29	\$662.50           \$300.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$333.323.55           \$0.00           \$393.323.55           \$0.00           \$393.323.55           \$0.00           \$393.323.55           \$0.00           \$397.10           \$153.32           \$6.600.765           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$0.80.00           \$	\$1,800.00
EEH	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR WALLS	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH A/C SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated pywood sheets, 2x8 stude on 12 center 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 celluiose insulation Latex Pain (additional) Pea Gravel VinyT tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joist (2X12's) Joist (2X12's) Celluiose Insulation 12' QSB Wood (2X4's) Vinyt Window (frame & glazing) Silis (12 Oak) 10' Door Silis	ea         ea           ea         ea           ea         ea           yd3         ft2           Ft2         ft2           SF         ft3           MSF         Fa           LF         LA           MSF         Fa           MSF         Fa	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$70.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$40.00 \$1.24 \$24.00 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.57 \$1.57 \$1.57 \$1.57 \$1.57 \$1.57 \$1.50 \$1.24 \$1.20 \$1.24 \$1.20 \$1.50	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.17 \$1,060.00 \$0.59 \$0.54 \$3.00 \$3.00 \$55.50 \$1,060.00	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$215.39 \$155.05 \$4,762.67 \$4,762.67 \$1,184.00 \$2.023.23 \$2,023.23 \$2,2855.60 \$2,023.23 \$2,2855.60 \$2,023.23 \$2,2855.60 \$2,023.23 \$2,2855.60 \$2,023.23 \$2,2855.60 \$2,023.23 \$2,2855.60 \$2,023.23 \$2,2855.60 \$2,020 \$11.854.00 \$2,023.23 \$2,2855.60 \$2,020 \$2,00	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$492.32 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$0.00 \$3.00 \$0.00 \$3.00 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$	\$662.50           \$300.58           \$300.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$333.323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$0.0	\$1,800.00
EEH	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR WALLS WINDOW/DOOR	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH A/C SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated plywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12' center 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex Paint (additional) Pea Gravel Vinj/ Tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joiet (2X12's) Joiet (2X12's) Joiet (2X12's) Joiet (2X12's) Cellulose Insulation 12' OSB Wood (2X4's) SB Viny/ Window (frame & glazing). SB Wood (2X4's) Cellulose Insulation 12' OSB Wood (2X4's) Cellulose Insulation 12' OSB (for overhangs)	ea ea ea ea Yd3 ft2 Ft2 Ft2 ton SF ft2 SF tr2 ton SF tr2 ton SF tr2 ton SF tr2 ton SF tr2 ton SF	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$13.50 \$13.50 \$24.00 \$13.50 \$24.00 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$5.42 \$1.57 \$1.20 \$116.50 \$116.50	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$0.54 \$3.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$3.00 \$3.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$70.00	\$670.00 \$3365.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$155.05 \$47.62.67 \$47.762.77 \$47.775.77 \$47.775.775.775.775\$47.775.775\$4	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$1,485.92 \$1,485.	\$662.50           \$390.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$1,000.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$30,300           \$4,238.30           \$2,559.21           \$8,870.14           \$4,274.93           \$30,305.55           \$30,005.55           \$30,005.55           \$40,274.93           \$40,625.49           \$41,255.49           \$30,055.55           \$30,055.55           \$40,275.49           \$40,255.49           \$30,055.55           \$300,055.55           \$300,055.55           \$300,055.55           \$300,055.55           \$300,055.55           \$300,055.55           \$300,055.55           \$300,055.55           \$300,055.55	\$1,800.00
	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR WALLS WINDOW/DOOR	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH A/C SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated pywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12' enter, 1/2" pressure treated pywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12' enter, 1/2" operational and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex Paint (additional) Pea Gravel Vinyf tille PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joist (2X12's) Joist (2X12's) Joist (2X12's) Cellulose Insulation 1/2" OSB Wood (2X4's) Vinyf Window (frame & glazing) Sills (12' Oox) 10" Door Sills Cellulose Insulation 1/2" OSB (for overhangs) Ecoc.Shake Singles 1"x12" Primetrim Textured wood	ea         ea           ea         ea           ea         ea           yd3         ft2           Ft2         ft2           yd2         SF           ft2         SF           ft2         SF           ft2         SF           ft2         SF           ft2         SF           ft2         SF           SF         SF	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$70.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$41.00 \$24.00 \$24.00 \$24.00 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$0.33 \$115.50 \$116.50 \$116.50 \$116.50 \$117.50 \$0.74	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$3.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$3.00 \$3.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$3.00 \$0.59 \$3.00 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.55 \$0.00 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.50 \$0.50 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.59 \$0.50\$00 \$0.50 \$0 \$0.50 \$0	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$215.39 \$155.05 \$4,762.67 \$89.70 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$2.023.23 \$1.184.00 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$24.00 \$1.184.00 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.0	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$9.950.00 \$492.32 \$59.80 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$1.28	\$662.50           \$300.58           \$300.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.710           \$153.32           \$6,600.711           \$176.65           \$0.00           \$196.83      >\$196.83      >\$10.05.94	\$1,800.00 \$1,800.00 \$17,817.7 \$0.00 \$13,667.6 \$5,318.22
EEH	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR WALLS WINDOW/DOOR CEILINGS	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH A/C SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated plywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12' center 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex Paint (additional) Pea Gravel Vinj/ Tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joiet (2X12's) Joiet (2X12's) Joiet (2X12's) Joiet (2X12's) Cellulose Insulation 12' OSB Wood (2X4's) Cellulose Insulation 12' OSB Wood (2X4's) Cellulose Insulation 12' OSB Wood (2X4's) for overhangs	ea ea ea ea Yd3 ft2 Ft2 Ft2 ton SF ft2 SF tr2 ton SF tr2 ton SF tr2 ton SF tr2 ton SF tr2 ton SF	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$70.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$13.50 \$13.50 \$13.50 \$13.50 \$13.50 \$13.50 \$13.50 \$13.50 \$12.00 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.50 \$1.24 \$1.50 \$1.24 \$1.50 \$1.57 \$1.50 \$1	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.17 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$0.54 \$49.00 \$3.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$3.00\$3.00	\$670.00 \$3365.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$2.00 \$155.05 \$47.62.67 \$47.762.77 \$47.777 \$4	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$492.32 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1,285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$3,310.74 \$3,000 \$3,310.74 \$3,960.00 \$2,968.00 \$3,310.74 \$3,555.50 \$2,653.82 \$2,634.10 \$2,234.75 \$3,9.96	\$662.50           \$300.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$1,000.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$30,303.55           \$0.00           \$0.035.55           \$4.525.49           \$595.57           \$82.92	\$1,800.00 \$1,800.00 \$17,817.7 \$0.00 \$13,667.6 \$5,318.22
	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR WALLS WINDOW/DOOR	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH A/C SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated plywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12 conter, 1/2 dywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex.Pain( (additional) Pea Gravel Vinyl Tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joist (2x12/s) Joist (2x12/s) Joist (2x12/s) Cellulose insulation 12" OSB Wood (2X4's) Tv12" Primetim Textured wood Wood (2X4's) for overhangs) Eco-Shake Singles Tv12" Primetim Textured wood Wood (2X4's) for overhangs	ea         ea           ea         ea           ea         ea           rt2         Ft2           ft2         sF           ssF         ft           ssF         ssF           ssF         ssF </td <td>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</td> <td>\$70.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$41.00 \$24.00 \$24.00 \$24.00 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$0.33 \$115.50 \$116.50 \$116.50 \$116.50 \$117.50 \$0.74</td> <td>\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$3.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$3.00 \$3.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$3.00 \$0.59 \$3.00 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.55 \$0.00 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.50 \$0.50 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.59 \$0.50\$00 \$0.50 \$0 \$0.50 \$0</td> <td>\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$215.39 \$155.05 \$4,762.67 \$89.70 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$2.023.23 \$1.184.00 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$24.00 \$1.184.00 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.0</td> <td>\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$9.950.00 \$492.32 \$59.80 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$1.28</td> <td>\$662.50           \$300.58           \$300.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.710           \$153.32           \$6,600.711           \$176.65           \$0.00           \$196.83      &gt;\$196.83      &gt;\$10.05.94</td> <td>\$1,800.00 \$1,800.00 \$17,817.7 \$0.00 \$13,667.6 \$5,318.2</td>	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$70.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$41.00 \$24.00 \$24.00 \$24.00 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$0.33 \$115.50 \$116.50 \$116.50 \$116.50 \$117.50 \$0.74	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$0.59 \$3.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$3.00 \$3.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$3.00 \$0.59 \$3.00 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.55 \$0.00 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.50 \$0.50 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.59 \$0.50 \$0.59 \$0.50\$00 \$0.50 \$0 \$0.50 \$0	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$215.39 \$155.05 \$4,762.67 \$89.70 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$2.023.23 \$1.184.00 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$24.00 \$1.184.00 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.855.60 \$2.023.23 \$2.0	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$9.950.00 \$492.32 \$59.80 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$1.28	\$662.50           \$300.58           \$300.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.710           \$153.32           \$6,600.711           \$176.65           \$0.00           \$196.83      >\$196.83      >\$10.05.94	\$1,800.00 \$1,800.00 \$17,817.7 \$0.00 \$13,667.6 \$5,318.2
	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR WALLS WINDOW/DOOR CEILINGS	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH A/C SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated plywood sheets, 2x8 stude on 12 conter, 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 celluidose insulation Latex Pain (additional) Pea Gravel VinyT tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joist (2X12's) Joist (2X12's) Celluidose Insulation 12' QSB Wood (2X4's) Colluse Insulation 12' QSB Wood (2X4's) Celluidose Insulation 12' QSB Celluidose Insulation 12' QSB Wood (2X4's) To coverhangs Tx12' Primetrim Textured wood Wood (2X4's) for overhangs	ea         ea           ea         ea           ea         ea           ea         ea           rt2         ft2           ft2         ft2           ft1         ft2           ft1         ft2           ft2         ft2           ft2         ft2           ft1         ft2           ft1         ft2           ft2         ft1           ft1         ft2           ft1         ft1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$70.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$10 \$12.00 \$12.60 \$0.06 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$0.74 \$0.33 \$143.28 \$1.57 \$0.74 \$1.50 \$116.50 \$116.50 \$116.50 \$0.74 \$17.50 \$0.81 \$0.07 \$12.60 \$12.00 \$12.60 \$10.70 \$12.60 \$10.60 \$10.70 \$10.60 \$10	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.17 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$0.54 \$1.060.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$70.00 \$0.75 \$0.54 \$0.75	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$215.39 \$155.05 \$4,762.67 \$4,762.67 \$4,762.67 \$4,762.67 \$4,762.67 \$2,762.67 \$4	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$492.32 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$2.968.00 \$3.310.74 \$55.50 \$2.063.82 \$184.67 \$2.24.15 \$2.24.15 \$2.24.15 \$2.24.15 \$2.24.15 \$2.24.15 \$2.34.15\$2 \$2.34.15\$2.15\$2.15\$2.15\$2.15\$2.15\$2.15\$2.15\$2	\$662.50           \$300.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$303.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$397,10           \$153,32           \$6,600,71           \$176,65           \$0.00	\$1,800.00 \$1,800.00 \$17,817.7 \$0.00 \$13,667.6 \$5,318.2
	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR WALLS WINDOW/DOOR CEILINGS	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH A/C SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated pywood sheets, 2x8 stude on 12 center, 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex Pain (fadditional) Pea Gravel VinyT tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joist (2X12*s) Joist (2X12*s) Cellulose Insulation 1/2" QSB Wood (2X4*s) Vinyt Window (frame & glazing) Silis (12 Oak) 10" Door Silis Cellulose Insulation 1/2" QSB Wood (2X4*s) To Door Silis TX12" Primetrim Textured wood Wood (2X4*s) for overhangs Cas Draver Gas Pange Encry Ef. Refrigerator Lightbulbs (comp fires)	ea         ea           ea         ea           ea         ea           yd3         ft2           Ft2         ft2           yd2         SF           SF         ft2           SF         ft2           SF         ft2           SF         SF           LF         ea           ea         SF           SF         SF           ea         ea           ea         ea           ea         ea	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$70.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$40.00 \$40.00 \$1.24 \$5.400 \$5.24.00 \$1.25 \$1.55 \$24.00 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$0.74 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$0.33 \$143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$1155.50 \$1143.28 \$1143.28 \$1155.50 \$1143.28 \$1155.50 \$1155	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.17 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$0.54 \$1.060.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$70.00 \$0.75 \$0.54 \$0.75	\$670.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$215.39 \$155.05 \$4,762.67 \$4,762.67 \$4,762.67 \$4,762.67 \$4,762.67 \$4,762.67 \$4,762.67 \$1,184.00 \$0.00 \$1,184.00 \$2,023.23 \$2,2855.60 \$22,855.63 \$22,855.60 \$23,855.63 \$24,42 \$24,855.60	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1,285 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$3,310.74 \$980.00 \$3,310.74 \$980.00 \$3,310.74 \$980.00 \$3,310.74 \$980.00 \$3,310.74 \$980.00 \$3,310.74 \$980.00 \$3,310.74 \$55.50 \$2,634.10 \$2,634.10 \$2,634.75 \$39.96 \$234.75 \$39.96	\$662.50           \$300.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$303.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$30,323.55           \$56.00.71           \$176.65           \$0.00      >\$0.00           \$0.00	\$1,800.0 \$1,800.0 \$17,817.7 \$0.00 \$13,667.6 \$5,318.2 \$8,740.5
	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR WALLS WINDOW/DOOR CEILINGS	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH A/C SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated pywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12' center 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex Pain (additional) Pea Gravel Vinyf tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joist (2X12's) Joist (2X12's) Cellulose Insulation 12' QSB Wood (2X4's) Vinyf Window (frame & glazing) Silis (12 Oak) 10' QSB Wood (2X4's) Cellulose Insulation 12' QSB Wood (2X4's) Cellulose Insulation 12' QSB (for overhangs) EcocShake Singles 1'X12' Primetrim Textured wood Wood (2X4's) for overhangs Cas Dryer Cas Dry	ea         ea           ea         ea           ea         ea           ea         ea           ft2         ft2           ft2         sF           sF	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$70.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$13.50 \$24.00 \$0.05 \$12.40 \$1.57 \$1.57 \$1.157 \$1.157 \$1.157 \$1.157 \$1.157 \$1.157 \$1.157 \$1.155 \$1.157 \$1.155 \$1.157 \$1.155 \$1.157 \$1.155\$\$1.155\$\$1	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.17 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$0.54 \$1.060.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$70.00 \$0.75 \$0.54 \$0.75	\$670.00           \$395.00           \$395.00           \$470.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$10.50           \$4,762.67           \$89.70           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$2,023.23           \$2,865.60           \$2,031.62           \$668.53           \$253.53           \$24.42           \$435.00           \$560.00           \$760.00           \$865.00           \$1.499.00	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1.285 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$3.00 \$0.00 \$3.310.74 \$1980.00 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000\$\$3.000	\$662.50           \$300.58           \$300.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$0.00           \$393.23.55           \$5.00.00           \$393.710           \$156.80.711           \$176.65           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00      \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00      \$0.00           \$0.00	\$1,800.00 \$1,800.00 \$17,817.7 \$0.00 \$13,667.6 \$5,318.2 \$8,740.50
	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR WALLS WINDOW/DOOR CEILINGS	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH A/C SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated pywood sheets, 2x8 studs on 12' center 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex Pain (additional) Pea Gravel Vinyf tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joist (2X12's) Joist (2X12's) Cellulose Insulation 12' QSB Wood (2X4's) Vinyf Window (frame & glazing) Silis (12 Oak) 10' QSB Wood (2X4's) Cellulose Insulation 12' QSB Wood (2X4's) Cellulose Insulation 12' QSB (for overhangs) EcocShake Singles 1'X12' Primetrim Textured wood Wood (2X4's) for overhangs Cas Dryer Cas Dry	ea         ea           ea         ea           ea         ea           ea         ea           ft2         ft2           Ft2         ft2           sF         ft2           sF         ft2           ft2         sF           sF         sF           sF         sF           sF         sF           lup         sa           ea         sa	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$70.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$40.00 \$40.00 \$1.24 \$5.400 \$5.24.00 \$1.25 \$1.55 \$24.00 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$0.74 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$0.33 \$143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$1155.50 \$1143.28 \$1143.28 \$1155.50 \$1143.28 \$1155.50 \$1155	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.17 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$0.54 \$1.060.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$70.00 \$0.75 \$0.54 \$0.75	\$670.00           \$395.00           \$395.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$20.23.23           \$245.50           \$4.762.67           \$89.70           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$2.023.23           \$2.865.60           \$24.02           \$21.42           \$435.00           \$268.50           \$24.42           \$435.00           \$266.60           \$1.499.00           \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$492.32 \$0.00 \$1285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1285.92 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$2.968.00 \$2.968.00 \$3.310.74 \$55.50 \$55.50 \$55.50 \$55.50 \$55.50 \$55.00 \$50.00 \$50.00 \$50.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1285.92 \$1285.92 \$12968.00 \$1285.92 \$12968.00 \$1	\$662.50           \$300.58           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$303.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$30,323.55           \$56.00.71           \$176.65           \$0.00      >\$0.00           \$0.00	\$1,800.00 \$1,800.00 \$17,817.7 \$0.00 \$13,667.6 \$5,318.22 \$8,740.55
	SUM SH COSTS FOUNDATION FLOOR WALLS WINDOW/DOOR CEILINGS	Range (electric) Ciothes Washer Dish Washer Dish Washer SH A/C SH A/C Concrete Two 1/2" pressure treated pywood sheets, 2x8 stude on 12 center, 1/2 drywall with finishing and R-30 cellulose insulation Latex Pain (fadditional) Pea Gravel VinyT tile PE 6 mill Concrete Tiles Joist (2X12*s) Joist (2X12*s) Cellulose Insulation 1/2" QSB Wood (2X4*s) Vinyt Window (frame & glazing) Silis (12 Oak) 10" Door Silis Cellulose Insulation 1/2" QSB Wood (2X4*s) To Door Silis TX12" Primetrim Textured wood Wood (2X4*s) for overhangs Cas Draver Gas Pange Encry Ef. Refrigerator Lightbulbs (comp fires)	ea         ea           ea         ea           ea         ea           rt2         Ft2           rt2         Ft2           rt4         rt5           rt5         rt7           rt6         SF           SF         SF           rt7         rt7           rt8         SF           SF         SF           LF         SF           LF         SF           SF         SF           LF         SF           SF         SF           ea         ea	1           1	\$70.00 \$395.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$470.00 \$40.00 \$40.00 \$1.24 \$5.400 \$5.24.00 \$1.25 \$1.55 \$24.00 \$1.24 \$6.42 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$0.74 \$1.57 \$1.24 \$0.33 \$143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$12.00 \$1143.28 \$1155.50 \$1143.28 \$1143.28 \$1155.50 \$1143.28 \$1155.50 \$1155	\$0.16 \$6.48 \$0.04 \$0.58 \$5.78 \$0.17 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$0.54 \$1.060.00 \$55.50 \$1.060.00 \$0.59 \$70.00 \$0.75 \$0.54 \$0.75	\$670.00           \$395.00           \$470.00           \$470.00           \$470.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$20.53           \$155.05           \$4,762.67           \$89.70           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$0.00           \$2.023.25           \$2.865.60           \$24.42           \$435.00           \$253.53           \$24.42           \$435.00           \$30.00           \$0.00           \$253.65.00           \$1499.00           \$0.00           \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$1.285 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$1.285 \$59.80 \$0.00 \$3.00 \$0.00 \$3.310.74 \$1980.00 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000 \$3.000\$\$3.000	\$662.50           \$300.85           \$464.74           \$800.00           \$1,000.00           \$333.323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,323.55           \$0.00           \$39,710           \$153.32           \$6600.71           \$176.65           \$0.00.5           \$4.274.93	\$2,730.26 \$1,800.00 \$1,800.00 \$1,817.73 \$17,817.73 \$0,00 \$13,667.65 \$5,318.22 \$5,355,555 \$5,355,555\$\$5,555\$\$5,555\$\$5,555\$\$5,555\$\$5,555\$\$5,555\$\$5,555\$\$5,555\$\$5,555\$\$5,555\$\$\$5,555\$\$\$5,555\$\$\$5,555\$\$\$5,555\$\$\$5,555\$\$\$5,555\$\$\$\$5,555\$\$\$\$5,555\$\$\$\$\$5,555\$\$\$\$\$\$

SUM EEH COSTS

Assumptions: Cost of installing electrical system same Cost of installing all plumbing same No changes to quantities of plumbing or electrical systems Labor Rate includes all subcontactor overheads and profit

-4%	Materials
19%	Labor
-2%	Equipment
	Subcontractor Overhead/Profit Markup
3%	1998 escalation mark-up (see assumptions sheet0

\$58,324.51

# LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS OF SH AND EEH PRINCETON HOMES

SH PRINCETON	EEH PRINCETON
FINANCE COSTS240.000SALE VALUE (\$)15.0%DOWN PAYMENT (% OF SALE VALUE)36.000DOWN PAYMENT (\$)204.000FINANCED AMOUNT (\$)\$1,417.54MONTHLY PAYMENT	FINANCE COSTS\$262.801\$262.801\$262.801\$2000 PAYMENT (% OF SALE VALUE)\$33,420\$223,381FINANCED AMOUNT (\$)\$1,552MONTHLY PAYMENT
LIFE CYCLE COSTS 1.415.54 ANNUAL GAS CONSUMPTION (Therms) 10.130 ANNUAL ELECTRIC CONSUMPTION (KWh)	LIFE CYCLE COSTS 304.29 ANNUAL GAS CONSUMPTION (MJ) 4.253 ANNUAL ELECTRIC CONSUMPTION (kWh)
COMMON FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS	TOTAL LIFE CYCLE COSTS
FINANCE COSTS 30 FINANCE PERIOD (MORGAGE Yr) 7.5% MORGAGE INTEREST RATE (%) 12 PAYMENTS PER YEAR	\$791,533         SH PRINCETON           \$796,316         EEH PRINCETON
LIFE CYCLE COSTS	
50 HOME LIFE PERIOD (YRS)	PRESENT VALUE AT DISCOUNT RATE
\$0 SALVAGE VALUE (\$)	
	\$423,544 SH PRINCETON
1 NATURAL GAS COST (\$/118111) NATURAL GAS ESCALATION (SCENERIO NUMBER)	\$433,063 EEH PRINCETON
2 ELECTRICITY ESCALATION (SCENERIO NUMBER) 4.0% DISCOUNT RATE (%) for investment comparison	
]	
	1

INITIAL COSTS	TS		
SYSTEM	ΗS	EEH	EEH-SH
foundation	\$19,777.83	\$17,817.78	-\$1,960.06
floors	\$58.12	\$0.00	-\$58.12
walls	\$2,975.68	\$13,667.65	\$10,691.97
windows/doors	\$4,259.24	\$5,318.22	\$1,058.98
ceiling	\$7,722.42	\$8,740.58	\$1,018.15
HVAC	\$1,800.00	\$7,950.00	\$6,150.00
TOTALS	\$39,323.55	\$58,324.51	\$19,000.96

# ANNUAL FUTURE ESCALATION FACTORS FOR FOUR ENERGY COST SCENARIOS

		20			
		1998	1998 rates		
		nat gas.	elect		
Energy	Description	\$/therm	\$/kWh	Source	Scenerio #
Natural	Natural gas rates decline 1.1 %/yr. from 1998 to 2010, rises 0.03% /yr. to 2020. Does not change from 2021				
Gas	48	0.462		EIA DOE	1
	Electricity rates decline 1 %/yr. from 1998 up to 2010, declines an				
Electricity	additional 0.58%/yr. until 2020. Does not change from 2021-49		0.08	EIA DOE	2
Natural	Natural gas rates remain constant				
Gas and	and for 50 years Electricity rates				
Electricity	Electricity remain constant for 50 years	0.462	0.08	None	3
	both escalate 4.2 %/yr. from 1998-				
	2010. This gives an increase of 63%				
Natural	at year 2010. Annual escalation				
Gas and	and between 2011 and 2048 assumed to				
Electricity	be 1%.	0.462	0.08	Wefa Inc.	4
	1998 and increases 1% p.a. until			German	
	2048. Electricity costs 0.1272			Energy	
	\$/therm in 1998 and increase			Invoice	
Natural	1%p.a. until 2048. {= increase of			(Reppe	
Gas and	and 56.08% & 59% over US prices. Use			Family,	
Electricity	Electricity average of 57.54%}	0.7211	0.1272	1998)	5

	٢	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Ł	1.00		0.98	0.97		0.95	0.94	0.93	0.92		06.0	0.89	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88
2	1.00	0.99	0.98	0.97	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.93	0.92	0.91	0.90	0.90	0.89	0.88	0.88	0.87	0.87
e	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
4	1.00		1.09	1.13		1.23	1.28	1.33	1.39		1.51	1.57	1.64	1.65	1.67	1.69	1.70
5	0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
		9			i .												
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
1	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88
c	90.0	900	200	Ja C	100	100	78.0	78.0	Va C	100	Va C	190	780	Va C	70 0	78.0	70.01

YEAR

	0.84 0.84 0.84 0.84	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	1.85 1.86 1.88 1.90	0.00 0.00 0.00	42 43 44 45	0.88 0.88 0.88	0.84 0.84 0.84	1.00 1.00 1.00	2.19 2.21 2.23 2.25	0.00 0.00 0.00
0.00	0.84 0.84	1.00 1.00	1.79 1.81	0.00 0.00 0.00	39 40 41	0.88 0.88	0.84 0.84	1.00 1.00	0 2.12 2.14 2.16	0.00 0.00
00.0	0.86 0.86 0.85 0.85	1.00 1.00	1.74 1.76		5 36 37 38	0.88 0.88	0.84 0.84	1.00 1.00	24 2.06 2.08 2.10	0.00 0.00
-	2 0.8	3 1.0	4 1.7	5 0.0	36	1 0.8	2 0.8	3 1.0	4 2.04	5 0.0